INSURANCE
Nothing can take the place of one's own country. ONE'S OWN INSURANCE COMPANIES are the BEST.

Regd. No. B. 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHIROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

VOL. XXIV NO. 259 BOMBAY: SATURDAY, OCTOBER 31, 1936 PRICE: ONE ANNA

INSURANCE
SWADESHI in INSURANCE is easy. INDIAN INSURANCE COMPANIES are ready with their service.

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

Princes Plan Alliance With Vested Interests

Tory Party On British Model For India

DHOLPUR'S SCHEME FOR STABLE RAJ

Accession To Federation Still Hangs In Balance

BOMBAY, Friday.

The formation of a United Party, almost on the lines of the Conservative Party in Great Britain, consisting of the Rulers of Indian States and vested interests in British India, including landed aristocracy and aristocracy of wealth, in the interests of the whole India "to save the country from a political catastrophe" was visualised by the Maharana of Dholpur, the Chancellor of the Chamber of Princes, in the course of his inaugural address to the Joint Conference of Princes and Ministers held at the Town Hall to-day.

FIRST FEDERAL GOVT.

The proposed All-India Conservative Party will possibly form the first Federal Government under the new Government of India Act and, as suggested by some other Ruler, many of the British Indian politicians "would have to go to the Indian Princes for their help and support in the Federal Legislatures."

Conflict Of Views

Though some of the Princes spoke very highly of their position as they visualised under the Federal Government, there were others who looked upon the Federal Scheme with suspicion. Almost all the speakers at the Conference were very guarded in their speeches in so far as the question of the States agreeing to join the Federation was concerned.

Inclined To Keep Out

The Maharaja of Dewas (Junior) led the attack on the Federal Scheme and said "From what I have so far been able to grasp of the question of Federation I am more inclined to keep out of it..... We are averse to change, unless we are quite satisfied that the new order is of distinct advantage over the old form".

The Maharaja of Panna said that with all the handicaps the Princes were masters in their houses, while under Federation they would not be.

No Decision Now

The Conference has been convened to take final decision on the question of Indian Princes joining the Federation. The Princes would, it is understood, not be in a position to take definite decision till about February or March next year.

That the definite decision on the question of the Indian States entering the All-India Federation can be taken at present was the concensus of opinion that prevailed at the Joint Conference.

It is understood that it was decided that the Princes should ask the Government of India to give them time before they could give any definite reply. The time asked for, is a fortnight after the Session of the Princes' Chamber to meet some time in February.

In the meanwhile, it was suggested, and generally agreed to, that all the Princes should hear the representatives of the Viceroy, who would be touring the Indian States in connection with the States joining the Federation.

The replies of the Rulers of these States to the Viceroy's representatives should be non-committal. The reply of all the Princes on the question should be unanimous and given at one time, namely, a fortnight after the Session of the Princes' Chamber, which will meet after the Viceroy's representatives have visited the Rulers of the States.

Little Enthusiasm

From the trend of speeches delivered at the Conference by the Maharana of Dholpur, the Maharaja of Patiala, the Maharaja of Bikaner, the Maharaja of Dewas and the Nawab of Bhopal it would appear that there was very little enthusiasm exhibited for joining the Federation.

The Princes wanted to get for themselves as many rights as they could safely extract before they would consent to federate.

Meanwhile, they want to have as much time as possible before they could give a final reply.

The Conference adjourned for the day at 5 p.m. after deciding to appoint three Expert Sub-Committeez of the Chamber to take Legal, Financial opinions from experts and get the question of Paramountcy clearly explained

Later the Princes alone held a Conference among themselves to consider the suggestions about the appointment of Expert Committees. The Joint Conference will meet on Saturday.

The Joint Conference of Princes and Ministers of several Indian States convened under the auspices of the Chamber of Princes commenced its deliberations at 11-30 a.m. to-day at the Town Hall with the Maharana of Dholpur, the Chancellor, in the chair.

About thirty Ruling Princes and about 150 Ministers attended the Conference where special loud speaker arrangements had been made.

The Conference had been convened to take final decisions on the question of Indian States Federating to the All-India Federation and making necessary changes in the draft Instrument of Accession, with the necessary reservations and limitations.

Among the Princes present were the Maharaja of Patiala; the Nawab of Bhopal; the Maharaja of Bikaner; the Maharaja of Dewas; the Jam Saheb of Nawanagar; the Maharaja of Bhavnagar; the Raja of Sangli, the Maharaja of Dongerpur; the Rulers of Panna, Mandi, Jhalwar, Wankaner and several others.

Prominent Ministers were Sir Manubhai Mehta; Sir Prabhashanker Pattani; Sir Liyaquat Khan; Sardar Panniker; Sir Shanmukam Chetty; Khan Bahadur Nabhibux; Sir M. Bapna and others.

Truncated Speech

The Conference was held behind closed doors.

The Maharana opened the Conference with an inaugural address which was partly read, as several portions of the speech had been cut down in view of the de-

(Continued on page 8—Col. 3).

Left to right: Jam Saheb of Nawanagar, H. H. the Maharaja of Bikaner and Rana of Dholpur, (Chancellor of Princes' Chamber).

Nanking Lodges Protest

Charge-Sheet Against Japanese Intrusion In China

NANKING, Oct. 30.

Three protests have been handed by Chinese Foreign Office to Japanese Embassy, firstly against Japanese army manoeuvres in Peiping and Tientsin areas, secondly against the incident at Taignan where a house is alleged to be occupied by armed Japanese and thirdly against "wild speculations in Japanese Press concerning the assassination of Yungtai Governor of Hupeh on Sunday."—Reuter.

QUALIFICATIONS IN BRITISH ARMY

New System Lowers Standard Of Recruitment

LONDON, Oct. 30.

Slight dental defects and flat feet will no longer disqualify recruits to British Army which introduces new system on December 1 lowering the standard of recruitment. Instead of accepting only men graded "A" there will be four categories "A", "B", "C" and "D". Men in the lower categories will be employed to the rear services to release others for the front line.

Measures are also being considered to popularise service and stimulate recruiting.—Reuter.

British Battalions Vigilant

JERUSALEM, Oct. 30.

Two British battalions in Palestine and two in Cairo, it is understood, are standing by in view of developments in Baghdad.—Reuter.

PARLIAMENT PROROGUED TO NOV. 3.

LONDON, October 30.

The King's speech was read by Lord Onslow, acting Lord Chancellor in the House of Lords and by the Speaker in the Commons proroguing Parliament until November 3 when the King will open Parliament in State.—Reuter.

STOP PRESS

IN THE BLACK LIST

Madras Govt.'s Secret Circular

MADRAS, Oct. 30.

The "Hindu" understands that a confidential circular has been issued by the Local Government to their officials directing them not to have anything to do with the association in Madras known as "International Fellowship." This action on the part of Government is considered to be sequel to the Congress President's talk to the members of the fellowship during his recent visit.—A.P.

From right to left:—Sir Umar Hyat Khan, Sir Manubhai Mehta and H. H. the Maharaja of Patiala (left).

Bloodless 'Coup d'Etat' In Baghdad

Far-Reaching Consequences In Near East Expected

LONDON, October 30.

A successful "coup d'etat" was accomplished yesterday in Baghdad according to information from official quarters in London.

Forced by threat of military rising, the Prime Minister resigned and the King appointed Hikmat Salaiman as the Premier.

The "coup d'etat" was accomplished without bloodshed. All is quiet in Baghdad.—Reuter.

ULTIMATUM FROM AEROPLANES

LONDON, Oct. 30.

The swift bloodless "coup d'etat" in Baghdad was organised by the Kurdish leader, Beg Sidky. According to private advices aeroplanes flew over the Capital and dropped an ultimatum demanding the Government's resignation.

Two hours later aeroplanes returned and bombed Government Offices. The Premier, General Yasin, immediately resigned. The new Cabinet was immediately formed under Hikmat Salaiman.—Reuter.

FAR-REACHING CONSEQUENCES

LONDON, Oct. 30.

Far-reaching consequences in the Middle-East are likely to be the outcome of the military "coup d'etat" in Baghdad. According to observers abroad Gen. Yasin's Government which included Gen. Jafar Pasha, Iraq's "strong man," had pursued the policy of good relations with neighbours including Palestine, Saudi Arabia, Transjordan and Afghanistan.

Hikmat Salaiman in the past opposed Anglo-Iraq alliance. He belonged to the Cabinet of 1933 which was dissolved following trouble in Middle-Euphrates, when a revolt was stirred up among Kurdish tribes.—Reuter.

FROM PALESTINE TO BAGDAD

CAIRO, Oct. 30.

Apparently racial issue is behind the Baghdad "coup de etat." The latest reports state that the trouble is apparently a repercussion of the happenings in Palestine which have resulted in anti-Jewish feeling. Isolated attacks against Jews are reported to have occurred with some fatal results.

SEQUEL TO FRANCE LEAVING SYRIA

Smuggling Of Arms Into Iraq To Revolt Against Baghdad?

PARIS, October 30.

Newspapers report smuggling of arms from Syria across the Iraq frontier by Assyrians and Syrian nomads with the aim to revolt against Baghdad and Damascus. The arms belonged to the French garrisons, evacuating under terms of recent Franco-Syrian treaty.

The smugglers assert that now that France is leaving Syria, Christians now in a minority must arm.—Reuter.

Swadeshi Can Come Only Through Swaraj

INDIAN TARIFF POLICY ATTACKED

Protection Is Another Name For Deception, Says Jawahar

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

ALLAHABAD, October 30.

Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru, Congress President, opened the Allahabad Swadeshi Exhibition this evening.

FOR BRITISH INDUSTRIES

Pt. Jawaharlal severely criticised the Government tariff policy which he said was designed to help and foster British industries in India.

OBSTACLE TO SWARAJ

The Congress President also castigated certain Bombay millowners who made a pact with Lancashire while Congress was engaged in the struggle for Swaraj and this created obstacles in the way of the Congress fight. These Swadeshi Exhibitions, declared Pt. Nehru did not help the fostering of basic industries in India and much of their time and energy was wasted.

Pt. Nehru said even protection accorded to industries in India worked to greater advantage of British interests than Indian. He quoted an example to show what looked like a Swadeshi concern was in fact dominated by foreign interests, although the labour was predominantly Indian. He said he could quote several examples of this kind and warned the audience against this deception. Pt. Nehru said unless Government's industrial policy was changed he did not think Swadeshi, in its real sense, could make any headway in India. Till then such Exhibitions could only serve to create an "atmosphere" in the country.

BASIC INDUSTRIES

Pt. Nehru emphasised what India needed was the growth of basic industry. As an example he gave the Tata Iron industry. Pt. Nehru said it was mainly due to the Great War, that Government helped the Tata industry.

NO CHANGE IN POLICY.

Several Commissions were appointed to show Government's industrial policy had changed but it had not. Industry had made some progress but it was mainly under British capital and control. Swadeshi organisations in India were helpless in resisting the implications of the Government's policy.

DISASTROUS EXCHANGE.

Pandit Nehru condemned Government's exchange policy. He said the present ratio had given a shock to trade and industry. The indebtedness of Kisans had increased. He condemned the policy of Imperial Preference and Ottawa Pact. He complained that some big millowners who made an agreement with the Congress had gone back over it. That was one of the reasons why mill-made cloth was tabooed from Congress. Swadeshi exhibitions.

The Bombay merchants who made the Pact with British manufacturers acted against self-respect and interests of the country. What then did the country gain from these big millowners? Pt. Nehru said it was not without great hesitation that he had agreed to open this Allahabad exhibition, where mill-made goods were allowed to be displayed and therefore, Khadi was not exhibited.

Concluding, Pt Nehru said he anticipated a Great War in Europe, whose effect on India's trade was bound to be considerable. Swaraj would not come through Swadeshi, but Swadeshi would come through Swaraj.

"RED SHIRTS" IN D. L. B. ELECTION

Capture Nine Out Of 13 Peshawar Seats

PESHAWAR, October 30.

For the first time "Red Shirts" participated to-day in elections to the Peshawar District Board. The results of certain constituencies were announced late in the evening and of the 13 candidates hitherto declared elected nine are "Red Shirts."—A.P.

AHMEDABAD WAGE-CUT

Mill-owners' Association President Sees Mahatma

AHMEDABAD, Oct. 30.

Soon after the arrival of Mahatma Gandhi, Mr. Kasturbhai Lalbhai, President of the Mill-owners' Association, saw him and discussed with him the wage-cut dispute.

The Mahatma will address a meeting of Mill-workers tomorrow morning.—A.P.

MAHATMA OPENS GIRLS SCHOOL BUILDING

AHMEDABAD, Oct. 30.

"My heart is in Segon. I am not interested in such things although I used to take interest in them before my life turned in a different direction" declared Mahatma Gandhi opening the Building for Municipal Girls' School this evening in the presence of a large assembly of citizens. He added that womens' education should aid development of womanhood whereby women might lead pure life.—A.P.

DOCKMEN GO ON STRIKE

Ships In New York affected By San Francisco Decision

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 30.

The strike of dockworkers was ordered early to-day.

Simultaneously sympathetic strike has been ordered by the Seamens Defence Committee on all American ships in New York harbour.—Reuter.

Sheffield Shield Match

(SPECIAL CABLE)

BRISBANE, Oct. 30.

In the Sheffield Shield cricket match Queensland made 132 runs (Brown, formerly New South Wales Probable Test opener, 8. O' Reilly four for 47.)

New South Wales had made 103 runs for three at close (Test player, Chipperfield two.)

The Governor of the United Provinces will address the Legislative Council on November 7.

TABULATED ADLETS
ONE Anna Per Word
Minimum Re. 1.

SMALL ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these columns on cash payment and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Abbreviations and numbers (up to 10 figures) are to be counted as complete words.

ADVERTISEMENTS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words "Box No..... The "Bombay Chronicle"—must be paid for. The Management reserves to themselves the right of refusing any advertisement without giving ANY reason for doing so.

BLOCK-LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Advertisements will ensure correct insertions; otherwise no responsibility for any mistake will be accepted by the Management. Unclaimed replies to the Advertisements are destroyed after about a month.

REPLIES TO THE ADVERTISEMENTS should be addressed carefully as under:—"Box No..... The Advertisement Department, The "Bombay Chronicle," Red Building, Parsi Bazaar Street, BOMBAY. To avoid mistakes the Box Number should be written distinctly.

8. MATRIMONIAL.

Wanted a Brahmin bride, well educated and good looking, for a widower of high standing with ample means. Apply with photos, giving particulars. Correspondence strictly confidential. Apply Box No 7118, "Bombay Chronicle".

9. SITUATIONS VACANT.

Wanted Gujerati knowing Clerks in Attorneys Office. Apply Box No. 7189, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted:—Experienced Poster Artists. Apply personally to:—Shree Vishnu Cinetone Co., Vile-Parle. (7182).

Wanted.—Typist-Clerk for permanent vacancy on Rs. 35—5—80. One willing to join at once and pay cash security Rs. 150. Apply G. M. Dalal and Co., 14 Hamam Street, Rajabahadur Mansions, Fort, Bombay. (7205).

Wanted Immediately Cashier for Commercial Firm. Salary Rs. 75 per month. Cash security Rs. 500 essential. Apply Box No. 7188, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted an experienced Manager for our Poona branch. Pay Rs. 100-10-250, Cash deposit Rs. 3,000. Post permanent. Apply V. Kesava Rao, B.A., General Assistant, the Provincial Bank of India Ltd., 17, Main Street, Poona. (4205).

Wanted a first class Mechanics expert in all sorts of work pertaining to a Brass Metal Works, situated in up-country. Apply Box 7192, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted a Professor of Sanskrit for the M.T.B. College, Surat, to join duty from the middle of November, 1936. The appointment will be temporary up to the end of March, 1937. Applications with testimonials stating qualifications, age, experience and minimum salary should reach the Principal before the 7th November. (4203).

Wanted graduates strong in English, capable of handling matric class to fill two vacancies in the Modasa High School from 23-11-36. English (Hons.) or B.T. or S.T.C. preferred. Apply with testimonials, pay, age, etc., to the Chairman, Managing Committee, Modasa Education Society, Modasa (Dist. Ahmedabad.) (7196).

Wanted Matrics, Non-Matrics, Typists, Lawyers, Graduates, Overseers, Surveyors, Doctors, Teachers and Engineers to consult Hastings and Co., Fatehpuri, Delhi. (7193).

Wanted for the Sylvan Star Insurance Trust Ltd., Delhi, (Directorate includes Maharaja Bahadur Sir Prodyot Coomar Tagore, K.C.I.E., Sir Prabha Shanker Pattani, K.C.I.E., Nawab Sir Mohammad Yamin Khan, Kt., M.L.A., Shah Goverdhan Lal Kabra and M. L. Khaitan, Esqr.,) Chief Agents and District Organisers for Bombay Presidency. Test business essential. Really permanent career for pushing and capable men. Apply giving particulars to the Managing Director, Dr. C. L. Mohindra, M.A., Ph.D., P. O. Box No. 156, Delhi. (4227).

9. SITUATIONS VACANT.

Wanted a graduate teacher to coach up students second language Sanskrit. Apply Narandas Lakhmidas, Fateh Baug, Borivli. (7201).

Wanted a lady stenographer also four travelling canvassers. Apply sharp with copies of testimonials to Vij Brothers, 162, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay. (7199).

Wanted Clerk for Cloth shop at Charni Road. Applicants must know Gujrathi and Marathi. Salary Rs. 50. Apply personally Kolsah Products Co., 17 Elphinstone Circle, Fort, Bombay. (7904).

12. TO BE LET.

To let new premises at 510 Arthur Road, Near Tardeo Tram Terminus, best ventilater airy single, double rooms shops with latest conveniences for high class Hindus only. Apply on premises. (7104).

To Let: Well Ventilated and lighted Blocks and half blocks with all conveniences. Rents moderate. Chitnis Building, Wadia Street, Tardeo. Apply fourth floor. (7124).

14. HOUSES & FLATS TO LET.

To Be Let. Flats in "Bombay View" at Colaba Kitredge Road. Apply Premjee Nagurdas, 84, Bazaar Gate Street, Fort. (7200).

27. HOTELS

Dave Hindu Hotel, Mahableshwar. Recently reputed at Matheran, started on this higher level hill Same expert management. Excellent situation. Inquire Dave Sweet Mart, Grant Road Dadar. 'Phone: 42919. (7206).

44. MEDICAL.

For latest remedies and radical cures Dr. R. R Thakar, a well-known homoeopath is available for consultation daily 1 to 4 p.m. Hatia Building, Hornby Road, Fort. Fees Rs. 10. Telephone 28438. (7202).

56. EDUCATIONAL.

Hargovandas Lakhmichand College of Commerce, Ahmedabad. Students will also be admitted on the 17th November, 1936, to the Junior B.Com. class (University of Bombay). Graduates in Arts of every statutory Indian University with Economics, I.Coms. of Punjab and Delhi Universities and I.Coms. of U.P. Board if passed with 40 per cent. marks in each subject are eligible for admission. S. R. Rallan, Principal. (4182).

69. LOANS & MORTGAGES.

Loans for Gazetted Officers arranged on easy terms. Communicate with Messrs. J. F. Chawan and Co., 162, Bhawani Pet, Poona City. 6403.

70. ESTATES & PROPERTIES.

Offers are invited for the following before 4th November 1936. (1) Lease of the Rubber Shoes Factory complete in working order. (2) Purchase of the Factory. For terms, conditions and further particulars see or apply to Chairman, The India Shoes & Rubber Works, Ltd., Sukkur. (7178).

73. AGENTS WANTED.

Wanted Special and Ordinary Agents from all parts of the Presidency for the most progressive Life Office in India. Terms exceedingly attractive. Apply to J. C. Maitra, Special Representative, The Metropolitan Insurance Co., Ltd., Tamarind House, Tamarind Lane, Fort, Bombay.

74. AGENCIES WANTED.

Wanted agencies to a well-known influenced firm for soaps and other goods which can be sold in grain, grocery and other shops in Bombay and suburbs. Please write in details. Apply Box No. 7203, "Bombay Chronicle".

123. FURNITURE.

Gujarat Furniture Works, for "Quality Furniture" in Modern Style. New showroom, near Prarthana Samaj, New Charni Road, Girgaon. Phone 25498. Factory 30172. (7183).

146. AMUSEMENTS.

Special Diwali Offer, Smashing offer in American 1936 Fordson all wave radios original price Rs. 220 reduced price Rs. 110 with Eureka's Guarantee, Eureka Radio Service, Opp: Roxy Talkies, New Queen's Road, Bombay. (7197).

154. MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE.

Sexus Paste for Contraception. Gelotube for venereal prevention. Both best and cheapest. Right Agency, Girgaum, Bombay. (6836).

156. MISCELLANEOUS.

Tea with excellent flavour and of best quality available at cheapest price. Trial solicited. You are sure to be satisfied. Apply Jamsetji D. Warden, Glass Bungalow, Chikkalwadi.

Public Notices.

GOVERNMENT Announcements Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

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WE TEST SIGHT by the latest and best methods, known to Optical Science.

Our consultants are English Qualified Opticians. Fellows of the British Optical Association and Institute of Ophthalmic Opticians.

LAWRENCE & MAYO, LTD.
(Incorporated in England)
274, Hornby Road, Bombay.
For Appointment 'Phone 21827.

Public Notices.

NOTICE

THE PUBLIC IS HEREBY INFORMED that Kobe Bombay Bills of Lading Nos. 319, 321, 322, 324, 334 and 336 covering 69 packages Woollen, Cotton and Cotton and Rayon Mixed, Piece Goods, ex s.s. "Taijin Maru" which arrived in Bombay on 9th October, 1936, have been lost. We hereby notify that the said Bills of Lading are null and void.

N. MATSURA,
Manager,
Osaka Shosen Kaisha.
Bombay,
Dated, 29th October, 1936.

4234

NOTICE

IT IS DESIRED to obtain a design for a Fire Station for Simla by competition. Architects willing to compete are invited to write to the Secretary, Simla Municipal Committee for particulars not later than 27th December 1936

By Order,
(Sd.) A. BEATSON BELL, Maj.,
Secretary,
Municipal Committee, Simla.
M. R. 27-10-'36.

4236

NOTICE.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for a temporary post as Lecturer at the Engineering College, Benares Hindu University. The appointment will TERMINATE ON MARCH 31ST, 1937. Applicants must have had good practical experience in Mechanical Engineering, and must have taught most of the following subjects in an Institution of University rank:—

(1) Applied Mechanics,
(2) Strength and Elasticity of Materials,
(3) Structural Design and Advanced Theory of Structures,
(4) Heat Engines,
(5) Hydraulics.

He should be a member of a well known Institution of Engineers and a graduate in Engineering of a University.

Salary Rs. 500/- (rupees five hundred) per month.

Apply, stating the earliest date upon which the candidate can take up the duties, to:—

"THE PRO-VICE-CHANCELLOR,
Benares Hindu University."

on or before 21st November, 1936.

4210.

Legal Notices

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

SUIT NO. 588 of 1934

KILACHAND DEVCHAND AND CO. LTD. ..... Plaintiffs.
vs.
BHAGCHAND JERAMDAS and others ..... Defendants.

PURSUANT TO DECREE Absolute for Sale, dated 30th July, 1935, the following immoveable properties in 3 lots will be sold by Public Auction by the Commissioner of this Honourable Court at his Office in the Court House on FRIDAY, 27th November, 1936, at 3 p.m. (S.T.)

LOT NO. I.—ALL that piece of agricultural land, situate at Pursodi, Pragne Talegao Dashasar, Taluka Chandur, District Umraoti, in the Registration Sub-District of Dhamangaum, bearing Survey Nos. 2, 3, 7, and admeasuring in aggregate about 65 Acres and 21 Gunthas.

LOT NO. II.—ALL that piece of agricultural land, situate at Hirapur, Pragne Mangloor Dastagir, Taluka Chandur, District Umraoti in the Registration Sub-District of Dhamangaum, bearing Survey No. 11 and admeasuring about 13 Acres and 32 Gunthas.

LOT NO. III.—ALL that piece of agricultural land, situate at Hirapur, Pragne Mangloor, Dastagir, Taluka Chandur, District Umraoti bearing Survey No. 20 and admeasuring about 13 Acres and 2 Gunthas.

For further particulars and conditions of Sale, application be made at the Office of the said Commissioner or at the Office of Messrs. DAPHTARY FERREIRA AND DIVAN, Attorneys for the Plaintiffs abovenamed at No. 13-19, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.

Dated this 9th day of October, 1936.

(Sd). G. R. KHAIRAZ.
Offg. Commissioner.

4217.

Public Notices.

G.I.P. RLY.

RATE CIRCULAR.

A New Rate Circular, viz., Supplement to Foreign Rate Circular No. 5 of 1936 is being issued today. Particulars may be obtained from the CHIEF TRAFFIC MANAGER, Bombay or Stations.

4230

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.

CITY ENGINEER'S DEPARTMENT (Works Branch).

NOTICE.

TENDERS for the work of constructing a 30" Circular Sewer (1) in CEMENT CONCRETE, or (2) a 30" HUME PIPE SEWER with accessaries along Bellasis Road between Ripon Road and Lamington Road, will be received upto 1 p.m. (Bombay Time) on MONDAY, the 9th November, 1936.

Tenders should be addressed to the Municipal Commissioner and delivered at the office of the Chief Accountant, Municipal Offices, Fort, Bombay, enclosed in a sealed envelope bearing the description of the tender.

Tenderers may quote either for cement concrete or Hume Pipe or for both.

Forms of tender, specification, etc. will be issued on payment of Rupees 5 to any one deputed to receive them by the Dy. City Engineer, who will on application give any further information that may be required.

In case of a firm, the names of all the partners must invariably be specified in the tender.

The Municipal Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.

(Sd.) N. V. MODAK,
City Engineer.
Municipal Offices,
Bombay, 28th October, 1936.

4235.

Legal Notices

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Bai KHORSHEDBAI NOWROJI NANJI has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our clients. Any person having any claim or interest in or to the said property by way of sale, mortgage, trust, lien, possession, gift, inheritance, lease or otherwise is hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at 121, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without any regard to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

ALL that piece or parcel of pension and tax land or ground with one shed standing thereon, situate lying and being off the Gokhale Road, South Dadar, otherwise known as Mahim Agar or Kumbharwada, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay in the Island of Bombay, containing by admeasurement about 11500 or 12609 square yards or more or less and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Collector's Old Nos. 639 and 198, New No. 3837 and 4537, Old Survey No. 484, New Survey No. 1842 and Cadastral Survey No. 1265 of Lower Parel Division and in the books of the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under G Ward No. 3363, 3364, 3362, 3365 (1AA), 3365 (1AAA), Street Nos. 8, 10, 826, 829 AAA and 829 AAAA and bounded as follows, that is to say, on or towards the East by the property of Sadanand Trimbak Kale and others, on or towards the West by the property of Balaji Manker Bhandari, on or towards the North by public passage and on or towards the South by public passage.

Dated this 28th day of Oct., 1936.

CAPTAIN & VAIDYA,
Attorneys-at-Law.

4226.

Auction Sales

BANKER & CO.

AUCTION SALE TO-DAY (SATURDAY) at 3 P.M. (S.T.) at the premises of Old Cornaglia, 39, Medows Street, Fort, of complete Bungalow Furniture, Figurewood Zunda Cabinet, Roll top table, Chesterfield sets, H.M.V. Gramophone, Singer Machine, Remington Noiseless Typewriter, Chubb & Godrej Safes, Godrej Steel Cabinet, Drawing-room cabinet, D.C. Ceiling fans, etc.

Auction Sales

BENNETT & CO.

GRAND BONA-FIDE SALE OF FURNITURE.

Under instructions from the Court Receiver, Bombay, as the Receiver appointed in Suit No. 1629 of 1936 (Bibibai and others vs. Mahomed Yusuf and others), Messrs. BENNETT & CO. will on WEDNESDAY, the 4th and MONDAY, the 9th November each day at 2-30 P.M. (S.T.), sell by Public Auction at Jamnadas Building, Mutton Street, Chor Bazar, brand-new household furniture lying in the shop of late Mr. Habib Jumma, consisting of plain and mirror door cupboards, book-cases, chests of drawers, teapoys, Bentwood chairs, rocking chairs, piano, stools, writing tables, folding chairs, meat safes, roll-top writing tables, bedsteads, chairs, etc.

Also on WEDNESDAY, the 11th November at 2-30 P.M. (S.T.) at Nagdevi Street corner, near the temple the furniture shop with its goodwill, consisting of plain and mirror-door cupboards, chests of drawers, teapoys, Bentwood chairs, and miscellaneous articles in different lots

Also on MONDAY and TUESDAY, the 23rd and 24th November, and Tuesday and Wednesday the 1st and 2nd December each day at 2-30 P.M. (S.T.) at Nakhoda Moholla, furniture, workshop unpolished furniture consisting of a very big lot of cupboards, chairs, writing tables, soil linen baskets, small size partitions suitable for Irani Restaurants, easy-chairs, book-cases, three pieces writing tables, teapoys, drawing-room suites, bentwood chairs and easy-chairs, piano-stools, etc. in big lots to suit the requirements of the furniture-dealers.

Furniture is on view

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale and the balance to be paid and articles to be removed next day between 10 and 1 P.M.

BENNETT & CO.

VORA & CO.

AUCTION SALE of furniture of G. Goodwin, Esquire, and others TO-MORROW (SUNDAY) at 10-30 A.M. (S.T.) at Hughes Road, Opp. Hyland Co. of complete Flat furniture, Gramophone, Singer Machine & Corona portable typewriters, Milner & Paris Safes, Marble pillar and Figures, Sofa cabinet, Roll top table, Wardrobes, Chesterfield sets, Glassware etc.

PATRONS
TO NOTE
Daily 2 shows: 5-15 and 8 p.m.
Matinee at 2-30 p.m. on Sat., Sun. and Holidays.

Thanks to the untiring efforts of those peace-makers that the
RIOTS ARE NOW OVER
Our Patrons can now confidently come up to enjoy
AMAR JYOTI
Prabhat's Great Picture
the greatness of which was never the point of dispute with Hindus or Muslims.
18th GLAMOROUS WEEK AT KRISHNA

EXCELLENT TAMIL TALKIE
Coimbatore Manorama Films
SATI-LEELAVATHI
A super sensational, social and Detective Tamil Talkie
Featuring:—
M. K. RADHA, M. R. GNANAMBAL, M. S. MURUGESAN, T. S. BALAYYA
and a brilliant cast at
PLAZA
SUNDAY, 1st November Morning at 10 a.m.
Management requests their patrons not to miss this talkie

WELLINGTON
CINEMA—DHOBI TALAO
A delightful and entertaining Story of ...
INDIA'S GLORIOUS PAST AND DEVOTION TO RELIGION
BHAKTA CHETA
Before God, there is no distinction of caste or creed, high-born or low-born, Brahmin or Untouchable!
Prabhat's Popular and Famous Star
RATNAPRABHA
Sings with her Golden Melodious Voice—
Shri Bhagwan giving "Darshan" to his devotee!
SATURDAY & SUNDAY
FOUR SHOWS AT
2-30, 5-15, 7-30 and 9-45
After the last Show is over, you will reach home well before the Curfew Order time!

ROXY
New Queen's Rd.
Daily at 5-15 and 8 p. m.
To-day Matinee 2-45 p. m.
BOMBAY TALKIES'
Achhut Kanya
Starring:
DEVIKA RANI
ASHOK KUMAR
16th WEEK

DEDICATED TO
The sons and daughters of India who are striving to make her a Happier And Better Land. . .
BOMBAY TALKIES'
Latest Production
JANMA BHOOMI
(Successor of 'Achhut Kannya')
Starring
DEVIKA RANI
with
ASHOK KUMAR
A Fascinating and Powerful Drama Of Modern India
MELODIOUS SONGS DELIGHTFUL DANCES
To suit the requirements of the Curfew Order, Daily 3 shows at 2-30, 5-30 and 8-30 p.m.
GRAND OPENING
AT
OPERA HOUSE
(Permanent Home Of Bombay Talkies' Pictures)
ON
NOVEMBER 7.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 17 April, 2017

RECEPTION TO PRESIDENT

Calcutta Congressmen Make Elaborate Preparations

CALCUTTA, Oct. 30.

The Bengal Provincial Congress Committee is making elaborate arrangements for according a reception to Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru, Congress President, on the occasion of his first visit to this City since his last incarceration following a sedition charge for speeches delivered at Calcutta.

The Bengal Provincial Congress Committee has invited various other nationalist organisations in the City including the Provincial Trade Union Congress, Students' Associations and Socialists to attend the station and join with it in showing signal honour to the Congress President on his arrival.

Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru will be taken in a huge procession from the Howrah Station through the principal thoroughfares, terminating at Wellington Square where he will unfurl the National Flag.

A very crowded programme awaits the Congress President during his five days' stay in the city.—United Press.

CYCLONE HAVOC ON EAST COAST

MADRAS, Oct. 30.

The damage caused by a cyclone on the north-east Madras coast appears much greater than was indicated by yesterday's reports.

The cyclone, it appears now, raged from Ammanabrolu in the south to Asfaras and Samalkot in the East Godavari District in the north, a distance of 200 miles.

Authentic reports from the interior are not yet available, the only information being had through the M. and S. M. Railway.

Many places in the storm-affected areas were inundated by heavy rains which accompanied the cyclone. At some places the railway line is under water. It is feared that the standing crops have been considerably damaged by the rains and storm.

The Calcutta Mail reached Madras this evening after a delay of five hours as it had to run cautiously over nearly 200 miles on the route from Samalkot to Ongole.—United Press.

CHOLERA PERSISTS IN N. KANARA

Health Conditions In Bombay Presidency

The following is the official report of the Health Conditions in the Bombay Presidency for the week-ending October 24:—

Cholera:

The presidency cholera figures for the week were 809 attacks and 356 deaths against 913 attacks and 429 deaths in the previous week. Bijapur district reported 267 attacks and 97 deaths against 211-93 in the previous week. Satara 141-71 against 235-103; Dharwar 133-54 against 172-84; Belgaum 103-59 against 69-42; Ahmednagar 69-26 against 81-33; Sholapur 46-20 against 36-10; Poona 34-19 against 39-24; Nasik 10-7 against 54-28 and East Khandesh 6-2 against 22-7.

The majority of cholera cases in Bijapur district were reported from the talukas of Hangal, Sindgi, and Bagewadi. One Government special medical officer and the medical officer appointed by the district local board and dispensary medical officers are taking preventive measures in the district at present. In East Khandesh and Nasik districts the infection is fast declining and there is also improvement in Poona, Ahmednagar and Satara districts during the week. The conditions in Dharwar and Sholapur districts after a good improvement in the last few weeks, remain almost steady.

Plague:

Eleven cases and 11 deaths from plague were reported during the week against 36-15 in the previous week. Belgaum district had 5 attacks and 4 deaths against 7-3; Satara 3-3 against 9-3; Dharwar 2-2 against 11-2 and Satara 1-2 against 9-7.

Small-Pox

Small-pox figures for the week are:—Kolaba district 6 attacks and 2 deaths; Kanara 5-1; Thana 4-2; Satara 2-1; Ratnagiri 2-0; Nasik 1-0; Ahmednagar 1-0 and Bombay City 1-0. Total 22 attacks and 6 deaths against 28-9 in the previous week.

Cerebro-Spinal Fever

Seven attacks and 7 deaths from cerebro-spinal fever were recorded in the presidency during the week against 6 attacks and 7 deaths in the previous week. Ahmedabad town reported 2 attacks and 1 death; Bombay City 5-6.

CONGRESSWOMEN'S VICTORY IN MADRAS CIVIC ELECTIONS

Mrs. Sastri, wife of Mr. R. V. Sastri, ex-Editor of "Harijan".

Mrs. Ammu Swaminathan, a well-known social worker.

Mrs. Rukmani Lakshmipathi who defeated a Justicite leader.

Hundreds of citizen volunteers, enlisted and trained by the Spanish Government are seen here marching from Madrid to the outskirts to man the fortifications against General Franco's attack.

"A Star Falls From Heaven" at the Excelsior.

"A STAR FELL FROM HEAVEN"

At The Excelsior

The success of Joseph Schmidt's "My Song Goes Round the World" made inevitable a further exposition of the 'pocket tenor's" talents. Schmidt is no actor, of course, but he has a voice of extraordinary power for no small a frame, and here he uses it to popular point in the perennial, "I Hear You Calling Me", and two or three charming modern numbers. His vocal appeal, too, is emphasised by his physical characteristics, for these make their own unconscious bid for audience sympathy, and are punched home by a story in which he is a forlorn lover with ever the hand of Fate against him.

Yet the entertainment is by no means a purely vocal affair. On the contrary, it is particularly strong in comedy, thanks to a genial burlesque of film production traditions and excellent all-round characterisations, while delightful romance and an occasional hint of drama agreeably round off a picture rich in popular appeal. Nor is spectale negleced, for in the "film within a film" sequence, in which Schmidt doubles for a juvenile who has lost his voice, we have an ornate Hawaiian interlude in which song and dance combine to achieve both aural and ocular interest.

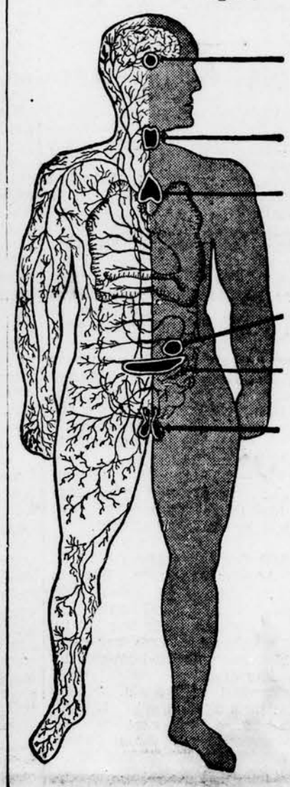
The star is seen as Josef, a singer in a beer-garden whom a pretty Anne essays to help. Calling at the offices of the Miracle Film Corporation, she mistakes the leading man for the producer when she asks for a job for Josef, and not unnaturally falls in love with him, to Josef's evident regret. Josef has his compensations, however, for after various vicissitudes he lands the job of doubling for the leading man when the latter loses his voice, and is eventually given a handsome contract.

We have stressed the picture's vocal bid, and we have only to add that George Graves is immense in a caricature of an uneducated film magnate and that Steve Geray is delightful in naive, ingenuous comedy as the leading man's dresser who is also in love with Anne. Other well-cast players include Billy Milton as the leading man who uses Josef's voice but makes generous amends, Florine McKenney as the pretty and vivacious Anne, and W. H. Berry as a publicity man with a keen eye on his rake-off.

Ill-Health Lost-Vitality Early Old-Age

Their Cause and Treatment

The most important advance in Medical Science made during recent years is the discovery of Inner Glands and their far-reaching influence on the entire human body. Each gland has different functions to perform, as indicated in the adjoining figure.



1. This Gland controls your Intelligence, Brain Power and Vitality.
2. This Gland controls Growth and Shape of the body.
3. This Gland controls the Heart and Circulation of Blood.
4. This Gland controls the action of the kidneys —regulates blood pressure.
5. This Gland controls Digestion of Food and Sugar and promotes appetite.
6. This important Gland controls Growth and Development of Sex-Vitality and Manly Vigour.

OKASA

The Scientific GLAND-TONIC

The cause of constant ill-health, lost-vitality, early old age is the inactivity of these glands and the weakness of the nerves. This may be due to old age itself or mal-nutrition, infectious diseases, tropical climate and specially due to excessive habits.

The easiest and the best form of treatment is provided by the well known Gland-Hormone preparation OKASA which gives nourishment to the glands and the nervous system making them absolutely normal again. By the use of OKASA the glands, the nerves, the brain, the heart and all other vital organs of the body are strengthened. Your whole system is completely rejuvenated. The results are beyond your expectations. You feel entirely a different man with increased vitality, excellent health and with more mental and physical activity.

WARNING!

Owing to the great success of OKASA many others are tempted to put on the market imitations of this unique product under various names. We beg to warn the public against the use of such cheap, unreliable preparations claiming quick, magical results in one day. Such medicines are mere stimulants and cause more harm than good to your system.

OKASA CO., BERLIN (India) LTD., 12, Rampart Row, Fort, BOMBAY.

The most exciting drama to come out of China since "Shanghai Express"

A bold man tells an excitingly beautiful woman he loves her, while both await death at the hands of a raiding Chinese war-lord . . . that's the climax to a breath-taking adventure amid ***war, intrigue*** and ***danger*** . . . in the Orient.

Adolph Zukor presents

GARY COOPER • MADELEINE CARROLL

in "The GENERAL DIED at DAWN"

A Paramount Picture with William Frawley Dudley Digges • Akim Tamiroff • Porter Hall J. M. Kerrigan. Screen play by Clifford Odets. Based on a story by Charles G. Booth. Directed by Lewis Milestone.

PATHE DAILY 3-30, 6-30 & 10 p.m. 'Ph. 41561 or
Sunday extra show 10 a.m. Rose's
Advance booking absolutely essential.

TRAINING COLLEGE AT WARDHA

Hindi Prachar Samiti's Plan

ALLAHABAD, (By Mail).

The All-India Hindi Prachar Samiti met at Allahabad in the Literary Museum Hall of the Sammelan on Wednesday, October 28 under the presidency of Seth Jamnalal Bajaj, the Vice-President of the Samiti.

Among the members who attended the meeting were Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Sjt. Kaka Kalelkar and Babu Purshottamdas Tandon.

After transacting the usual routine business(the Samiti appointed two sub-committees on the proposal of Sjt. Satyanarayan, the Secretary. One sub-committee is meant for formulating a scheme for preparing text-books in Hindi to be taught in the provinces of Bengal, Orissa, Maharashtra and Gujarat and also instituting a special course of examination to be conducted in the above provinces. The other sub-committee was appointed for taking steps for starting a Training College at Wardha to train public-spirited youngmen and women to carry on propaganda for Hindi in the non-Hindi-speaking provinces of Bengal, Assam, Utkal, Maharashtra, Gujarat and Sind.—United Press.

INDIAN LABOUR IN MALAYA

Personnel Of Deputation Will Be Announced Shortly

(From Our Special Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, (By Mail).

An announcement may shortly be expected regarding the proposed deputation to Malaya to examine and report on the conditions of Indian labour. But the question of selecting the personnel appears to be still engaging the attention of the Government.

At one time the name of Mr. V. S. Srinivasa Sastri was being mentioned, but I heard from Madras members in the Assembly that for reasons of health he may not be willing to undertake this responsibility.

Owing to the imminence of provincial elections and the preoccupation of members with their own political affairs, it is also not likely that many members of the Assembly will be prepared to go to Malaya just now. Several questions on the subject were addressed to Sir G. S. Bajpai during the last session of the Assembly, but he was not able to give any definite information. Anyway it is hoped in political circles that Sir Girija will settle the personnel soon and see that it commands the entire confidence of the country.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

Empire Broadcasting

GSH 21.47 Mc/s. (13.97 m.), GSG 17.79 Mc/s (16.86 m.), GSF 15.14 Mc/s (19.82 m.).

p. m.

7-30 Big Ben. "Empire Magazine".
8-0 Coventry Hippodrome Orchestra.
8-30 A Song Recital.
8-50 Short Story.
9-5 The Serge Krish Septet.
9-30 The BBC Military Band.
10-0 The News and Announcements.
10-20 Banjo Solos.

Bombay Programmes

VUB 350.9 metres, 855 kc/s.

a.m.

11-30 Gazals and Quwallis. By Mohomed Hussein. Accompanied by the VUB Indian Orchestra.
12-15 Marathi Songs. By Leela Jaykar. With Sarangi, Harmonium and Tabla.

p.m.

1-0 Available Market Rates. Jules Craen and his Quintet. Relayed from Taj Mahal Hotel. "Wine, women and song" Strauss. "Romance" Tschaikowsky. "Fille Du Tambour-M jeur" Offenbach. "Nuit D'Amour" Scassola. "Serendade Romantique" Scassola. "Napule Mio" Volpatti.
2-0 Close down.
4-30 Gazals. By H. H. Hashim.
5-0 Talk (Marathi): "Bhatkhande Yancha Charitra." By D. F. Sukhtankar.
5-15 Mandolin Solos. By V. V. Chowdhari.
5-30 Relay from Regal Cinema.
6-30 Light Music. By Sirin Doctor.
7-15 Talk (Gujarati): "Palak-Shala-Ane-Balak." By V. S. Shukla.
7-30 A Variety Programme. By Lady Students of the Maharashtra Sangit Vidyalaya. Conducted by G. R. Gokhale.
8-30 Commercial News and News in Hindi.
9-0 Hindustani Songs. By Sariadevi. Accompanied by Sarangi, Harmonium and Tabla.
9-30 Talk (English): "Sport of the Week." By Frank Tarrant.
9-45 News in English
10-0 A Band Concert. By the 2nd Bn. the Durham Light Infantry. Conducted by Frank H. Rose, A.R.C.M. Overture "Oberon" Weber. This brilliant Overture, with its beautifully constructed opening movement for the Horns, was written by Weber under distressing conditions of failing health. The Opera was specially written for production at Covent Garden Theatre, London, the first performance being given on April 12th, 1826. Weber conducted twelve representations and was preparing to return to Dresden when he died on June 5th, 1826. Selection "Musical Comedy Memories" Finck. "Ein Albumblatt" Wagner. (An Album Leaf.) Bugle Major T. Mason. "Selected Items." Waltz "Sobre Las Olas" Rosas. (Over the Waves). Corporal J. Owens. (Xylophone Solo). "Robin' Harry" Inns Romance "Evensong" Easthope Martin. Fantasia "Students Song" Douglas. Introducing: "Dulce Domum," "A—roving," "My Bonnie," "Ten Thousand Miles Away," "Here's to the Maiden," "The Tarpaulin Jacket," "Who Killed Cock Robin," "Epidee" "There's a Tavern in the Town," "Rosalie," "Goodnight, Ladies," "The Golden Vanity," and "Here's a Health unto His Majesty."
Regimental March. "The Light Barque."

Calcutta Programmes

VUC 370.4 metres, 310 kc/s. 491.0 metres, 6.109 kc/s.

p.m.

12-36 SB Something To Laugh At By the Western Brothers and Ronald Frankau.
12-51 SB A Promenade Concert. By Robert Pikler and his Hungarian Orchestra. Relayed from "Firpo's" Restaurant. Calcutta Weather Bulletin for Ocean and Rivercraft.

p. m.

1-36 Talk: "The Bhakti Cult in Vedanta". By Charu Krishna Vedantatirtha.
2-6 "Srimanta" (A Mythological Drama). (Gramophone Records).
2-36 Talk: "Women as Wage-Earners" By Bella Halder.
5-6 A village Programme. A Humorous Duet. Talk: "Beware of Swindlers". Modern Bengali Songs by Dulal Chandra Dhar and Jnanendra N. Mukherjee.

CATARACT.

"Eye-Sun" cures cataract, imperfect sight, etc., radically and permanently. No need of operation. Success guaranteed. If not price refunded. Price Rs. 2. Apply in English to:—Harryasram, Panchpota (Bengal).
Stockist:—P. M. ZAVERI & CO., Princess Street, Bombay.

6-6 Bengali Songs. Thungri. By Provabaty and Usharany.
6-41 Ancient Popular Song. By Indubala.
7-6 A Musical Soiree, by the Members of the New Theatres. Ltd. Relayed from the Tollygunge Studio.
8-6 SB Talk: "Books of the Month" By Sajanikanto Das.
8-21 SB Orchestra. Joy Joyanti. By The Jantri Sangh.
8-41 SB Commercial News and Weather Report (In Bengali).
8-46 SB The News and Announcements.
9-1 SB Commercial News and Weather Report (In English).
9-6 SB The News and Announcements.
9-21 SB A Musical Interlude.
9-36 SB Dance Music By The Grand Hotel Dance Orchestra. Relayed from "Prince's" Restaurant.

Delhi Programmes

VUD 340.13 metres, 822 kc/s.

a.m.

8-0 Time. Signal. Indian Music (Recorded).
9-0 Talk (Hindustani): "Minding the Mind" No. 9. Memory. By S. A. Rafique.
9-15 AIR Orchestra, Deshkar.
9-25 Niaz Bai of Patiala. "Khwaja Muinuddin Hind pat raja." Khayal Lalit Theka Ikwai. "Kaju re Mohammad Shah kab ghar awen." Khaya Mian ki Todi Theka Ikwai. "Rat sijariya pah bhul ai kangna." Thumri Bhairvin.
10-0 Afzal Husain of Nagina. "Maston men dhum mach gai abr-i-bahar dekh kar. Le ke surahi chal diye fasl-i-bahar dekh har." "Neha lagae dukh de gae." Dadra Bhairvin.
10-20 Master Mahboob "Nigah ka war tha dil par pharakne jan lagi Chali thi barchhi kisi par kisi ke an lagi." (Zaoq).

p.m.

12-30 AIR Orchestra Gond Malhar.
12-40 Master Mahboob. Sargam Gaur Sarang. "Sain Allah jane Maula jane." Khayal Todi.
1-0 Afzal Husain. "Tor kar kis ne sadaf gauhar ke tukre kar diye. Kis ki nazron ne dil-i-muztar ke takre kar diye."
1-10 Niaz Bai of Patiala. "Megh hakim hukm hare." Khayal Megh Rag.
1-25 Master Jiwan. Bhim Plasi.
1-30 "A Mixed Bag." (Recorded).
5-0 AIR Orchestra. Malwi.
5-10 Asad Ali Khan. "Jab tumhara dar peh main Sarwar Chala." Khamsa Naatiyah.
5-20 Afzal Hussain. "Na puchho yeh mujih se keh kiya gayan." Khamsa Naatiyah.
5-30 Master Mahboob. "Jelo men un ke Yusuff Misr ke gulshan se niklenge. Khamsa Naatiyah.
5-40 Niaz Bai of Patiala. "Nur hai shakl-i-bashar men woh sarapa kia hai Chashm-i-tar dekh sake kia keh ada kia kia hai." (Zaki).
5-50 Hamid Hussain "Usi ka aina hai jalwa-i-zeba Mohammad ka Jo ashiq hai Khuda ka hai wohi shaida Mohammadka. (Bekhud).
6-0 Afzal Husain "Tu jo Allah ka mahboob hua khub hua."
6-10 Niaz Bai of Patiala. "Log Hazrat ko Rasul-i-do sara kahte hain Ham to ik mazhar-i-asrar-i-Khuda kaihte hain." (Majruh).
6-20 1st News and Weather Report (English).
6-30 1st News and Weather Report (Hindustani).
6-40 Qawwali. By Air Qawwals.
7-0 "For Villagers Only." (Delhi Market Rates at 7-30 p.m.)
8-0 Talk (Hindustani): "Public Nuisances." No. 4. The Editor. By Desh Bandhu Gupta.
8-15 "Allah Hu." A chorus. By Air Artists.
8-25 Afzal Hussain. "Araj suno mori Ahmad mursal Furqat men huntori bekal" Khayal Puriya.
8-40 Niaz Bai of Patiala. "Hukm ki bandi rahungi." Khayal Darbari Kandra. "Thumri Khamaj." Naat.
9-15 2nd News and Weather Report (Hindustani).
9-30 2nd News and Weather Report (English).
9-45 Niaz Bai. Ghazal.
10-0 Air Qawwalis. Qawwali.
10-15 Play (Hindustani): "Dekha Jaiga." By Mirza Azeem Beg Chughtai.

Java Programme

(Wavelength 29 metres; also on 20,25 and 31 metres).

4-45 Light gram. music.
9-0 Popular music.
9-30 Opera music.
10-00 Weather report and music by Nirom Orchestra.
11-20 News.
11-30 Popular music.
12-00 Dance Music.
12-20 News.
16-00 Concert by Nirom Orchestra.
17-00 News.
17-20 Elck-wat-wils.
18-10 Talk on literature.
18-30 Chamber music. (V. Beethoven).
19-30 Hot pot.
20-00 Dance music.
20-30 Light music.

Phohi Programmes

(WAVELENGTH 16.88 m.)

18-30 National Anthem and opening announcement.
18-35 Latest News from Holland.
18-45 Transmission for the Indies by the R. Cath Brodc. Association. 1. March. 2. Talk by Mr. Ant. van Duinkerken. 3. Music. 4. Political Review by Paul de Waart. 5. Mission news. 6. Journal.
19-45 Music.
19-50 News talk by Mr. L. Aletrino.
19-55 Microphone debutants.
20-30 From mail to mail in Holland.
20-50 Closing down and National Anthem.

AHMEDNAGAR PEASANTS DESERT VILLAGES

Migrate In Search Of Food And Water

(From A Correspondent.)

AHMEDNAGAR, Oct. 29.

The plight of the Ahmednagar peasants is going from bad to worse as their old supplies of grain and water are coming to an end. They are migrating in numbers to other districts that have been more fortunate in receiving the rains.

There are not a few villages where more than half the population have left their homes where they have been living since childhood.

Quite a number of villagers can be found where there is no living source of water within a range of some miles.

GRAIN PRICES RISING

The prices of Jowar grain have increased from Rs. 7 to 14 per palla. The usual price at this time of the year is Rs. 7 to 8-8 per palla.

Cattle are being forsaken in numbers. They have ceased to fetch any price. At the recent village bazar at Valki, nearly 3,000 cattle were brought for sale from all over the Southern part of the District.

NOT EVEN ONE ANNA

There are villages where the crops cannot be valued even one anna. Despite this Government has not declared famine. Only Tagavi loans of about a lac of rupees have been given.

Some famine works like breaking mettle or repairing roads have been started at some places. But they will not give employment to even a fraction of the population.

Relief works have been started by the Ahmednagar District Famine Relief Committee under the presidentship of Rao Bahadur Chitale, M.L.A., and by the Dist Congress Committee. But the funds at their disposal are very small.

CONDITION HEARTRENDING

The peasants' condition is already heart-rending and it is worsening every day. What will happen after February none has the courage to imagine. Drinking water scarcity is felt everywhere. The City Municipality has already started boring works to tap new supplies of water. It is clear that unless help comes from outside the Ahmednagar cultivators are doomed.

LATHIS AND STONES PRODUCED IN COURT

50 Riot Case Accused Bailed Out

Lathis, knives and stones seized by several sections of the City Police were produced before Mr. Oscar H. Brown, Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon, on Friday when 50 persons arrested in connection with rioting were ordered to be released on bail.

It appears that two days prior to the communal disturbance in the city, the Trimbak Purusharam Street residents of Parel complained to the Police that stones were hurled from unknown quarters.

Charcoal valued at Rs. 443 was seized from rooms of several persons at Umerkhadi in the Dongri section.

TRAGEDY IN POLICE OFFICER'S HOUSE

BOMBAY, Friday.

The Gamdevi Police are baffled by the discovery of a bullet wound in the head of a servant now lying in a critical condition at J. J. Hospital.

It appears a servant employed by a Police Officer was busy with his work in the kitchen, early this morning.

At about 11 a.m. there was a loud report and the officer's wife called out "Boy Boy!"

On the way the Boy was seen lying on the ground unconscious, blood flowing from his head.

It is thought that Sharias, the boy while handling the officer's equipment, might have touched the trigger of his gun which went off.

It is learnt that the Police Officer residing at Leburnum Road where the tragedy occurred is not a sectional officer.

Inspector Kent of the Gamdevi Police Station is making inquiries.

HAMMOND SCORES CENTURY

M.C.C. All Out For 233 In First Innings Against S. Australia

ADELAIDE, October 30.

The match between the M.C.C. and South Australia commenced to-day. The visitors batting first made 162 for five wickets at tea time:—

M.C.C. (First Innings)

Scores:—	
Fagg b White	4
Barnett c Walker, b Cotton..	3
Hammond l.b.w. b Ward	104
Worthington run out ..	25
Fishlock st. Walker, b Grimmett	1
Voce	16
Wade b Grimmett	10
Sims b Ward	1
Verity l.b.w. b Ward	31
Hardstaff c and b Ward	20
Allen c Moyle, b Ward	12
Extras	6
Total 233	

Ward captured five wickets for 79.

SOUTH AUSTRALIANS (First Innings).

Parker (not out)	1
Badcock l.b.w. (N) b Allen	8
Walker (not out)	1
Extra	1
Total for one (at close)	11

HINDUSTHAN CUP TOURNAMENT

Week-End Fixtures

The following matches in the Hindusthan Cup Tournament will be played on the Bengal Club ground at Parel during this week-end.

Both the matches promise to be very interesting as the combatants therein have met before and fought tooth and nail for supremacy. The Kanara men hope to avenge their previous defeat at the hands of the Texaco in the Gossage Cup, while the "Times of India" are determined to see the final rounds of the tournament.

SATURDAY'S SEMI-FINAL.

5-15 p.m.: Dewjee's Kanara XI Vs. Texaco.

SUNDAY'S REPLAY.

5 p.m.: "Times of India" Vs. Y. M. C. A.

TWO TEST PLAYERS IN TO-DAY'S MATCH

Amarnath And Ramaswamy On Hindu Side

The following team will represent the Hindu Representative XI against the Raja Saheb of Jat's XI during the week-end at the Hindu Gymkhana.

Play will commence to-day (Saturday) at 2-30 p.m. and on Sunday at 11 a.m.

HINDU REPRESENTATIVE XI.

P. Vithal (Capt.), G. L. Patil, Naomal Jaomal, A. G. Ramsingh, Y. S. Ramaswamy, M. Bhagwandas, L. Amarnath, S. C. Sheth Ramprakash, M. S. Naik, and S. N. Mehta.

DRIVER KILLED ON SPOT

Lorry Turns Turtle And Badly Damaged

RATNAGIRI, Oct. 30.

A serious motor accident is reported to have occurred on the Veldur-Guhagar road.

It appears, while a lorry was ascending a hill, the driver lost control and the lorry dropped five feet over the edge of the road landing with its wheels up killing the driver, Laxman, on the spot.

Another man is reported to have sustained serious injuries and the lorry was badly damaged.—A.P.

(Continued from Column 7.)

international competition a complete whole in every respect.

A FOREIGN TOUR.

It is a pity the tour which was being arranged with the Australian Lawn Tennis Association for a team of Indian players to visit that country this year has fallen through, as the Australian Association has not been able to find the money to pay the expenses of the tourists. This has caused a certain amount of disappointment among those players who were expecting to receive an invitation from the A.I.L.T.A. to make the tour. I am afraid this could not be helped. It would be a thousand times better to send a team to Europe, at our own expense, than to Australia. The education and experience which one could gain in the West are much more valuable and less expensive, than anywhere else in the world. Then there is the additional privilege of competing in the Davis Cup and the Wimbledon tournaments. I hope the A.I.L.T.A. would make up their minds soon in this respect and move in the matter.

World Of Sport: Home And Abroad

Yuvaraj Of Pithapuram's Sporting Offer

(BY "LOOKER-ON")

As I had expected "The Field-Madras," the official organ of the A.I.L.T.A., has come out, in its latest issue, with an explanation in support of the All-India makings made by the Ranking Committee of the A.I.L.T.A. In answering the charges made by me in the "Chronicle," the editor of the "Field-Madras", observes, rather pontifically, that "after all you cannot reduce a game like tennis to mere statistics; it is the quality of the game displayed by the player, even more than his or her quantitative achievements therein, that should guide the responsible observer in arriving at a comparative estimate of the various players. This the All-India Ranking Committee have done and it is but right that they should have taken into consideration the various exhibition and international matches played last year instead of being rigidly bound by the resolution alluded to."

FLIGHT OF WISDOM.

First of all, I would ask the learned editor of the "Field-Madras" where all this wisdom lay when the Council of the A.I.L.T.A. passed the resolution referred to above, namely, restricting the ranking only to those players who had participated at least in two of the five tournaments mentioned by them. In their superior wisdom they had excluded several other major tournaments in the country out of their consideration. If I am not much mistaken all the members of the Ranking Committee are members of the Council of the A.I.L.T.A. and as such they were as much responsible for the fixation of the primary condition for ranking as those who are outside the Ranking Committee.

HOW THE WORLD DOES.

Secondly, I should like to hear from the well-informed editor of the Madras journal wherein the world tennis-ranking is done on the basis mentioned by him—without any minimum qualification. One may be in brilliant and all-conquering form one day and may be an erratic player generally. His single victory would not entitle him to All-India ranking. At the moment I am discussing only the principle of ranking and not the ranking of Mrs. R. J. McInnes or any other player individually. I am aware that Mrs. McInnes as Olga Webb defeated Leela Row in straight sets in England. But that could not be considered in the All-India ranking as much as Leela's list of conquests in Europe. In this connection I may mention that Mrs. Helen Wills-Moody was left out of American ranking last year just because she had not played in the American championships although she happened to be the world champion at the time!

NO FIXED PRINCIPLE

Lastly, it would be interesting to know if all the rankings were made on the basis suggested by the mouthpiece of the A.I.L.T.A. As far as I can see no fixed principle was following by the Ranking Committee in making their selections. I fully realise that in the absence of proper data before them they had a rather difficult problem to solve. Most of the players had not met one another nor even played in the same tournaments. In such a case statistics are of little value. Therefore, according to them, the only gauge by which the relative merits of the players could be properly measured was the quality of their displays. Here also the judges failed to find an easy solution. All they could do was to pick out the players and place them in the list in a haphazard or whimsical manner.

INJUSTICE TO LEELA.

As for Leela Row, the less we speak about it the better. I have not seen a greater injustice done to a player than in the case of Leela. It is indeed ridiculous to argue that a player who wins the All-India title in addition to a couple of provincial championships has no claim to the first rank of the country. In such a case it would be better to declare the premier tournament as of no consequence to All-India honour. It is true that Leela has always been beaten by Jenny. But it is my considered opinion that if the former had a fair chance she would easily vanquish the Calcutta player on a hard court to which she is most accustomed. On the last occasion they met in Bombay, Leela was travelling from one end of the country to the other rushing through a number of tournaments under varying conditions. If she had stuck to Bombay and played in the Western India Championships I have no doubt she would have avenged her last year's unfortunate defeat at the hands of Jenny. When a famous player like Nancy Lyle succumbs to her without much opposition, what wonder is there that she would have reproduced her usual form against the Calcutta stars as well.

THE WAY OUT.

In my opinion the Ranking business as is being conducted to-day is all wrong. There is no sound basis at present on which the strength and standard of each player could be safely estimated. Unless they meet one another once or twice at least in a big tournament, they could not be judged in a fair and square manner. Therefore every effort should be made to make the All-India and the Zone Championships as representative of the best talents in the country as possible. Those who remain out of them could be, with perfect justice, kept out of the Ranking lists, as is done in every country in the world. Till then it is a mere eye-wash to rank our players in any particular order and give them an official stamp of superiority which causes more heartburning than pleasure to the majority of players.

THE PITHAPURAM CUP.

The Yuvaraj of Pithapuram, the President of the A.I.L.T.A. has offered a trophy, called the Pithapuram Cup, for world championship in Mixed Doubles. It is to be competed for on the lines of Davis Cup. There is a proposal that the Wightman Cup which is now restricted between England and America, should be thrown open to all the nations of the world. It is high time that this was done by the authorities concerned to make the competition more interesting. Our President's offer comes very opportunely. I hope that the International Lawn Tennis Federation would accept this sporting offer and make the

(Continued in column 4.)

=INDIA'S VERY OWN=

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LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day.

Hindu: Ashwin Vad 1, 1992
Muslim: Shaban 15, 1355
Parsi: Ardibehest 26, 1306
Hightide: 0-15; 12-09
Lowtide: 6-11; 18-14
Sunrise: 6h. 38m.
Sunset: 6h. 6m.

S.S. "Kaiser-i-Hind" with English mails sails at 1 p.m

Monday, Nov. 2.

Results B. E. (Civil Mechanical and Electrical) examinations University Buildings at 2 p.m.

W. I. A. A. DINNER

The monthly dinner of the W. I. A. A. will be held at the Taj Mahal Hotel on Wednesday (Nov. 4) at 8-30 p.m.

PUBLIC LECTURE

Under the auspices of the Theosophical Federation Mrs. Josephine Ransom will lecture in English at the Theosophical Society in the Blavatsky Lodge Hall, French Bridge, Chowpatty, to-day (Saturday), at 6-30 p.m. (S.T.): Subject—Investigations into Life after Death.

G. I. HINDI LOVERS OF MATUNGA

A meeting of the South Indian Hindi Lovers of Matunga will be held in Napoo Hall at 8-30 p.m. to-day (Saturday) to bid farewell to Sjt. R. Sankaran, Hindi Pracharak, on the eve of his departure for South India.

AIR MAIL POSTAL NOTICE

As the Imperial Airways Eastbound 'plane due to arrive Karachi on Thursday the 29th October 1936 has been delayed for about 23 hours, the London-India air mails which were due to be received in Bombay on the 30th October 1936 will be received here and issued for delivery by the Bombay G.P.O. at 15-30 hours on the 31st. October, 1936 in the ordinary course.

The latest hours of posting air mail correspondence for Hyderabad Deccan and Madras at the Bombay G.P.O. will be as shown below:—

Ordinary correspondence—11-30 hours on 31-10-36 and Registered correspondence—11-00 hours on 31-10-36.

BOMBAY JOURNALISTS MEETING

A general body meeting of the Journalists' Association of India will be held to-day (Saturday), at 6 p.m. (S.T.) at 107, Esplanade Road, Fort, to consider the recommendations of the Sub-Committee appointed at the last general body meeting of the Association to inquire into the actual wages and working conditions of working journalists in Bombay.

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

EXCELSIOR—"A Star Fell from Heaven" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 4 p.m.
REGAL—"Public Nuisance No 1" Daily at 6-30 and 9-30 p.m. Matinee, to-day and (to-morrow at 4 p.m.
ROXY—"Achhyut Kanya" Daily at 5-15 and 8 p.m. Matinee, to-day and tomorrow at 2-45 p.m.
CAPITOL—"The Improper Duchess" Daily at 6-30 and 9-30 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 4 p.m.
OPERA HOUSE—"Mandalay" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
PATHE—"The General Died at Dawn" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m. Sunday morning show, at 10 a.m.
WELLINGTON—"Bhakta Cheta" Daily at 5-15, 7-30 and 9-45 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-30 p.m.
MINERVA—"Maya" Daily at 5, 7-15 and 9-30 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-30 p.m.
PLAZA—"Things to Come" Daily at 6-30 and 9-45 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 3-30 p.m.
CENTRAL—"The Gorgeous Hussy" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

BOMBAY KERALEEYA SAMAJ

Under the auspices of the Bombay Keraleeya Samaj a public meeting of Keralites will be held at Dhuru Hall, B. B. and C. I. Rly., Dadar, to-day (Saturday), at 6-30 p.m. (S.T.) to meet Sardar K. M. Panikker who will speak on problems facing "Keralites outside Kerala".

KANARA BROTHERHOOD

There will be a variety entertainment programme by the "Friends Circle" at the Brotherhood Hall today (Saturday), at 9-15 p.m.

5-MILE WALKING RACE

Competitors for the 5-Mile Walking Race run under the auspices of Kanara Saraswat Association are requested to be present at the Church Gate Station at 5-30 a.m. (S.T.) to-morrow (Sunday).

SOCIAL WORKERS' SOCIETY

The members of the Social Workers' Society will visit Municipal Chawls, in Fort area to-day (Saturday). The members will meet at 5-6 p.m. (S.T.) at Ballard Pier, Tram Shed.

The members will visit Tadwadi Chawls, to-morrow (Sunday) and will meet at Mazagaon Bridge, Tram Stand at 10 a.m. (S.T.)

POSTAL NOTICES

Superscribed Registered and Unregistered Mails for Singapore and Japan per S.S. "Toyama Maru" will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 2-30 and 3 p.m. respectively on Saturday the 31st instant.

Superscribed registered and unregistered Mails for Singapore, Hongkong and Shanghai per "M.V. Victoria" will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 2-30 and 3 p.m. respectively on Monday the 2nd proximo.

SUBURBS AND COUNCIL ELECTION

Mr. Kher's Selection As Congress Candidate

(From Our Correspondent.)
VILE PARLE, Friday.

Ever since the Congress decided to contest election, it was known to many that Mr. B. G. Kher, the well-known Congress worker of the district stood a great chance of being successful in any contest. Yesterday's meeting of the Provincial as well as Presidency Parliamentary Board has confirmed this belief. For Mr. Kher has now been definitely and unanimously selected as a Congress candidate in the next Provincial Council election.

METHOD OF ELECTION IN QUESTION.

The method of election has always been the bone of contention for the minority party always have exerted itself for the method which is conducive to the protection of their rights and representation. The Suburban Congress Socialist Party which has been started since June last has been rightly trying to secure larger representation in the local Congress Committees as also to the Faizpur Congress. And the recent announcement by the President of the Suburban Congress Committee that the system of distributive voting will be adopted in the election, as it is in vogue uptil now, has set the Socialist friends thinking.

Mr. Shantilal Shah, a prominent Suburban Congress Socialist, has, thereupon, addressed a letter to the District Congress Secretary asking him to convene the district Committee meeting to decide upon the voting system which will offer a fair chance to the minority party in the election. As Sjt. Gokulbhai Bhatt is away from Bombay, the meeting of the District Committee will be held as soon as he returns.

ART AND HANDICRAFT EXHIBITION.

The Vile Parle Kumarika and Stree Mandal have arranged an art and handicraft exhibition to be opened by Mrs. Shakuntala Kantilal Sheth, on Friday, at 4 p.m., at Sarojnivas, Juhu Road. The Exhibition will remain open between the hours of 4 p.m. and 7 p.m. on Friday and Saturday and on Sunday 8 to 10 a.m. and 4 to 7 p.m. All are cordially requested to visit it.

Legal Aid For Muslims

The Hon. Secretary of the Muslim Peace and Relief Committee writes:

The Muslim Peace and Relief Committee are pleased to announce that at their request Mr. R. F. Vellany, Bar-at-Law, Messrs. Mirza Akhtar Husein, A. K. Lakhani and Hindade, Advocates have consented to represent such Muslims who have been arrested during the current Riots as may desire to avail themselves of such repreeentation. All persons concerned in and about such cases should attend the office of the Committee at 27, Kolsa Mohalla, near Pydhoni, for the said purpose.

RAILWAY TIME TABLE

G. I. P. Railway.

TIMINGS AT VICTORIA TERMINUS

Timings at Victoria Terminus on and from 1st October 1936:—

Trains.	Arr. H.M.	Dep. H.M.
Madras Mail	6 00	22 00
Peshawar and Lucknow Express	6 15	23 00
Calcutta Mail via Nagpur	7 30	17 45
Calcutta Mail via Chheoki	8 15	20 55
Madras Express	10 15	13 45
Deccan Queen	10 25	17 15
Punjab Mail	10 55	18 55
Poona Mail	11 43	15 30
Nagpur Express	14 55	21 10
Poona Fast Passenger	17 0	11 50
Poona Express	19 38	8 15
Allahabad Express	20 15	7 0

B. B. & C. I. Railway

TIMINGS AT BOMBAY CENTRAL

Mail, Express and Passenger train timings in force from 1st April, 1936:—

Trains.	Arr H.M	Dep. H.M
Ahmedabad Passenger	5 35	22 20
Delhi Express	6 00	22 05
Gujarat Mail	6 45	20 25
Kathiawar Mail	7 40	21 50
Frontier Mail	8 30	21 30
Frontier Mail on Saturdays	8 35	—
Ahmedabad Passenger	14 20	13 40
Kathiawar Express	19 00	8 45
Baroda Passenger	21 10	8 55

ARRIVALS AT BALLARD PIER

Frontier Mail on Saturdays only) for passengers for Europe at	8 50

PRELIMINARIES MUST BE SATISFIED

Rewa Diwan's Circular

The Dewan of Rewa is stated to have circulated the following:

"We have met here to-day to discuss the accession of States to the Federation. Unfortunately all our discussions have so far been concentrated on the examination of the items in Schedule VII and the clauses of the Instrument of Accession. These are points of undoubted importance, but even more important, as being the fundamental conditions of our Accession, is the decision of the following points on which we have always insisted.

OTHER MATTERS.

These are also matters which could only be discussed by Your Highnesses as a necessary preliminary to Your Highnesses' decision to accede to the Federation. In fact the Princes had always said that even if the Federal scheme be the best, they could not be expected to join unless these preliminary conditions are satisfied. If they are not decided now, we shall have no chance. If they are decided first, they will reduce the Reservations to a minimum and make the work very simple.

(1) Rights of internal sovereignty, judicial, economic, fiscal etc.,

(2) Settlement of pending disputes,

(3) Relations with the Crown, and

(4) Consideration of Sections which go beyond agreement with Princes and affect the Sovereignty of States.

KAMALADEVI LEAVES FOR BELGAUM

Mrs. Kamaladevi Chattopadhyaya left for Poona on Friday night "en route" to Belgaum. After attending the meeting of the Karnatak Provincial Congress Committee there on the 1st November. She, along with Dr. N. S. Hardikar and Mr. R. S. Hukkerikar leaves on a tour of the districts.

CRICKET AT RANDER

Baporia Knocks Up Century Remaining Unbeaten

(From A Correspondent).
RANDER (Surat), Oct. 29.

A two-day match was played at Rander between the Rander Islam Gymkhana and Maharashtra Cricket Association on 27th and 28th instant.

Winning the toss the home team went in and scored 169 runs after a good beginning. Y. Ismail 45, A. Baporia 38 and E. G. Hans 39 (not out), were the top scorers. The most successful bowlers were Mohoni 5 for 30 and Sohoni 3 for 25. The Maharashtra C. A. replied with 155. Sohoni contributed a useful 66 scoring all round the wicket.

In the second innings the R. I. G. started disastrously losing 3 wickets for 31 runs only, but then A. Baporia and Y. Ismail became associated and remained unbeaten till tea-time, A. Baporia scoring 100 and Y. Ismail 54. Both the players played well. In his score of 100 Baporia hit 16 fours. The home team made 174 for the loss of three wickets.

The M. C. A. then went in to bat a second time. M. M. Naidu and Prof. Deodhar went in as the first pair. Both indulged in free hitting. When stumps were drawn the score was 85 for 2, Naidu carrying his bat with 46 scored in 45 minutes.

The score:—

RANDER ISLAM GYMKHANA
(1st Innings).

H. A. Nakhuda l.b.w. b Mohoni 9; Y. Ismail run out 45; E. A. Alloo c Mullik b Sohoni 7; A. E. Baparia b Mohoni 38; E. G. Hans not out 39; C. M. H. Esmail (Captain) b Datar 2; M G. Surti b Mohoni 3; M. S. E. Bham c Datar b Mohoni 12; H. A. Tilly c Dani 8 Mohoni 1; K. G. Hans b Sohoni 9; I. G. Hans b Sohoni 0; Extras 4; Total 169.

MAHARASHTRA C. A.
(1st Innings).

Mullik run out 1; Datar handled the ball 9; Sohoni c K. Hans b Bham 66; Gokhale c and b Bham 17; M. M. Naidu st Nakhuda b Bham 9; Prof. Deodhar (Captain) l.b.w. b I. Hans 5; Majumdar c Y Ismail, b Bham 3; Khirsagar c Tilly b C. Esmail 21; Kaikobad not out 13; Mohoni run out 0; Dani c C. Esmail b Bham 5; Extras 6; Total 155.

RANDER ISLAM GYMKHANA
(2nd Innings)

M. G Surti c Kaikobad b Sohoni 12; H. A. Tilly b Sohoni 0; E. A. Alio run out 0; A. E. Baporia not out 100; Y. Ismail not out 54; Extras 8; Total (for 3 wkts.) 174.

MAHARASHTRA C. A.
(2nd Innings)

M. M. Naidu not out 46; Prof. Deodhar (Capt.) b Bham 20; Gokhale b Bham 2; Mohoni not out 13; Extras 4; Total (for 2 wkts.) 85.

RURAL MEDICAL RELIEF

Bombay Homoeopathic Association's Scheme

Dr. A. C. Das, President, Bombay Homoeopathic Medical Association writes:—

Not the least important of the problems of rural reconstruction is to find the means to carry medical treatment to the very door of the villager or as near it as possible and the proverbial poverty of the average villager makes it imperative that such treatment should be at once cheap, simple and effective.

The Biochemic system of medicine founded by Dr Schuessler of Germany in 1873, satisfies all these conditions. It advocates the treatment of diseases with very minute doses of just a dozen cell salts on the very rational principle of supplying the deficiency. Those salts are cheap to buy, pleasant to take and effective in practice, and the system has thus attained a considerable amount of well-deserved popularity in different parts of the world, and particularly in America. The Materia Medica is simple and can be mastered in a comparatively short time; and the number of drugs is so small that the physician does not need a compounder and can easily carry his dispensary about with him in a little hand-bag.

Accordingly, at the instance of Mr. H. Shankar Rau, who has also offered to find the requisite finance for the first year, the Bombay Homoeopathic Medical Association has decided to make a small beginning in these directions by inaugurating as an experimental measure, a One-year Course in Rural and Domestic Biochemic Treatment. Among other things, it will comprise instructions by qualified medical men in elementary anatomy, physiology, biology, hygiene and first-aid, as well as in Biochemic Materia Medica and its practical application. The instruction will be given free, a fact which should disarm all doubts as to the bona fides of the scheme.

The course will last from January to December 1937. Only a limited number of seats are available. The male students selected shall have passed at least the Matriculation Examination of an Indian University or its equivalent, and shall give an undertaking to practise in a village or villages of their choice after the completion of the course, while the female students selected, if any, shall have a knowledge of English of at least the Matriculation standard. Intending applicants are requested to communicate, not later than the 30th November 1936 with the Joint Honorary Secretaries. The Bombay Homoeopathic Medical Association, Setna Building Princess Street Bombay, who will be glad to supply further details of the scheme and particulars of the syllabus.

TALK OF THE SUBURBS

(BY A SUBURBAN MAN.)

The annual prize distribution of the Marathi Boys' and Girls' Schools under the auspices of the District School Board, Bombay Suburban District, will be held tomorrow at 3 p.m. in the Local Board Marathi Boys' School, Rambag, Andheri and Mr. M. N. Talpade will preside.

Talking about prize distribution reminds me of the fact that the Bombay and Suburban Marathi Literary Conference is holding its third session on December 5 and 6.

Brisk preparations are going on at Thana, and I am told that the drafts and resolutions to be moved at the conference must be submitted before November 20.

SUBURBAN CRICKET.

The suburbs too, have a crowded cricket programme and the few good grounds that they possess have always got a fixture.

To-morrow the open Bombay Suburbs Catholic Cricket Tournament reaches its fiftieth round and if you are a cricket fan, you may make it a point to be present at Danda Green Bandra, at 10-30 a.m.

The game is to be played between Chuim selected and the Kallina Athletic Club.

Bazaars Buzz With Diwali Purchases

BOMBAY, Friday.

In anticipation of the Diwali festivities, there is considerable activity displayed in the local markets which were practically closed for nearly a week owing to the riots.

Sheikh Memon Street, once a storm-centre during the riots, was humming with life and activity today.

Similarly at Bhuleshwar, Bhendy Bazar, Null Bazar, Chor Bazar and Girgaum the usual crowds making their Diwali purchases, were to be seen going about without any misgivings in their minds.

To-day is the second day on which not a single incident has been reported to mar the peace and harmony enjoyed in the City.

In spite of the fact that things are once again back to normal the Police bandobust is in operation to cope with any minor incidents that may raise a scare.

Almost at every strategic point there are fixed posts of constables while the Superintendents and Inspectors of the different Sections patrol their respective areas at regular intervals.

At Byculla the work on the Mandap is proceeding uninterruptedly and there now appears to be no excitement or even trouble anticipated in this locality.

IN AND AROUND — BOMBAY —

(From Our Staff Correspondents)

"The Elphinstonian"

The current number of the "Elphinstonian" presents some interesting reading. There are good many articles written with commendable ability which will be benefit a wider reading public than university undergraduates. One may mention Mr. S. Subramanian's essay on John Galsworthy's Dramatic Art, Miss Pavree's article on the "Idea of an University", and Miss Chitale's "Trials of a Tramway Journey". There is another good article on "Realism in French Literature" by Md. R.S.Dhondy. "The Elphinstonian contains also a summary of the working of the various societies which have been the intellectual centres in the college itself for the undergraduates, where the economic and social topics of the day are discussed and debated upon. The conservative character of a Government—manned institution is reflected in the debates of the College. For example, the proposition "Economic independence should not be granted to women" was carried, and another namely "Socialism is the only solution of India's poverty" was lost in the general debates of the Elphinstone College The Editor laments the departure of Principal Hamil from the College.

Foolish Cyclists.

Friday's was not the only occasion when the city Coroner strongly commented on the ways of the pedal-cyclists. Said he: "Cyclists have become an unmitigated nuisance and danger on the roads. Unless they show better sense I am going to request the Police Commissioner to take drastic steps against them." Another Coroner at Lewisham observed the other day to a cyclist on account of whose negligent riding, a fatal accident occurred: "You have probably been a nuisance for 15 years if you have been cycling without giving a signal when you are going to pass another vehicle." It appears to be the ambition of some of the cyclists to overtake a fast moving motor car, lorry or omnibus. They struggle hard for a few minutes and then their energy gives out, and they fall back. In many instances, a motorist, or a bus-driver had to take unnecessary risk to avoid knocking down a cyclist, who paid no heed to the warnings and signals but went on pedalling until he was exhausted and could not keep pace with the mechanically-propelled vehicle. It would be advisable for the Traffic Department of the police to frame some regulations regarding cycle-traffic.

MILL WORKERS AND SHIVAJI'S BIRTHDAY.

The Managing Committee of the Lokamanya Seva Mandal which met on Sunday last, under the presidentship of Mr. R. T. Masurkar, passed the resolutions stating that the Mill Owners' Association of the Bombay be requested to grant a Mill holiday on 12th. May, 1937 in honour of the birthday of Shivaji, and that in lieu of this holiday, the mills may work on a Sunday preceeding or following that day, and requesting the Governor-in-Council to appoint an independent Committee to enquire into the cause of the Bombay riots and the culprits be brought to book.

Congress Candidates For Muslim Seats

NAMES TO BE ANNOUNCED LATER

The General Secretary of the Bombay Presidency Congress Parliamentary Board informs that the meeting of the Board that was held in Bombay at the Congress House on the 28th and 29th of October has deferred its decision in regard to the selection of candidates for Muslim constituencies. These selections will be announced later on.

Regal
TO-DAY & TO-MORROW AT 4, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.
A MUSICAL EXTRAVAGANZA!
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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: SATURDAY, OCTOBER 31, 1936

STILL UNDECIDED

After all the travail of the last several days the conferences of Princes and their Ministers have produced little or nothing. Nay, some of their deliberations make one wonder if they know their own minds, what they are all about and whether they really accept the very principle of Federation the details of which they have been discussing for years past. Six years ago many leading Princes professed to accept the principle of Federation, presumably with the clear knowledge that the principle involves a voluntary surrender by a federating State of a measure of its sovereignty in return for certain powers in the entire Federation. In other words the Princes who accepted the principle of Federation presumably accepted the essential condition of federation, namely, a certain measure of give and take in political rights and obligation. There were indeed some Princes then—and there are still some—who openly distrusted Federation, as generally understood, and preferred what they called a Confederacy of independent States. Most Princes, however, seemed to prefer Federation, if only because a Confederacy is obviously impossible in Indian conditions, but they preferred Federation with various reservations. Their conception of give and take was to give least and demand most.

Do Not Know Their Own Minds

The Federation idea seemed to progress well enough so long as its broad outlines and non-controversial features were being determined. But now that the time has come for a final decision regarding the whole federal scheme in all its details, the old mental reservations are coming to the fore, though many of them are hardly consistent with the principle of Federation. It is not surprising, therefore, that several Princes do not seem to know their own minds and several others feel that having progressed in a circle they have come back to the starting-point, whether they should at all accept Federation. During the last few years the Princes and their Ministers have held any number conferences and spent lakhs of rupees over expert advice. Yet many of them do not appear to have arrived at any definite decisions. After their latest conferences in Bombay all that they have decided is that they want still more time and still more conferences before they can definitely decide whether they should join the Federation and if so on what terms.

Open Conspiracy

The Princes are apparently playing a waiting game, thinking that they lose little or nothing by delaying their decision but may wring from Government more safeguards for themselves. We would rather that they reject the federal scheme definitely and now. They should at least expedite their decision so that the people of India, including the States people, may know the worst and decide upon their own tactics in dealing with the Constitution. They know that it is bad in all conscience even without the Prince's part therein and that it will be worse with the Prince's autocracy in the picture. That the Princes, if they join the Federation, will function, as indeed they are desired by the framers of the Constitution to do, as a dead-weight on democracy is all too clear from the presidential speech of the Maharana of Dholpur, Chancellor of the Chamber of Princes, at the Bombay Conference on Friday. Proposing to consolidate all reactionary interests against the democratic elements in the country, he said:

> "If we are all organized, I can visualise the possibility of creating liaison for All-India purposes only with the vested interests outside our States, and a large accession of strength to this party later on could be had from the landed aristocracy and the aristocracy of wealth in Britain and India also. We could thus bring into being an All-India Conservative Party which would exercise that influence in the future destinies of this country which a party composed of stable elements always does in preserving and enhancing prosperity and healthy growth. If India must be saved from political catastrophe, it is necessary that all stable elements in the country should be brought together to influence the future of the country."

It is clear from observations like these that, whether the Princes join the Federation or not, they will make an alliance with other reactionary interests to suppress democratic elements. It is imperative, therefore, for the latter to be better organized in their own defence and the defence of the liberties of the country against this open conspiracy of vested interests.

A Tragic Waste

The very fact that Sir Md. Yamin Khan's statement was apologetic rather than assertive or combative showed that even Government apologists felt themselves unable to justify Sir Henry Craik's description of the Andamans Penal Settlement as a Paradise. Raizada Hansraj's two interviews are by no means a detailed statement of the whole position for which the public will have to await the pleasure of the Home Member but they are enough to show how cruelly wrong Sir Henry was. Sir Yamin Khan himself has drawn attention to the climatic and other conditions which have told badly on the health of the political prisoners. The Raizada proves it conclusively by drawing attention to the significant fact that the weight of the political prisoners was either going down or, at best, stationary. So much for the physical side of the "Paradise."

In its mental reaction and effects on the political prisoners the Penal Settlement, so far from being a "Prisoners' Paradise" is the reverse of it. "Among 316 political prisoners in the Andamans there were only five interviews with relatives during the last five years", says the Raizada. The effect of this can be easily imagined. Then they are starved for books. As the Raizada points out: "The law permits the political prisoners to get books or money from their friends. But they are not allowed to correspond with them, so they can neither get books nor money from their friend." Can there be more palpable and reprehensible instance of how what is given by one hand is taken away by the other? And the newspapers that they are supplied are exactly those with which they have, to put it midly, absolutely no intellectual or mental affinity. Mental starvation, resulting from absence of newspapers, books, free association, clubs, no interviews, no change in the environment, no new faces, no exercise, no recreations. This is the plight of the prisoners. Is it any exaggeration to describe them as appearing more to be buried alive in the jail compounds? By every conceivable human standard the worth and character of the settlement stand thoroughly condemned and Raizada Hansraj's conclusion is irresistible that the money spent on it is not only a waste but a tragic waste.

The Detenu's Plight

Another detenu has committed suicide in the Deoli detention camp. The letter that the dead man, Babu Santosh Chandra Ganguly, wrote a day before his suicide to his ailing mother, reveals both the tragic circumstances in which he and his family were placed and the attitude of mind that these circumstances compelled in him. "No use being sorry at your inability to interview me. We will meet when we are ordained to meet. You have fallen in pecuniary difficulties but you must meet the various expenses. Can I do any good if I afflict my mind with these thoughts?" Here was a sensitive soul in agony the poignancy of which was only sharpened by the obviously desperate attempt to conquer it.

An ailing mother, whom he could not even meet, pecuniary difficulties which that mother had to face and the unfortunate man's own helplessness: these factors combined to overwhelm him inspite of his efforts to offer himself the feeble consolation of logic. The Bengal Executive may not mean it, but a situation in which a suspect—after all the detenu was no worse than a suspect—undergoes a mental torture to end which he commits suicide is not ultimately different from that prevailing in Nazi concentration camps against which the whole world is protesting. Is it really impossible to make the life of the detenu a little easier?

TOWARDS BRIGHTER BOMBAY

Shivaji Park Scheme

(By Khan Bahadur Hormusji C. Pastakia).

If one would go a few years back and look to the condition of Bombay land at that time one would find that the lands of Bombay were begging for purchasers. Nobody liked to venture and invest money in land or buildings. Take the example of the Agripada lands. When offers were made to the public, nobody came forward to buy the land which remained undeveloped for a number of years. But, later on when a few plots were purchased by some enterprising Parsee citizens of Bombay and buildings were built on these plots, all the other plots were sold off practically like hot cakes. The same was the experience of the city Improvement Trust authorities, while disposing of plots on their Gamdevi and Dadar-Matunga Estate.

Shivaji Park Scheme at Dadar West.

The lay-out at Shivaji Park is in a horse-shoe form. It is an ideal place for one craving for village life with the city activities at arm's length as this Park is surrounded by the palm trees near the Mahim beach. Being entrusted with the work of preparing a scheme for the lay-out of buildings plots in that area, I had prepared three alternative schemes with estimates for housing Officers and other Staff of the Bombay Municipality, with different types of bungalows and cottages. These plots are beautifully laid out on air-shaft system; every building would get the advantage of the direct sea breeze (ozone) from the open land kept as recreation-ground facing the sea. The buildings now standing on the West of the Cadell road are to be demolished and a garden is to be laid out for public use.

This land is the first of its kind where a true idea of the village life could be gained, provided small cottages with gardens are erected. According to the building scheme prepared by me for the benefit of the Officers and the Staff of the Municipality, they could get monetary facilities from the Municipality for the erection of buildings, the advance being repaid from their salaries in easy instalments. This would surely have given a great relief and consolation to the staff to be the owners of their own properties on the eve of their retirement and the Corporation could well claim the honour of having done some good to their staff, especially the subordinate staff.

When this scheme was at a stand-still, with the permission of our worthy ex-Commissioners, Messrs. A. R. Dalal, and H. K. Kirpalani, who were so kind enough to give me the permission, I floated a scheme for the Parsee community on different lines and basis.

If the community had accepted this Scheme at that time it would have greatly benefitted it and the thirst for housing accommodation for the lower middle class would have been quenched to a great extent. At that time the plots could have been got for Rs. 8 or Rs. 9 per square yard and beautiful houses at a very moderate cost could have been erected. If they had secured this ground at that time, it would have been one of the best colonies of the city But, unfortunately, this Scheme was not taken up owing to many adverse criticism and obstructions and also due to the fact of there being already in existence a Parsee colony in the close proximity of the area on the East. The ground has been developed by the Corporation into fine laid out plots which have been sold not at Rs. 8 but at Rs. 15 and upwards.

I am sure, like the other Schemes, when a few buildings spring up in this Scheme there would hardly be any plot left to build on, being one of the best ideal sanitorium open-land facing the sea on the West.

If the present lay out of the Scheme is strictly adhered to by the Municipal autnorities and not an inch of encroachment on open space is allowed this area would vie with the garden colonies of London Boroughs, where one would find most beautiful and enchanted views of cottages with gardens all round. The architectural designs of the buildings, especially the frontages, should as far as possible be kept in harmony with the surrounding buildings.

If the beauty of this Scheme is to be enhanced and its sanitary principles to be improved, the Municipal authorities may restrict the

(Continued on Page 7, Colmn 5.)

OUR LONDON LETTER

The Censor At Work

Comments On India In American Paper Unwelcome

(From Our Own Correspondent)

LONDON, October 21.
(By Air Mail.)

As I write this letter at 10 o'clock in the morning wreaths are being taken to Trafalgar Square. In another half an hour they will be laid at the Nelson Column on behalf of Southern Rhodesia, Newfoundland, the Government of Malta, New Zealand, Australia, Canada, the Ceylon Branch of the Navy League, and the Navy League of South Africa.

Trafalgar Day

In British history to-day is a historic day, the one hundred and thirty-first anniversary of the Battle of Trafalgar, and following its usual practice the Navy League has issued a message in commemoration of the Trafalgar Day. Lord Lloyd, the President of the League, says that Trafalgar Day, 1936, finds Great Britain going to work in earnest to make good the dangerous gaps in her defences and to build her fleets again. This new burden has been thrust upon the British people from without. "Neither the British people nor any conceivable British Government could any longer have left these islands in a neurotic and embattled world. The necessity has been recognised and rearmament approved by a public opinion united on this point, and the part which the Navy has to play is as vital to-day as it has ever been in our history."

The Conservatives will celebrate the Trafalgar Day with special gusto as they have won more battle over the Socialists. Last night the result of the Erdington by-election showed that an airman had retained the seat on behalf of the Conservatives for the National Government. The victorious candidate, Sqdn. Ldr. Wright thinks that the election had been fought mainly upon the peace issue and the verdict of the electors is an emphatic repudiation of the pacifist attitude of starving Britain's defence forces and a clear indication that Erdington supports the Government's rearmament programme as the safest guarantee for the preservation of peace. However, Sqdn. Ldr. Wright forgets that the Socialist candidate had done better than at the general election inasmuch as he has reduced the Government majority in Erdington by 3,700 votes. It must be remembered that this division was formed in 1918 and has been a Conservative stronghold. The Conservatives have suffered only one defeat. That was in the general election of 1929 when Mr. Simmons, the present Labour candidate, won a three-cornered fight by a majority of less than 150.

Arms For Spanish Rebels

In the face of the possibility of 'attack on, or even of the wholesale massacre of, hostages in Madrid", the British Government in a Foreign Office telegram to the British Embassy in the Spanish Capital has made an urgent appeal to both sides, on humanitarian grounds for the exchange of all hostages. The services of the British Navy are offered for transport by sea, and the Embassy is instructed to prepare evacuation plans with the naval authorities. Meanwhile, arms for the rebel Spaniards are pouring in from Fascist countries. The latest consignments were landed at Cadiz and at Algeciras. Tanks and 100 flame-throwers came from Italy and anti-aircraft guns from Germany. What the Communists have been shouting all these days has now it seems, reached the deaf ears of the Labour leaders. Mr. Attlee, on behalf of his Parliamentary group, has addressed a letter to the Prime Minister pointing out that ever since the adjournment of the House in July, there has been grave concern regarding the situation in Spain, and, with the progression of events, anxiety has steadily deepened.

Mr. Attlee says that although the allegations have not yet been definitely proved, "there is strong ground for the belief that the policy of non-intervention has been deliberately violated, and while it is true that the International Committee have now initiated an investigation into these allegations we fear that the delay, not wholly unavoidable, will enable the policy of non-intervention to be still further abused in order to aid those who are in rebellion against the elected Government of Spain." In view of the increasing gravity of the situation, we would ask you to consider the immediate summoning of Parliament in order that full position may be made public, and the House given an opportunity to consider how best to deal with it." Mr. Attlee's suggestion to summon Parliament is rather like locking the stable-door after the horse had bolted. The Italians and the Germans have already supplied the necessary arms to General Franco and General Mola who now boastfully announce that they would be in Madrid in the next few days. The Madrid President has also left for Barcelona, which evidently suggests that Madrid will fall to the rebels as a result of the active help they received from the two Fascist countries, about whose conduct Mr. Attlee now desires a parliamentary discussion.

Non-Intervention A Farce

Meanwhile, the eyes not only of the organised Labour movement in this country, but also of the Spanish workers who are now facing their most desperate crisis, are turning towards another vital meeting to be held this afternoon. The National Council of Labour—the most powerful controlling authority in the Labour movement—has been specially meeting to-day to consider whether the Spanish arms embargo should be raised. It seems certain that the Council will urge the Government to collaborate with the French and other Governments in raising the arms embargo without further delay. Such a decision would mean that organised Labour in Britain had decided, in face of the risk, to line up with the Russian Government, the Belgian Labour Party, and the majority of the European trade unions in open defence of democracy against military dictatorship. Until now the Labour Party has been unable to declare frankly in favour of ending non-intervention, though Mr. Herbert Morrison and other Labour leaders have argued against the non-intervention in the inner councils of the party. The argument has all along been that when non-intervention, was first proposed by M. Blum's Popular Front Government it was accepted by the Labour Opposition which in any

(Continued on page 11—Col. 5).

FRANKLY SPEAKING

BETWEEN DEVIL AND DEEP SEA

The Belgian Foreign Secretary's speech in the Chamber is "diplomatic" as compared with the earlier speech of M. Vandervelde. But while it is rather non-committal, it lends itself to the same essential interpretation. If Belgium has no intention of repudiating her international obligations and "she would never allow her land to serve as a passage or a base of occupation for aggression against other nations," then there is no essential change in her foreign policy for the very simple reason that no one in the world has any doubt as to the direction from which an aggression is possible. That being so, the denial of a return to neutrality is reassuring. Nevertheless the declaration of "complete independence" and of a blunt scepticism regarding collective security and mutual assistance is a serious matter. Belgium finds herself between the devil and the deep sea thanks to the repeated betrayals of collective security by its champions

REPELLANT NAIVETE

At a time when the very existence of the lawfully established Spanish democracy is threatened by the joint forces of disorder and Fascism there is something sardonically amusing in Mr. Eden's remark that the British Government adhered to the policy of non-intervention in Spain as the only practical alternative to "confusion, international recrimination and, may be, war." They seem to have almost achieved the very thing they sought to guard against. It is true, of course, as he maintained, that Italy and Germany were in a better position to supply arms to rebels than Britain, France and Russia to the Spanish Government and Sir Archibald Sinclair, too, was right that for every gun that France and Britain might supply Italy and Germany might supply fifty. The original plan of non-intervention was advisable, no doubt, if also an outrage on international law, but its justifiability was strictly dependent on Britain and France seeing to it that it was rigorously honoured and Italy and Germany were bound within its frame-work. To repeat professions of non-intervention now when the Fascist countries have blatantly ignored it with the two democratic countries meekly looking on is rather repellant naivete. Mr. Greenwood's statement that Gibraltar was smiling on the Fascists and administering rebuffs to the Loyalists is not without its significance especially in the light of the apparent unconcern of Britain at Italian activities in the Balearics.

WANTON ABUSE

It is amazing to learn that notices under Section 144, Criminal Procedure Code have been issued against fifteen Congressmen prohibiting them from holding meetings in one of the talukas of Madura district. And not the least amazing part of the Magistrate's order is that it has not specified the period during which meetings are prohibited. This is a most wanton abuse of a much-abused Section and is evidently calculated to cripple the growing power of the Congress. But high-handedness like this should induce Congressmen to make a more determined rally round the Congress and give their fullest support to its candidates at all elections Officials must be made to realise that Section 144 can often act as a boomerang.

THE FUNDAMENTAL PROBLEM

Mrs. Kamaladevi Chattopadhyaya's speech on Women's Problem at the Bombay Adult Education Association was refreshingly candid and laid much-needed stress on the fact that women's problem, like most other social problems, is fundamentally economic. This is a truth of more than academic interest and teaches all those interested in the emancipation of women to lay the greatest stress on the economic independence of women. When that reform is achieved to any appreciable extent, other reforms in the women's sphere follow easily. The saying that man does not live by bread alone does not at all disprove this view. It rather emphasizes the importance of bread while suggesting that, important as bread is, it is not everything.

PUNJAB PROSPECTS.

It is gratifying to learn from a Lahore report that there are good chances of Muslim Ahrars and the nationally-minded Sikhs joining the Congress election camp. This is, however, not surprising. The Ahrars as well as the Akalis and other progressive Sikhs have much in common with the Congress. Complete independence, demand for a Constituent Assembly and determination to wreck the New Constitution, the three main issues in the Congress programme, are likewise shared by Ahrars and the Sikh Nationalists. The points of difference, if any, are but minor and of secondary importance. It is thus only proper that these parties should seek to come in the Congress fold, whereby they would be strengthening their own position and vindicating their professions of nationalism. With the "Nationalist" Party already supporting the Congress, the acquisition of the support of Akalis and Ahrars would make the position of the Congress almost impregnable in the Punjab elections.

PETTY ARROGANCE

That the White Man's petty arrogance still persists among a certain class of Europeans in India is revealed by a report from Jubbulpore. It appears that the Prince of an Indian State could not attend the Princes' Conference at Bombay because a European couple's wholly illegal and priggish conduct in refusing the station-master's request to let him occupy a vacant seat in the first class compartment in which they were travelling. Quite apart from the position of the person wronged, the European couple have been guilty of a most unlawful conduct inasmuch as they not only insulted a respectable Indian but also interfered with his important business and we would like to find out what steps the Railway authorities propose to take in this connection. Two features of the incident are of special significance. If a Prince who in the present conditions exercises certainly more influence with the authorities can be insulted in such a summary manner, what guarantee can an average Indian citizen have that his self-respect will not be similarly outraged? It is also significant that the offending couple were travelling on a free pass. Presumably the European was either a Government servant or a railway official. In that case the matter demands thorough investigation.

WITHOUT COMMENT—

It was decided further that the replies of Princes to the Viceroy's representatives at the time of their visits should be non-committal.

—Report of Princes' meeting.

* * * *

In a sporting tribute to Sir N. N. Sircar, Mr. Satyamurti says, the Law Member has "no axe to grind."

But he would love an axe to hack all the Opposition with.

* * * *

Sir Nripendra "has an inveterate hatred for the Congress and genuinely believes that the Congress ought not to function in this country."

Like the average Imperialist, and yet how tragically different from him.

* * * *

"What," according to Mr. Satyamurti, "has led poignancy to his anger was the Congress Party's attitude to the Communal Award."

Quite so. In fact the Law Member's anger is so self-overwhelming that he is actually at one with the givers of the Communal Award and genuinely fails to find any absurdity in it. How instructive and tragic!

* * * *

Mr. Satyamurti also says that Government are more strict than other parties in Whipping and otherwise controlling the movements of their members.

But this must not be confused with the disciplinarian restraints imposed on Congress Party members which Anglo-Indian and Indian supporters of Government quite rightly characterise as Cabalistic Dictatorship.

* * * *

Much fuss is being sought to be made over the treatment meted out by a European couple to the Raja Sahib of Nagode on the latter desiring to board a first class railway compartment.

Which must be discouraged. Sir Harcourt Butler's authoritative ruling must not be forgotten that 'paramountcy is paramount.'

Moreover, the incident happened when the Raja Sahib was coming to Bombay to attend the Princes' Conference.

* * * *

According to our London correspondent's report, Italy and Germany want to utilise their co-operation as a bogey to frighten Britain and France with.

So far as Britain is concerned, however, her statesmen are very shrewd fellows. They are incapable of being caught napping.

They have taken the bogey by the forelock, rather. They have completely forestalled it by getting duly and submissively frightened in advance.

* * * *

Mr. Anthony Eden denied that France initiated the policy of non-intervention under strong British pressure.

We quite accept the denial.

It must have been strong and urgent persuasion.

* * * *

The British Government and the Non-Intervention Committee had not, said Eden, sufficient information in support of Soviet charges against Portugal.

Naturally and so obviously.

* * * *

Mr. Eden also made the very interesting statement that the two democratic Governments—French and British, he meant—had "an especially responsible role to fill."

And like everything else a role too has two sides or ends to it, the positive and the negative.

* * * *

Father: 'And you think you will be able to give my daughter all she wants?' Suitor: 'Yes. She says she only wants me.'

When Madrid Falls, Catalonia Will Rise

Million Men Will Beat Back Franco's Fascist Hordes

NEUTRALITY PACT IS ALL RUBBISH

An Observer's Revelations About Spanish Civil War And Arms Supply

"RED" SPAIN NO DANGER: BUT VICTORY OF REBELS WILL BE A MENACE

A British correspondent writing from Gibraltar to a friend says:—

X tells me that the Non-Intervention Pact is most obviously rubbish to anybody living on the spot. He says that at Gibraltar you can see the German and Italian 'planes arriving and Portuguese goods under the control of German, Italian and Portuguese pilots and mechanics, who, when they achieve victories, report not to the Insurgent headquarters but to their own headquarters.

RUSSIAN SUPPLIES

On the other hand, the Russians are sending steady supplies under cover of their stores of food and clothing and, to explain the increased number of Russian ships calling at Spain, they have put forward suggestions for taking off Government wounded for convalescence in Russia.

IF REBELS WIN

X thinks that our position both at Gibraltar and generally in the Mediterranean would become untenable if the Insurgents win, as though Spain would be broken for many years to come from a financial point of view, from a military point of view, Fascist Spain would be a serious power.

SHOULD SPAIN GO "RED"

On the other hand, should Spain become Communist, he thinks that the whole of her energies would be diverted internally for years to come to restoring the country's prosperity upon Communist lines and that she would be comparatively negligible in international affairs and certainly no danger to any country except Portugal, where, X thinks, there will certainly be revolution if Spain goes Communist.

WHAT MADRID KNEW

He tells me that the Madrid Government realised from the beginning that they could not hope to fight regular troops with untrained and ill-equipped men and expect to win. Equally, they cannot train men and fight at the same time. On the other hand, they are satisfied that the Insurgents have reached their maximum man-power, which is their reason for hiring Moors.

ARMY UNDER TRAINING

Catalonia is pretty well clear of Insurgents, and arrangements have been made with the Catalonian Government whereby they, in comparative peace, will train and equip an army, and they estimate that within five months of the outbreak of the trouble, Catalonia will be in a position to put a fully-trained and equipped army of one million men in the field.

WHEN MADRID FALLS

Meanwhile, the Madrid Government is to delay the Insurgents as much as possible; and, in particular, to weaken the Insurgents' war-power as much as they can; so that whilst Catalonia is building more and more, the Insurgents are losing more and more. Then, when Madrid falls, as it will ultimately do, the Catalonian Government army will go into action.

30 REBEL 'PLANES BROUGHT DOWN IN THREE DAYS

MADRID, Oct. 29.

"This is our Battle of the Marne" is the phrase used in political circles to describe Government's counter-offensive which, according to a Ministry of War communique, has recorded a big advance on the Southern Front, resulting in the Insurgents asking for reinforcements of men, artillery and Moroccan Cavalry.

Government Aircraft during the past three days have brought down 30 Insurgent 'planes on the North, North-West and Southern Fronts. Although no definite news is made public the atmosphere in Madrid already appears to be easier.

It is stated that the Insurgents have been compelled to retreat in the face of the rapidity and unexpectedness of the Militia attack which supported by tanks, aeroplanes and armoured trains equipped secretly attacked on the lines leading to Aranjuez.

FRANCO CALLS ON RESERVES

A Rabat telegram says:—

The difficulty of the terrain has delayed the advance of the Insurgents' columns, but great news may be expected to-morrow, according to a Radio message at Tetuan.

The Radio at Cordoba has broadcast a decree by General Franco, ordering all the reservists to report within five days.—Reuter.

GOVT. ADVANCE ON ALL FRONTS

MADRID, Oct. 29.

Government claim advances on all Madrid fronts. Senor Caballero has issued a stirring proclamation that the militia can now advance sefely as they now had tanks and sufficient munitions to free the capital from danger within 24 hours.

A Barcelona message states:—It is reported that Government forces under Colonel Villalba have entered Huesca and occupied the Civil Government building.—Reuter.

RUSSIAN GENERAL IN COMMAND OF GOVT. FORCES?

LISBON Oct. 30

A communique issued from General Varela's headquarters claims that in yesterday's fighting the Insurgents captured many prisoners, including 300 newly arrived Russian soldiers, who cannot speak a word of Spanish. The communique adds that the officers taken prisoners state that a Russian General has assumed command of the Government forces and has concentrated all the troops south-west of the Capital, leaving only a weak outpost to guard the Guadarrama Front.—Reuter.

ITALIANS DENY ALLEGATIONS

ROME, Oct 29.

The Spanish Government allegations that Italian ships bombarded the Balearic Islands and that the Spanish coast is in Government hands are officially denied.—Reuter.

Queen Mary Leaves Palace

Queen Mary took up residence at Marlborough House London, her new home on October 1.

She left Buckingham Palace—where she has resided for 26 years—accompanied by King Edward and his sister, the Princess Royal.

Queen Mary lunched at the Palace with her son and daughter. When she dines there again it will be as her son's guest.

BRITISH AID TO U.S. SEEN BY RANDOLPH CHURCHILL

Predicts Alliance If America Is Involved In War With Japan

NEW YORK.

Randolph Churchill, youthful British journalist and politician, predicted that Great Britain will come to the aid of the United States "if your country is ever being done in by Japan in a war."

As for Hitler, young Churchill said: "We are all mugs if we let him make a world issue of Communism and Fascism—an unreal issue as both are dictatorships."

"Hitler is out to play Bismarck's game by crushing his opponents one by one," said young Churchill. "If England stays out now she will just get it in the neck if Hitler smashes Russia and France. A Franco-British alliance is not enough—there must be an alliance of all peaceful nations against any aggressor.

"Everything that has happened in Europe for years has increased the advantages of Hitler and Mussolini," he continued. "It is a stroke of luck for Hitler now that all the Conservative sentiment in England is favourable to the rebels in Spain. The stupidity of Moscow in cutting off all those heads after the recent so-called spy trial has also strengthened Hitler in England.

"On the false issue of Communism vs. Fascism, Europe is preparing for a repetition of the devastating wars at the end of the Middle Ages between Protestants and Catholics. The real 'Popular Front' should be against both Communism and Fascism."

NO ECONOMIC ISOLATION

U. S. State Secretary Defends Govt.'s Trade Policy

DETROIT, Oct. 30.

The world must abandon the unsound policy of economic isolation declared Mr. Cordell Hull, Secretary of State, in a speech defending Government's trade policy.

Economic isolation is leading to only one direction. If there is not a military explosion within the next year or two, there will be an economic explosion. Europe has been trying to cure the situation by political means and it is going from bad to worse.

Mr. Hull stated "a reciprocal trade programme offers the only alternative to extreme economic isolation, which resulted so disastrously in the past and which brings huge armaments and, in the end, War".—Reuter

Election Fever In U. S.

NEW YORK, Oct. 30.

New York and the United States are in a grip of an intense election fever.

Lorries representing all parties are carrying huge banners and loud speakers and patrolling the streets blaring denunciations at each other.

Times Square was the scene of mass 'booing' when the supporters of Mr. Landon invaded a democrat meeting. Scores of mounted police formed a barrier between the hissing rivals.

Highway patrolmen at Harrisburg near Philadelphia arrested a youth reported to be carrying a loaded revolver in a crowd lining the route along which President Roosevelt intended to pass.

It is alleged that the youth was acting suspiciously and has been charged with carrying a concealed deadly weapon.—Reuter.

Human Milk Put Into Cold Storage

There is no food that can properly replace mother's milk, and this is particularly true in cases of premature birth.

Until recently, there was no known method of preserving human milk so that it would be readily available in cases of emergency. Two American medical men, however, are reported to have overcome the difficulties.

The milk is frozen solid, sliced into wafers, packed in glass containers, and put into a cold storage at a temperature of 15 degrees below zero. All that is required to prepare it for use is thawing out.

Extensive tests prove that freezing and thawing do not in any way alter the properties of the milk.

The Romance Of Words

Jingo

It is only for a comparatively few years that people who seem always to be itching to go to war on the slightest pretext have been called Jingoes. It was in 1878 that C. W. Hunt wrote a song for the music halls, in which appeared the words, "We don't want to fight; but by Jingo, if we do. We've got the ships, we've got the men, and got the money too."

The reference was to the supposed imminence of England's participation in the Russo-Turkish War, those who favoured the Turks being called the Jingoes.

TOUGH FIGHT FOR PRESIDENTSHIP

Roosevelt And Landon Make Effort To Win Support Of The East

NEW YORK, Oct. 29.

With the approach of polling day, the Presidential Election fight is intensifying. Both Roosevelt and Landon are making a final effort to win the support of the densely populated and highly industrialised East where the vote may decide the issue.

Huge banners drape Manhattan's streets, loudspeakers blare election propaganda, motorcars are covered with posters and the majority of pedestrians wear the button of their favourite candidate.

President Roosevelt after a mixed reception at Wall Street proceeded to Pennsylvania where he bitterly condemned as coercion the propaganda material which employers are inserting in the workmen's pay envelopes, and declared that the fair-minded public must place such tactics in a class with the coercion of the strongarm squad and the whispering labour spy.

General Landon speaking in New Jersey condemned the attempted alignment of Labour into one party, declaring that anyone claiming to deliver any part of the American people to a political master was betraying the creed of America and threatening to destroy a one class nation in a world divided by class hatred.

Police everywhere are taking precautions against violent demonstrations.—Reuter.

"QUASHED" WINS JOCKEY CLUB CUP

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

LONDON, October 29.

At Newmarket in the Jockey Club Cup, "Quashed", ridden by Perryman, trained by Colledge leader, starting at two against five, beat Penny Royal by one length.

WHY CALL ME FRONTIER GANDHI?

"Squabbles Follow In Wake Of Dual Leadership"

AHMEDABAD, Oct. 30.

Mahatma Gandhi, accompanied by Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan and Seth Jamnalal Bajaj, arrived this morning and proceeded straight to Nadiad where the Nadiad Municipality presented addresses of welcome to Mr. Jamnalal Bajaj and Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan.

The latter replying to the address said that he did not like being called "the Frontier Gandhi." There could be only one Gandhi. Where there were many leaders squabbles ensued and the service of the country was neglected.

Gandhiji and Abdul Gaffar Khan returned this afternoon to Ahmedabad, where Gandhiji will preside over the Gujarat Literary Conference.

Representatives of the millowners' Association and the labour association will also see Gandhiji and discuss with him the wages dispute.—A.P.

BALDWIN STILL COMPLACENT

Premier Refuses To Regard War As Inevitable

LONDON Oct. 29

Mr. Baldwin in his first appearance since his illness wound up the Commons debate. He looked slightly pale but retained his vigour of expression. He declared that there had been some breaches of the Non-intervention Pact on both sides, but insufficiently important to cause a modification of our policy.

Since the end of August Britain furthered humanitarian efforts in Spain. The first appeal was rejected by the Spanish Government consequently it was not submitted to the Burgos authorities. Since then the Britain had pursued action alone with a fair measure of success.

The Diplomatic Corps jointly and the British Charge D'Affaires at Madrid privately made representations to check the mounting toll of private assassinations and secure the posting of reliable guards in prisons. The minister of state gave an assurance that the murders would be stopped. The good results of the appeal were immediately noticeable (Cheers.)

Contempt For Both Sides

"Thank God as far as Britain is concerned these two forces are not worth that (snapping his fingers)" exclaimed Mr. Baldwin, perorating his characteristic disquisition on Communism and Fascism. The difference in democracies and autocracies is the former advertises its troubles to the world. Under authoritarianism we have to guess their troubles. Our system is healthier notwithstanding incidents like the Nuffield differences broadcast exaggeratedly in authoritarian states.

Attacking Communism the Premier said it will neither brook, realise, understand or allow any fact that clashes with what it wants to believe, moreover it had bred Fascism.

Mr. Baldwin referred to the suggestion that Germany might attack Britain, and said that was not where the danger was coming from. He refused to regard war as inevitable. "Every month gained for peace is a gain on the right side That is what we are working for."

CLAN LINE'S BIG ORDER

Will Keep Greenock Dock-Yard Busy For Three Years

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

LONDON, Oct. 30.

An order which will keep Greenock Dockyard Company's works fully engaged for three years placed by Clan Line comprises six 10,000 ton steamers in addition to four already being constructed in the same Yards for Clan Line.

WELL-KNOWN AUTHOR DEAD

LONDON, October 30.

Death has occurred of Captain Harry Graham, author and journalist.—Reuter.

(Harry Graham, the second son of late Sir Henry Graham, was born in 1874. He joined Coldstream Guards and served as Aide-de-Camp to Lord Minto when he was Viceroy of India. He saw service in Africa in 1901-2, and joined the Guards in 1914 on the outbreak of the Great War and served in France.

He was author of a number of plays, novels and ballads and rhymes including "Mother of Parliaments" "Splendid Failures", etc.)

Towards Brighter Bombay

(Continued from page 6)

buildings of one ground and one upper floor only in the first or two front rows of the plots while in the third row buildings with a ground floor and two upper stories may be allowed and in the last row with a ground floor and three upper stories. The plots abutting on the Lady Jamshedji road should have no restrictions, but the maximum height according to the Municipal act and bye-law may be allowed.

Colaba Land.

It was the same case with the land at Colaba near Arthur Bunder, as this land was lying also idle for the last so many years. After a few plots were sold and the buildings erected thereon, other plots were sold in the boom time and now there is hardly a plot left on this site belonging to the Port Trust.

(To Be Continued).

KING'S ANXIETY FOR SPANISH SITUATION

Britain Has Consistently Tried To Localise Struggle

PARLIAMENT PROROGUED

LONDON, October 30.

The King's speech at prorogation of Parliament says:—

"I am addressing you for the first time as your Sovereign. I desire before all to express once more my deep appreciation of the sympathy which has been extended to me and my dear mother from every part of my Dominions. I am profoundly touched by the universal expression of affection and respect with which my beloved father was regarded. I am well assured that the memory of King George's life, devotion and unremitting service will live long in the hearts of my people."

FUTURE OF EGYPT.

The King expressed the earnest hope that the Anglo-Egyptian Treaty when ratified might be the beginning of a new era in which friendly co-operation which marked relations between Britain and Egypt in the past would be confirmed and strengthened.

ANXIETY FOR SPAIN.

"I viewed with concern and anxiety events in Spain during last three months. My Government have spared no pains to promote and encourage humanitarian efforts to mitigate sufferings of the Spanish people. The Navy has acted in accordance with its high traditions in relieving distress. It has been the consistent policy of my Government to attempt to localise the unhappy struggle. With this end they have seconded the French initiative for a non-intervention agreement and have energetically co-operated in its negotiation and application."

The speech observes: "Essential measures for strengthening of three defence forces have been steadily pursued." The spech rejoices at the marked increase in trade, employment and diminution of unemployment.

EFFORTS FOR INTERNATIONAL PEACE

RUGBY, Oct. 30.

The King's speech also dealt with the Montreux Conference.

"A Conference was held at Montreux in Sommer for revision of Straits Convention of Lausanne. Successful outcome of this Conference, to which I am pleased to think that my Government have contributed, has set a happy example for the future.

"The Assembly of the League of Nations have recently opened an enquiry into the working of the Covenant and my Government which remain attached to the principles of the Covenant have made known their views upon the manner in which its application might be improved. My Ministers have been engaged in negotiations for a meeting between the five Powers signatory to the Treaty of Locarno on the basis of the agreement reached by my Government and the Governments of France and Belgium in London on 23rd July. These negotiations are continuing

CURRENCY READJUSTMENT

"My Ministers were glad to be able, in conjunction with the Government of the United States of America, to lend their co-operation to the scheme for readjustment of the value of the French currency. I trust that the measures taken recently by the French and several other Governments will pave the way for further improvement in the international trade.

"On the subject of development of National Health Services good progress was made with the clearance and replacement of slums, surveys of overcrowding and provision of the new housing accommodation were noted."—B.O.W.

CONQUERED ATLANTIC THRICE

Jim Mollison's Coast-to-Coast Flight In Ten Hours

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

LONDON, Oct. 30.

Jim Mollison was lifted exhausted from the machine and leaned heavily on the wing as he answered the necessary questions of the Customs officer. He then staggered through the crowd which was shouting "Good Old Jim" towards the front of the 'plane where he posed for photographs.

He said that he had made the coast-to-coast flight in ten hours. He added that it was snowing when he left. When he was 600 miles out, ice formed on the wings and he had to circle round for an hour in order to melt it. The machine was splendid and averaged 200 miles per hour for the trip.

He might go on to the Cape within a day. He refused to discuss with his wife.

Amy was too ill to welcome her husband at Croydon.

"I am darned tired and I want whisky and soda and rest" was the first request of Jim Mollison. But it was too early, so he was content with ginger-beer.

Jim Mollison is the first man to cross the Atlantic thrice. Jim will sleep in London to-night and start for the Cape very soon.

MOLLISON LANDS AT CROYDON

LONDON, Oct. 30.

Mollison has landed at Croydon at 09-56 crossing from Harbour Grace in 13 hours and 16 minutes.—Reuter.

Scene At Croydon

LONDON, Oct. 30.

The possibility that Jim Mollison has made the fastest record flight across the Atlantic was envisaged in the news that a large 'plane encircled Valentia, Ireland, about 6.00 a.m. and then disappeared in an easterly direction flying fast.

A number of newsreel vans and pressmen are waiting at Croydon where a crowd is beginning to gather.

It is doubtful whether Amy is well enough after her recent accident to meet Jim.—Reuter.

WELL-KNOWN BANKER'S DEATH

New Principal For Training College

(From Our Correspondent).

SAYAJIGANJ, Oct. 30.

Velchand Chhaganlal Banker, a personal friend of Mahatma Gandhi and a philanthropist, expired yesterday noon, aged 51, at his residence in Alakhapurl, a suburb of Baroda.

He was a prominent man in Baroda's public life. He donated large sums for propaganda of Khaddar.

Mahatma Gandhi and Sardar Vallabhai Patel have sent messages of condolences to the son of the deceased.

The next session of the State Representative Assembly meets on the 20th January.

The Holkar College Cricket Team defeated the Gackwar Railway Team by 6 runs, and defeated the Baroda College by ten wickets and twelve runs.

Mr. Howard is appointed Principal of the Secondary Teachers' Training College.

The total rainfall during the monsoon averages in Baroda, Navsari, Mehsana and Amreli Districts are 26, 32, 17 and 14 inches respectively.

Through Running On Bezwada-Guntakal Line Restored

BOMBAY, Oct. 30.

The Traffic Superintendent, Guntakal, M.S.M. Railway wires under date Oct. 30:—

"With reference to my wire of yesterday's date, through running of trains between Vinukonda and Bezwada has since been restored. There has been no damage to the permanent way. Telegraph and Telephone communications are still interrupted between Vinukonda and Bezwada and consequently trains are running late traffic.—United Press.

A Nawab's Attack On Congress And Labour

Graduates Warned Against "Touring Exploiters"

(From Our Correspondent)

HYDERABAD, (Dn.) October 30.

Scathing criticism was made against Congress activities and the Socialist movement by Nawab Mehdi Yar Jung Bahadur, Political Member of the Nizam's Government, while opening the fourth session of the Osmania University Graduates' Conference held this morning at City College.

Referring to Labour, the Nawab observed, labourers should be well protected and capitalists who engage labourers should try to give them bread but should not allow them to usurp superiority.

"Jawahar's Scheme Unworkble"

Turning to Pt. Jawaharlal's personal ideas on Socialism the speaker said, his scheme was unworkable and that tours of Socialists in villages are for the exploitation of the uneducated village folk.

In conclusion the Nawab warned graduates and educated young men in general not to dabble in such movements and to beware of dangers and try and act according to the advices of elders.

Nizam And Federation

Dr. Syed Hussain of Osmania University then delivered his Presidential Address and dealt in detail with the system of education existing in India, the need for compulsory primary education, industrial development, agricultural problems, unemployment and Federation.

As regards Federation the Doctor observed the question of Federation is a matter of urgent importance to India as also to States.

"So far as Hyderabad is concerned, its problems are different from those of other States. The future of Hyderabad depends mostly either on its entry into Federation or not and this question will settle the fate of the people of Hyderabad. If Hyderabad has to join Federation the preservation of the insignia of Sovereignty is necessary and no Hyderabadi will be prepared to allow the State to forego its status."

CONDOLENCE RESOLUTION

The conference next passed resolutions of condolenc regretting the demise of His Majesty King George, the infant Prince of Hyderabad and Dr. A. H. Mackenzie, Pro-Vice-Chancellor of the Osmania University.

MORE CONGRESS SUCCESSES

Aldermen's Election In Madras City Corporation

MADRAS, Oct. 30.

The newly elected City Council met this evening under the presidency of Mr. Abdul Hameed Khan, the outgoing Mayor, to elect four Aldermen and one Alderwoman provided for under the amended Municipal Act.

All Congress nominees came out successful, Mr. Satyamurthi, Mr. T. Prakasam, Mr. Yakub Hasan and Mr. Meenakshi Sundaram being elected Aldermen and Dr. Mrs. Muthulakshmi Reddi as Alderwoman. The result was acclaimed with cheers from the Congress benches.

Others prominent among whom were Mr. W. W. Ladden and Mr. G. A. Natesan, proposed by the non-Congress Councillors, were defeated. Mrs. Muthulakshmi Reddi was unanimously elected as Alderwoman.

The Council meets again on November 3 to elect Mayor and Deputy Mayor and also different Standing Committees of the Corporation.—United Press.

ELECTIONS IN PUNJAB

Instructions To Hon. Magistrates

LAHORE, Oct. 30.

In the Punjab Legislative Council, replying to a question, Dr. Narang, Minister, stated that, there being joint electorates in District Boards, minority communities frequently failed to secure due representation by election. But this difficiency, as far as possible, was made up by nomination. There was no widespread dissatisfaction and bitterness among the minorities. The Finance Member told the House that, in case of Honorary Magistrates who intended to seek election to the Assembly, instructions were already issued that, all cases pending in their files should be withdrawn and no fresh cases should be sent to them.

Government informed the Council that they intended to encourage those desirous of making efforts for the improvement of cattle breeding.

SIGH OF RELIEF.

The Adjournment Motion in the Punjab Legislative Council regarding the supersession of Lahore Municipality, was talked out.

Dr. Narang, Minister of the Local Self-Government, made a criticism of the administration of the Municipality and exonerated the Executive Officer and appreciated his work. Dr. Narang said:—"Owing to the supersession of the Municipality, the public will heave a sigh of relief as the matter was disgraceful."

Replying as to why no valid reason was given by the Government for supersession, Dr. Narang said:—"No one requires a candle to see in the moon-light."—United Press."

CONGRESS BULLETINS

A. I. C. C. Office Granted Permission Under Press Act

(From Our Correspondent.)

ALLAHABAD, Oct. 30.

Although the U. P. Government has given permission to publish Congress bulletins, it is stated they have done so holding them to be news sheets under the Press Act.

It appears under the Press Act registration of such news sheets was not necessary but a formal permission of Government only was necessary.

In a lengthy letter the A.I.C.C. Office authorities, it is understood, took strong objection to the Government's action in interfering with publications of Congress bulletins and seizing them. In the end they wrote to the effect that without admitting that these bulletins came under the definitions of "News Sheets" they were prepared to apply for "permission" to publish these bulletins, as they did not like that any hindrance should be caused to their publicity work.

Government accepted this offer and granted the A.I.C.C. office the necessary permission.

The office will have to submit certain copies of the bulletins to the local authorities on publication.

Saffron Colour For Congress Candidates?

MADRAS, Oct. 29.

Mr. S. Satyamurthi, President of the Tamil Nadu Congress Committee, has addressed the Chief Secretary of the Government of Madras, requesting him to assign the saffron colour in the National Flag as the colour for the ballot boxes for all the Congress Party candidates, in the forthcoming elections to Provincial Legislature, to enable the voters to easily identify them.—United Press.

Sanitation Arrangements At Tilak Nagar

(From Our Correspondent.)

FAIZPUR TILAKNAGAR, Oct. 30.

All sanitary arrangements in Faizpur Municipal area in accordance with Poona Conference proposals provisionally agreed between Appa Saheb Patwardhan Ratnagiri, President of the Sanitation Committee and the Faizpur Municipality president were finally ratified yesterday.

Mr. S. M. Joshi Poona, President and Mr. Wamanrao Kulkarni, Bombay member of the Propaganda Committee arrived this morning. The erection of ten sheds accommodating 500 persons has been completed. Construction of Tilak Nagar by day and night shifts proceeding with all possible speed.

Accession To Federation Is To Cede Sovereignty

(Continued ifrom page 1).

veloping situation among the Princes on the question of their attitude towards Federation.

It is understood that the Chancellor traced the idea of Indian Federation since it started at the Round Table Conference and the later developments and the Instrument of Accession to discuss which the Conference had been convened.

The Maharana regretted the fact that the Maharaja of Patiala was not the Chancellor of the Princes' Chamber and hoped that the Maharaja's guidance would be available for the Chamber in any decision that it might take on the question of the Princes entering the Federation.

Patiala's Speech

The Maharaja of Patiala in the course of his speech, is stated to have stressed the necessity of absolute unanimity and co-operation between the smaller and bigger states on the question of the Indian Princes entering the Federation.

He said that it had been suggested by the Nawab of Janjira that it was not possible for the Princes to take any definite decision on the question of entering the Federation till they had carefully considered their position

He suggested that the Government of India should be requested to give them time till a fortnight after the meeting of the Princes Chamber next February by which time the advisers to the Viceroy, would have finished their tour round the States to find out the wishes of the Rulers regarding their entering the Federation.

The Maharajas of Bikaner and Dewas and the Nawab of Bhopal also spoke.

It would appear that they supported the view of the Maharaja of Patiala and suggested that the replies of individual rulers to the representatives of the Viceroy should be non-committal and vague and a final decision of all the Princes should be given after the meeting of the Chamber of Princes next February.

In the meanwhile, the Chamber will consult Financial experts and appoint a special Committee to go through the subject of Federal Finance in so far as they concerned the Indian States and extract as much more as possible for the States.

It is also understood that the States want to raise the question of Paramountcy and getting a definite clarification of the point from the British Government before they agree to Federate.

In his inaugural address the Chancellor is understood to have referred to the discussions which had been held during the last six years in India and Britain on constitutional reforms. An event of historic importance took shape at the first Round Table Conference when some of the representatives of the States expressed their willingness to accept the invitation of British India to join in an All-India Federation as a gesture of good-will. It was made plain that in doing so the States would naturally insist on the preservation of their sovereignty and internal autonomy. It was also declared that if any India-wide scheme came into being in so far as it related to the States there would be no question of extending the sphere of influence of activity without the expressed consent and agreement of the rulers.

His Majesty's Government stood committed, with the passage of the Government of India Act of 1935, to the inauguration of a Federal Constitution in India, and the States had been asked to specify within a limited space of time what their terms would be if they decided to join Federation, in order that the Federal Constitution might be inaugurated.

While paying a tribute to the Ministers who worked at the Conference the Chancellor felt that rulers from all over India had recognised the service that was being rendered by their Highnesses' only institution, the Chamber of Princes. The attitude of the rulers of some States, large and small, who began either openly to dissociate themselves from it, or passively show their disinterestedness by keeping away from the Chamber was somewhat depressing to those like him. He expressed his gratitude to their Highnesses who assembled at the Conference at personal inconvenience, and particularly, to the Nawab of Bhopal, who had unfortunately dissociated himself from the Chamber. The Nawab of Rampur deserved thanks for having not only come to the Conference but decided to re-enter the Chamber.

The Chancellor said:

"If we are well organised, I can visualise the possibility of creating liaison for all-India purposes only with the vested interests outside our States and a large accession of strength to this party later on could be had from the landed aristocracy and the aristocracy of wealth in British India also. We could thus bring into being an All-India Conservative party, which would exercise that influence in the future destinies of this country which a party composed of stable elements always does in preserving and enhancing prosperity and healthy growth.

"I have had talks with Sir Akbar Hydari and I am hopeful of the biggest States agreeing to co-operate with the Chamber as they used to do before, in order to create a united party. If that is achieved satisfactorily, I shall feel relieved and happy in the thought that the best that could be done under the present circumstances has been done in the interests of not only the States but India as a whole. If India must be saved from political catastrophe, it is necessary that all stable elements in the country should be brought together to influence the future of the country."

In conclusion His Highness appealed to the Princes' Order to sink all petty differences and stand together in creating a stable force in the country. "In doing so," he said, "we shall be truly serving the Indian Empire, thus rightly fulfilling the generations-old obligations that we owe towards the one and the only real magnet which binds us together, namely the Head of the House of Windsor—our beloved King Emperor."

The Maharaja of Dewas (Junior) addressing the Conference is stated to have said that he wanted to emphasize the necessity of not taking any hasty action and not be carried away by more than one influence and forces which usually operate and generate on occasions like the present one. He said that he could not praise Federation for the simple reason that acceptance of Federation meant parting with sovereignty, however partial and hemmed in with reservations and limitations. It also meant giving away a large portion of internal autonomy to the Federal authority.

Continuing, the Maharaja said that the Princes were free agents to decide upon their own course and adopt their own line of action and hence grousing or grumbling would only make them look ridiculous in the opinion of others.

He continued: "From what I have so far been able to grasp of the question of Federation, I am more inclined to keep out of it. Yet this is not my final and considered judgment." The Rulers had yet to get the Draft Instrument of Accession recast and amended in the light of superior legal experience and knowledge of the legal expert of the Chamber. It was also essential to get expert opinion on the financial aspect of the problem.

DANGERS OF FEDERATION

Apart from what had been discussed at the Conference of the Ministers regarding reservations and limitations as to the subjects in the Federal list, there remained several outstanding aspects of the problems which had yet to be carefully examined.

The Maharaja suggested that a small Committee of financial experts should be appointed at once to consider and report on the financial implications of Federation in so far as it concerned the Indian States.

NO PREMATURE CONSENT.

Concluding, he said: "We are averse to change; unless we are quite satisfied that the new order is of distinct advantage over the old from the standpoint of welfare of our subjects. I have reason to believe that a direct attempt is made to hustle and pilot us into giving a premature consent to enter Federation. We are told that those who accede now will reap certain benefits over those who now refuse and come in after a lapse of some years. I think that this consideration need not take us off the rails and draw us into the vortex of the Federation until we have thoroughly examined the question."

When the Conference met again in the afternoon, the Maharaja of Panna said: "With all the handicaps we are now masters in our own houses. Under Federation we will not be. Entering Federation means ceding of Sovereignty which is our own cherished possession. We will be reduced to the position of 'constitutional rulers.' The Hindu ideals of Raja and praja under our century-old histories are likely to be obliterated. I do not want to scare the Princes.

THE OTHER SIDE

"We must examine the other side of the picture too. By agreeing to federate we shall for the first time be exercising an influence over the Government of the country. The British Indian parties will have to come and seek our support. It may well be that we will be the 'Single United' party. It may be that we will be the first to form the future Government of India under the reformed Constitution, but this is possible if only we are united.

PARLIAMENTARY BOARD

"I would suggest the forming of a Parliamentary Party of Princes and send our own representatives to the Assembly. The British Indian politicians will be at our doors seeking for support. Let us not be afraid of keeping out of the Federation if we think that the best interests of the country and the interests of ourselves were not served. But whatever we do let us do it unitedly. United we stand divided we fall."

ESSENTIAL CONDITIONS

The Maharaja of Bikaner traced the history of Federation from 1917 and referred to the happenings at the Round Table Conference wherein he spoke on behalf of the Indian States' Delegation that the States were prepared to consider the question of Federation, subject to three essential conditions, namely, (1) India retained British connection as an equal partner of the Commonwealth of Nations; (2) Equitable agreement be reached between all parties concerned to cover the relations between the two Indias and (3) that their Sovereignty was duly safeguarded.

He added that the Princes should consider the unique nature of Indian Federation. On the one hand there were Sovereign States and on the other the provinces which had no vestige of sovereignty. "I have never made any boasts regarding Federation. If the essential safeguards are assured we may examine the scheme. We have at present a fairly good idea of the picture. There are yet several patches to be filled in."

DON'T LAG BEHIND

He also warned the Princes that if they lagged behind, things would go without them, and they might regret that occasion. "I wish the Princes to consider this. We must fully weigh the 'pros and cons' and ultimately decide whether it is in our interest to federate or not. I had a conversation with an eminent gentleman in England that the Government would try and help us for the essential 'sine qua non.' I am not talking in a controversial spirit at all. With all the emphasis at my command I urge united action after sinking our personal differences."

DEMAND FOR MORE COMMITTEES

The Dewan of Rewa said that His Highness of Rewa was the first person in India to sound a discordant note when the Federal question was looming large. He said he had directions to announce that His Highness' views were still what they were.

He said that there were several Sections of the Act which were not yet scrutinised. Although the Ministers had examined the Instrument of Accession and the schedule thereto, he cited certain Sections which had far-reaching repercussions on the internal sovereignty of the States. He suggested formation of 3 committees: (1) to examine reservations already made; (2) to examine the subject of Constitutional rights of Princes fully supported by a Constitutional lawyer and (3) to examine the subject of financial and fiscal part of the Act supported by another financial adviser.

Dewan of Cambay spoke next.

PRINCES MUST GO AHEAD.

The Political Minister of Rampur suggested the advisability of considering Federation sympathetically because of a possibility of the Princes having a hand in the Government of the country. He referred to the salient features of English public life, with particular reference to the deep-rooted traditions of the English people. The Princes had similar tradition behind them, and that provided the element of stability which would stand in good stead. He did not suggest that the Princes should enter Federation with closed eyes.

"You get your reservation and there is a distinct advantage. Are we going into Federation. That is the question that we should answer now. We have traditions. We have our stored-up wisdom and experience of administration. If we have faith in ourselves, we should go ahead and control the destinies of India."

TO ENTER OR NOT TO ENTER, THE QUESTION

It appears that Sir P. Pattani made a lengthy statement and asked the rulers to inform the Conference definitely, as to whether they wanted to enter the Federation or not. If they wanted to join the Federation, he would be able to suggest methods, whereby they could do so, consistent with their treaty rights and safeguarding their own interests.

But in case they did not want to join the Federation then also he would be able to advise them, as to what course the Rulers should follow to get out of a situation, arising out of such a decision.

A Look Round The World

Trade Prospects In Three Countries

Japanese Exports Decline While Germany And Canada Are Hopeful

BERLIN, (By Air Mail.)

It is understood that Dr. Schacht is at present engaged on a new scheme for helping the German exports in face of devaluation by the competitive countries. The scheme although in the form of further export subsidy will not be levied on German industry but will be spread over the whole nation as a sort of general taxation.

According to the calculation made by German commercial circles, the German export subsidy has so far amounted to 25 per cent of the total of Germany's foreign trade.

Decline In Japanese Exports

TOKYO, (By Air Mail.)

A decrease of 41 per cent in the excess of Japanese exports is evident for the month of September as compared with the same period last year due mainly to a decline in the exports of raw silk and wheat and to an increase in imports of raw cotton, iron and steel.

Exports of cotton textiles during September totalled 21 million square yards, 3 per cent more than in August 1936 and 1.1 per cent higher than in the corresponding month of last year.

The total excess of imports for the nine months since January is yen 210 million, an increase of yen 162 million, compared with the corresponding period of 1935.

Canada's Bid For Trade

OTTAWA. (By Air Mail.)

Bid for the most concentrated and scientifically directed regional advertising campaign ever attempted by a dominion is to be made by Canada in Britain. The aim is to make Britain Canada-conscious and boost the sale of Canadian goods, specially foodstuffs. British newspapers will be urged to print more news about Canada and diffuse all about Canada as a mere pasture ground where buffalo herds and Red Indians move about. The drive has already opened in Glasgow and will continue for four months before moving into the next region.

Govt. Accepts Reserve Bank Chief's Resignation

SEQUEL TO DISAGREEMENT ON MATTERS OF POLICY

NEW DELHI, October 30.

The Government of India have issued the following *communique*:

"The Governor-General in Council has received Sir Osborne Smith's application to resign from Governorship of the Reserve Bank of India. He has accepted it with great regret at the loss of an officer who rendered invaluable service to India, both generally and in the establishment and conduct of the affairs of the bank. It is with real regret that Government of India in deference to his own wish part with Sir Osborne's great experience and high capacity."

BANK'S REGRET.

The Central Board of the Reserve Bank of India has passed the following resolution:—

"The Board note with deepest regret Sir Osborne's resignation. They place on record their high sense of appreciation of Sir Osborne Smith's single-minded devotion to the Bank's interest in organising affairs of the bank from its commencement. The Board regret that they must lose Sir Osborne Smith's assistance and experienced guidance in the affairs of the bank hereafter and they cannot speak highly of the services which he rendered to the Bank and to India during the period of his connection with this country. The Board tender to Sir Osborne their best wishes for his prosperity and happiness in his future career.—

A Calcutta message dated 29th stated:—

The "United Press" definitely understands that, at a meeting of the Central Board of Directors of the Reserve Bank of India held to-day at Calcutta, Sir Osborne Smith, Governor of the Reserve Bank of India, tendered his resignation of his office.

The exact reason for this step on Sir Osborne's part is not ascertained, but financial circles here are disposed to attribute it to differences of opinion between Sir Osborne and the Government of India on matters of policy.—United Press.

Smith's Resignation Accepted

NEW DELHI, Oct. 30.

Sir Osborne Smith has tendered his resignation of the Governorship of the Reserve Bank of India and the Governor General-in-Council has accepted it with regret.—A.P.

SOCIALISTS DISAPPOINTED

ALLAHABAD, Oct. 30.

It is learnt that the Indian Socialist circle considers it unfortunate that the Congress leaders have postponed the meeting of the A. I. C. C. and Working Committee that was fixed for November, to the time of the Faizpur Congress.

It appears the Socialists counted that the All-India Agrarian report and the report of the Mass Contact Committee that were to be considered by the members of the A. I. C. C. would be instrumental in bringing about certain changes in the body politic of the Congress which the Socialists had at heart.

In fact they expected that the recommendations of the Mass Contact Committee would change the existing constitution of the Congress towards greater democratisation and the agrarian programme towards the enlargement of the Socialistic activities.

In the absence of giving effect to these reports they think that the coming Congress session will prove a simple electioneering one. —United Press.

THIRTY WORKERS INJURED

Sequel To Train-rake Collision

LUCKNOW, Oct. 30.

Thirty workers have been injured as a result of a collison between workers rakes and a shunting engine near Alambagh crossing. It is stated that the workers' train was running to Charbagh local workshop with the engine in the rear when near Alambagh crossing the shunting engine crashed into the rear of the train. There is no case of serious damage. Of the injured four are detained in hospital while others have been allowed to go after dressing.—A. P.

ADDITIONAL HIGH COURT JUSTICES

NEW DELHI, Oct. 30.

The Governor General-in-Council has appointed Mr. Keshavrao Balkrishna Wassoodev, District and Sessions Judge, and Mr. Noshervan Pherozeshah Engineer to act as Additional Judges of the Bombay High Court for a period of two years from 2nd November, 1936.—A.P.

Bid For Liberty Foiled

(From Our Correspondent.)

HYDERABAD, (Sind) Oct. 30.

A daring bid for liberty by three prisoners from a convict gang was spoiled by the police guard to-day.

It appears the gang was working in a jungle a few miles off Naragate, when three of them escaped but the guard followed them and with the help of villagers captured them within a short time.

OUR READERS' VIEWS

Women Must Vote For Congress

To The Editor of "The Chronicle".

Sir,—Elections to the new Provincial Legislatures are soon to be held. The political atmosphere of the country is surcharged with election activities. Woman's franchise is widened under the new constitution and she will for the first time exercise her vote equally with man. It is a fortunate coincidence that the Indian National Congress, the premier political organization of the country has also decided to fight the elections to the Provincial Legislatures. It is, therefore a question before the women of India as to which party they link themselves with. Doubtless the credit for securing a status for women in the Legislature mainly goes to the Congress which has always stood for adult franchise. By encouraging women to be the comrades on the battle field in the last C.D. movement and by reposing confidence in the womanhood of India, the Congress has shown to the world what women can do and how anti-imperial thought is deep rooted in their hearts.

There are supreme reasons to justify woman's recording her vote in favour of the Congress The woman of to-day outside the legislature and the woman of to-morrow, within the legislature is definitely a product of the push that the Congress has given to her in political life. It is not only in the fighting programme that the Congress has acknowledged her sacrifices but has also recorded equal rights of woman with man by removing any kind of sex disabilities in every walk of life The Karachi Resolution embraces in it all the grievances of women in political, social and economic spheres, by acknowledging equality between man and woman.

The Congress in its election manifesto has recognised unequivocally woman's claim. It says "The Congress has already declared that it stands for the removal of all sex disabilities, whether legal or social or in any sphere of public activity. It has expressed itself in favour of maternity benefits and the protection of women workers. The women of India have already taken a leading part in the freedom's struggle and the Congress looks forward to their sharing in an equal measure with the men of India; the privileges and obligations of citizens of a free India." In none of the manifestos of any other political groups, the woman's status has been even touched, much less the woman's equal partnership with man has ever been recognised.

Women through their several organisations are voicing the cause of freedom in every sphere of life. If the whole includes the part then the achievement of political freedom embraces in it freedom in other spheres also. Congress is the only premier organisation which has launched a militant programme to achieve complete Independence. It becomes, therefore, a logical sequence that women must try for the political freedom which stands for the whole and not for the isolated freedom which stands for the part. So far as the Legislatures go, women must, therefore vote with the Congress to achieve their cherished goal.

It is not with any sense of charity or gratitude that women should side with the Congress, but it is pre-eminently for their self-advancement that they must make a common cause with the Congress in the fight to capture the Legislatures. In achieving social, economic and religious freedom, women have to fight with all adverse elements. It is the Congress alone, that through its militant programme teaches the woman the technique of war-fare. By fighting against the powerful machinary of the Government the Congress has cultivated in women the rare qualities of courage and iron will in resisting domination. It is by virtue of these qualities alone that women will fight for their freedom in all walks of life. It is thus for the advancement of qualities in individual woman and also in women as a class that it is imperative for women to support the Congress.

This is therefore the least why women should deem it their duty to vote for the Congress. That is the noblest and surest way for emancipation of woman from all bonds—political, economic and social. To vote for the Congress is therefore, the minimum that women can do to help themselves. —Yours, etc.

PRAMILA OKE.

Akola,

Council Of State Election

To The Editor of "The Chronicle".

Sir,—As the date for the nomination of candidates is drawing near, it is pertinent to ask Sir Prabhashankar Pattani, the Prime Minister of Bhavnagar, in whose interests he is really contesting the election and on whose behalf he will work in the Upper Chamber. Is he going there to champion the cause of the Bhavnagar State in particular and the Indian States in general—to support the exaggerated claims of the Bhavnagar ports against those in British India or to attempt to restrict the powers of the Federal Legislature in favour of the Indian States? If so, it would be unfair of him to seek the votes of electors in British India and get himself elected to one of the three seats reserved for the non-Muslim Constituency of this Presidency.

In his manifesto No. 2. he declares: "As I said in my first appeal, I wish to concentrate on the rural uplift including redemption of agricultural indebtedness, both governmental and private, measures for famine relief, improvement of cattle, tagavi advances etc."

Every school boy in India should know by now that these are Provincial subjects and cannot be tackled in the Council of State. In his second manifesto, even Sir Pattani has to climb down and confess that "these are matters provincial". But he persists in believing, or rather would have his supporters to believe that "they will receive sympathetic attention at the Centre, because of the great interest the present Viceroy takes in such matters."

It is well to remember that Lord Linlithgow was not only the Chairman of the Indian Agricultural Commission; he was also the Chairman of the Joint Parliamentary Committee and as such should be perfectly familiar with the Indian Constitution; nor has he at any time betrayed an intention to wreck it by riding rough-shod over the obvious and fundamental distinction between the Provincial and Central subjects.

Instead of taking shelter behind such unwarranted assumptions, it will be more straight-forward if Sir P. Pattani were to throw light in his manifestoes and appeals on his real motives and natural preoccupations in seeking election to the Council of State at this particular time.—Yours etc.

FAIR PLAY.

Oct. 30.

Krishnamurti And Theosophical Leaders

To The Editor of "The Chronicle".

Sir,—With reference to the statement made by Mr. Krishnamurti during the Star Camp at Ommen-Holland in August last and now announced in your paper of the 28th inst., re: the Theosophical Society and its present leaders may I be allowed to quote 'in extenso' what Dr. G. S. Arundale—President of the Theosophical Society—says on the same matter in the November number of his journal the "Theosophist":—

"Krishnaji And India"

"When Krishnaji returns home to India I hope he may be heard without that accompaniment of continual comparison and probing which so often almost entirely mars the value of message he gives to the world, so far as regards those who have not yet risen beyond the destructively dissecting lower mind. India needs Krishnaji and his crystal-clear perception of the Real, and I say this who am a Theosophist above all else and knowing of the mighty mission of the Theosophical Society, to the furtherance of which I try to give myself heart and soul. These are no days for the exaltation of divisions and separateness, but for the holding of differences within an unshakeable solidarity. 'Together differently'—so shall we rejoice both in the Rainbow and in our Lord the Sun.

"Let me add that sometimes I feel I should like to speak publicly about Krishnaji and his work, but two considerations cause me to refrain. First, he alone can speak rightly of his own work. Second, I should immediately cause endless unprofitable discussion. People would be asking Krishnaji if he agreed with what I said, and then he might say he did not; with the result that there would be produced confusion worse confounded. Is it not easy to imagine some foolish person sending in a question beginning: 'Dr. Arundale recently said. . . . Do you argee?' How futile these questions are, and how much better both the questioner and the answerer would be employed if the one sought further elucidation and the other amplified his elucidation".

Sir, Let Humanity and Truth ever be our goal and guide.—Yours etc.

K. J. B. W.

Bombay, October 30.

"Constitutional Query"

To The Editor of "The Chronicle".

Sir,—With reference to a query on the above subject from one of your readers appearing on page 12 of your esteemed paper of 26th inst., I venture to offer the following views. The problem as set out by your correspondent is as follows:—

"At a club-meeting, a letter from a member who required certain information was read. One of the members moved "that the letter be recorded", which was duly seconded. Then another member moved an amendment to the effect "that the information required by him be furnished". This was also duly seconded. The Chairman ruled the amendment out of order on the ground that the amendment negativated the proposition. Was the ruling correct?"

In the first instance I may state that I am not aware of any provision at Common Law which lays down that a negative amendment should not be moved. On the contrary amendments directly contrary to the original proposition are permitted and frequently moved in the House of Commons. However in several deliberative assemblies a direct negative of the original proposition is not permitted as the object of the mover is served by a rejection of the original proposition. In the present case the amendment is not negative at all. In fact the voting out of the proposal for recording the letter is not tantamount to an order for furnishing the information required by the member and the amendment proposed for furnishing the information was therefore perfectly in order. If the above view is accepted the difficulty contemplated by your correspondent in the second paragraph does not arise. —Yours, etc.

B. G. PARELKER.

Bombay, October 28.

Owners' Or Agents' Association ?

To The Editor of "The Chronicle".

Sir,—The Secretary of the Ahmedabad Millowners' Association has set the ball rolling by contributing a short note about this subject to the Press. It is reported that while the Honourable Law Member, Sir N. N. Sircar during his speech about the Indian Companies' Act Amendment Bill referred to a certain opinion of this Association, Mr. N. M. Joshi stated that "the members of the Association were not "owners" but were "agents'". Another member is reported to have supported him remarking that "the name of the Association was a misnomer". The Secretary of the Association while referring to these observations has pointed out that "The mill companies are the members of his Association and not the Managing Agents", and has thus tried to show and make out that the present Association is deservedly and appropriately styled the "Owners' Association."

On our part, we assure him that inspite of whatever opinion we might have expressed, we are yet open to revise the same if he or any one acquainted with the facts cares to reply to the questions raised hereunder:—

1. Is the Secretary aware of the fact that there are Associations of the Indian Life Offices and Foreign Life Offices and such Life Offices that enlist their memberships are represented by their Managing Agents, Chairmen of the Boards of Directors and or general Managers or so and yet such Associations do not style themselves as "Indian or Foreign Life Officers' Owners' Association?"

2. Will the Secretary make it clear whether a shareholder can become a member of his Association provided he is not the Managing Agent of the Company? Has any such shareholder been registered as a member?

3. Does the Secretary recognise and admit that the shareholders are the owners of the Companies and yet the Managing Agents have the hardihood of not recognising them as their partners—partners of the mill companies—and have behaved with them in the most arbitrary and unjust manners?

4. Will the Secretary be pleased to give even a single instance where the Managing Agents have consulted their shareholders before enlisting the company as a member or even at the time of severing such membership's connections? Are the subscriptions or other contributions ever voted by the shareholders? Not only that they are not voted but some Agents never show or mention such expenses even in the balance-sheets.

5 Does the Secretary remember that his Association has declined to co-operate with the Shareholders' Association and has sternly turned down the humble demand of the Shareholders to have a uniform and common Share Transfer Form?

6. Is the Secretary prepared to put the matter to the arbitration of any National Leader or even Government Official whether it is proper and in the fitness of things to style the Association as the "Owners' Association" or the "Agents' Association"?

7. If the Secretary accepts that the Shareholders are the owners of the companies and that the Agents represent the companies for and on behalf of these owners —the shareholders will he be pleased to show what good has his Association materially done to the Shareholders and how much his Association has fought for the rights of the Shareholders and how much for the rights and benefits of the Agents?—Yours, etc.,

N. N. DESAI.

Ahmedabad,

Indo-Japanese Association"

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—B. K. Sharman's proposed Indo-Japanese Association is discussed in to-day's "Readers' Views" columns. With due respects the young gentleman I have the boldness to point out that we have a lot to do for our internal progress in the matter of the revival of Indian culture, her industries, her agriculture, and the like aspects of our life. We need not have some foreign country as our ideal for that will do a considerable harm to the spirit of nationalism, which has been nourished by the blood of our leaders, both living and dead. I fail to imagine the advantage or the advantages of the proposed institution for which my friend asks people to spend their time, energy and money. The waste of national wealth needs a very strong check. Our needs should be least so that we may help the utter and dire necessities of our brothers, many of whom do not get even one full meal per day. We are said to be living in age of science and development, forgetting completely the science of life, which is, indeed, miserable, for the plain reason that we have been directing our energies over the baseless topic that India has to learn much from the other nations. I emphatically confirm that whatever our culture dictates need only be put in our daily life and I assure Sjt. Sharman that our country will be the happiest. Even now it is happier than any other nation inspite of its poverty, which is, I assert, due to the negligence of our educated people, who have no other business but to talk from an entirely foreign angle of thought, so poisonous and killing to our individuality that the less we talk about it the better. I hope I am not misunderstood.—Yours, etc.,

H. P. GUPTA.

Bombay, Oct. 26.

Jaipur Archaelogical Department

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—While congratulating the Jaipur Durbar on opening an Archaeological Department and employing a retired officer of the Government of India as Director of Archaeology and Historical Research, Jaipur State one regrets to hear that the exploration in the State by the Director has been done in an unscientific manner. Though my information is through a reliable source I am not prepared to confirm it in the absence of any report from the Director which is said to be not out yet. But I wonder whether the report will ever be out as in the light of our past experience of the Director when he was in Government service one cannot hesitate to say that he was alway slow in bringing out his reports, inasmuch as that his reports having fallen into arrears the Government of India had to employ another officer from outside to write out his reports. If the poor State, like Jaipur, which is already paying the Director out of all proportion to its recources and the amount of work existing in it has to do the same it will be an additional burden to it.—Yours, etc.,

INTERESTED IN ARCHAEOLOGY.

VADNAGARIS MOURN "LALUKAKA'S" LOSS

Under the joint auspices of the Vadnagara Mandal Bombay and Samast Nagar Mandal, Bombay a meeting of the members of the Nagar community was held on Tuesday the 27th inst. in the evening in Forbes Sahitya Sabha Hall under the presidentship of Vishwanath Vaidya J. P. when a resolution at the irreparable loss caused to the community by the death of Sir Lallubhai Samaldas Mehta C.I.E. was passed and the President was authorised to communicate the meetings deep sympathy to the family members of the deceased.

Madras, Oct. 29. Mr. V. R. Talvalker, Chief Architect of Baroda, who has been deputed by the State Government to study the working of the Town Improvement Scheme in Madras, is expected to arrive in Madras towards the end of this month.—United Press.

WILL MY HUSBAND EVER GET RID OF HIS NERVOUSNESS AND BE HIMSELF AGAIN, DOCTOR ?
ONLY WITH PROPER NERVE-NOURISHMENT. I ADVISE A DAILY DIET OF QUAKER OATS
BECAUSE..
HIS CASE IS TYPICAL OF DOZENS. RECENTLY A YOUNG MAN CAME TO ME. HE WAS A NERVOUS WRECK, COMPLETELY STARVED FOR A CERTAIN ELEMENT WE FIND IN QUAKER OATS.
FOR LACK OF THIS SAME PRECIOUS FOOD ELEMENT-VITAMIN B- HIS INTESTINAL TONE WAS POOR. HE SUFFERED THE USUAL BY-PRODUCTS OF CONSTIPATION.
I EXPLAINED HOW THE BODY CANNOT STORE VITAMIN B - IT MUST BE TAKEN IN DAILY. IN QUAKER OATS, NATURE GIVES GENEROUSLY OF THIS NERVE-NOURISHING VITAMIN.
TODAY WHEN I SEE HIM HE IS A MADE-OVER PERSON. BETTER APPETITE AND VITALITY. NERVOUS TROUBLE ALL GONE. CONSTIPATION CURED JUST BY GETTING A DAILY SUPPLY OF VITAMIN B IN QUAKER OATS
HE'S THANKFUL FOR THAT BIT OF ADVICE!
M-23
Nervous, irritable, run-down people NEED THE NERVE-NOURISHING VITAMIN
AND ANAEMIA-COMBATING MINERALS IN DELICIOUS QUAKER OATS
QUAKER
QUICK COOKING WHITE OATS
Now available in Quick-Cooking form — Cooks in 2½ minutes.
If you prize your health, protect it with a daily diet of Quaker Oats. Quaker Oats is rich in the vital nerve-nourishing Vitamin B!
Our bodies must have a fresh supply of this precious element every day! We cannot store up a surplus. And without this vitamin, we develop nervousness, constipation, poor appetite, and a badly run-down condition.
That's why Quaker Oats is so essential to everyone. Every man, woman and child needs its strengthening, health-building qualities. Delicious too, and so easy to prepare!
EXPERTS SELECT QUAKER OATS FOR DIONNE QUINTS
With the whole world of food science to guide them, experts in charge of these little wards of H. M. The King, put them on Quaker Oats even before their first birthday.
Made from plump Dominion grain.
50% richer in muscle-building value.
QUAKER OATS
Gives you the Vitality to keep you fit

INSTALLATION FREE

TELEPHONE RATES.	PAYABLE YEARLY.	PAYABLE QUARTERLY.	PAYABLE MONTHLY.
Business Lines	Rs. 280	Rs. 72-8	Rs. 25
Residential Lines	Rs. 180	Rs. 45-0	Rs. 16
Party Lines (Residences only)	Rs. 135	Rs. 34-0	Rs. 12

HAND MICRO INSTRUMENT Rs. 10/- extra per year.

BOMBAY TELEPHONE CO., LTD.,
HOME STREET, BOMBAY.

FILM FARE FOR THE WEEK

"The General Died At Dawn" At Pathe—"The Gorgeous Hussy" At Central —"The Improper Duchess" At Capitol—"Public Nuisance No. 1" At Regal—"Mandalay" At Opera—"A Star Fell From Heaven" At Exselsior—"Bhakta Cheta" At Wellington

Frances Day in "Public Nuisance No. 1" at the Regal this week.

"PUBLIC NUISANCE NO. 1"

At The Regal

In "Public Nuisance No. 1" showing from to-day at the Regal Theatre, France's Day, one of the most glamorous actresses on the British screen, is given every opportunity of proving what a really brilliant star she is. Her sheer bubbling enthusiasm for her work communicates itself to the audience who will find the film exhilarating entertainment of the highest order. "Public Nuisance No. 1" abounds in popular musical numbers all of which have been written by Vivian Ellis, and on no account should filmgoers miss Frances Day's number, "Me and My Dog," one of the high spots of the film. She will tell you she's "just a little girl lost in a fog" but what she will not tell you is the ordeal she went through during the filming of that number. A synthetic fog was produced in the Studios which, despite all precautions, proved highly irritant to sensitive eyes, noses and throats. Electricians, cameramen, director and scenarist—all suffered, but none quite so much as the star who was completely enveloped in it. Film-goers will see her with a brilliant smile, persuading some kind gentlemen to see her and her dog home, but it was with smarting eyes and an ever-threatening huskiness in her voice that she sang bravely on—at one point even having to endure a close-up standing over a barrel of smoke, the smell of which proved abominable. The "Me and My Dog" number of the film is in the nature of a requiem, for it was specially written for Frances Day in memory of Bill, a trusted and trusting bulldog, and an inseparable companion of the star Alas! he was not immortal. Frances Day's grief at his passing was shared by the many who had known Bill. In "Public Nuisance No. 1" he has a permanent memorial—in celluloid.

MONARCHY SAVED BY A WOMAN'S WIT "THE IMPROPER DUCHESS"

At The Capitol

A piquant story concerning the scandal which surrounds a Ruritanian monarch when he is discovered in a Washington Hotel dancing the Rhumba in the bedroom of his Chancellor's wife, is brought to the screen in "The Improper Duchess" the scintillating comedy, which is showing at the Capitol this week.

Senator Corcaran and the Reverend Adam Macadam are the main scandal-mongers and the things look very black for Poldavia, for the publication of the story will mean the frustration of the oil deal between the monarchy and the United States. But Duchess inveigles the Senator to come to her apartment and learns that he is scheming to avenge a business association closely connected the merger. She explains, that by buying a plot of Poldavian land which his rival desires, he gets his revenge, and so impressed is he by her charms that he willingly agrees to this proposal, offering her an extra million. Too late he realises that it is in his interests to see that the oil deal goes through, and he is at a loss to know how to salve the Reverend Macadam's conscience, the padre's motives being entirely honourable. The resourceful Duchess, however, bribes the flint-hearted Macadam with the million pounds to be devoted entirely to building a church for his poor parishioners, and in the name of charity he is unable to refuse the offer. The Improper Duchess is played by Yvonne Arnaud who gives a sparkling and long-to-be-remembered performance, the supporting cast, which includes Hugh Wakefield, Arthur Finn, Felix Aylmer and Wilfred Caithness, gives brilliant characterisations.

"The General Died at Dawn" with Gary Cooper and Madeleine Caroll at Pathe from Saturday.

"The Improper Duchess" at the Capitol this week.

CHINESE REVOLT FILM

"The General Died At Dawn" At Pathe

A fast-moving story of adventure, intrigue and romance in modern war-torn China, "The General Died at Dawn", which opens at the Pathe Theatre to-day, brings to the screen a thrilling drama which might have been taken directly from the newspaper headlines.

"The General Died at Dawn" presents Gary Cooper again in a soldier-of-fortune role, one which has added greatly to his stature as one of filmdom's outstanding stars. Playing opposite him—as a woman who uses her beauty as a lure in the high game of international intrigue—is beautiful blonde Madeleine Carroll, young English actress who is headed for a major position among the great stars.

The film is based on the struggle between modern China and the predatory war-lords who are laying the country waste. On the one side is General Yang, ambitious war-lord intent upon crushing China under his iron heel. On the other is a growing people's movement. Cooper is in the ranks of this movement.

Sent to Shanghai with money with which to buy arms, Cooper is lured abroad, a train by Miss Carroll, daughter of a crooked international agent. The train is held up and Cooper is captured. The agent is given the money and sent to Shanghai to pick up Cooper's arms consignment. Once there he decides to flee to America with the money. Copper escapes from Yang and reaches Shanghai where he kills the agent in a shooting scrape. Yang arrives and takes him prisoner again, together with Miss Carroll. He takes them aboard his junk where he intends to torture them into revealing the hiding places of the money which neither of them know.

Miss Carroll discovers she loves Cooper and to atone for her duplicity in leading to his capture, offers to pay Yang with her life if he will permit Cooper to go. Before this becomes necessary, however, Yang is shot in a scuffle. Realizing he is about to die, he orders his soldiers to kill Cooper and the girl and then to kill themselves so that he can enter heaven with an entourage befitting his rank. Just as the soldiers are about to fire, Cooper begins a desperate gamble for life by playing to Yang's vanity.

The part of General Yang is played by Akim Tamiroff, skilled depicter of sinister oriental roles. The picture was directed by Lewis Milestone and the screenplay was written by Clifford Odets, the young playwright whose recent works have created a mighty stir among dramatic critics throughout the country.

(Continued from Col. 7).

maybe for a rainy day.

"If I met someone I liked I'd kind of file him away in my memory, you know, for future reference.

"Of course, when it comes to getting 'em, that's where technique comes in Anyway, every girl should keep a mental picture file. She may need a man in a hurry some day."

STUDIO POSSESSES VALUABLE COLLECTION OF WAR MEDALS

One of the oddest and most valuable collections in that collector's paradise, Hollywood, today reposes in the property department of Paramount Studio.

It is a collection of war medals, gold, silver, and bronze. There are about 800 medals in all and they are insured for 20,000 dols.

Brought from Europe years ago to be used as properties in the Emil Jannings picture, "The Patriot," the medals have been added to from time to time until they now represent one of the most extensive of their kind in existence.

Many collectors have attempted to buy all or part of the collection but it is too valuable for motion picture work to be parted with.

Currently, the medals are being used to adorn the manly bosoms of some 150 Viennese officers used for scenes in the new Gladys Swarthout-Fred MacMurray musical, "Champagne Waltz."

Each morning, they are carefully doled out to the officer-extras by a man from the wardrobe department who notes down the names of the players and the medals issued to him. Then, at night when the shooting for the day is at an end, the players return their medals which are checked off on the books.

The collection of tiny bits of metal and ribbon represents a saga of heroism that, could it be told, would probably be one of the greatest in the history of the world.

There is a Victoria Cross, almost never awarded, except post humously; there is the Congressional medal of Honour that requires an act of Congress before it can be conferred upon and there are Iron Crosses, Orders of Franz Joseph and Croix-de-Guerres by the dozen.

Won by heroism or court intrigue, they were the last possession of their owners to be parted with. But, when adversity had reduced their heroic or plotting owners to the last stages of poverty, they furnished the final price of a meal and to-day are being used for the prosaic business of movie making.

"GENERAL DIES AT DAWN"

At Pathe

(CONTRIBUTED)

During its first week's run it exceeded even the figures set up by "Bengal Lancer", and in one day 1,440 more people paid for admission that for the Indian opus.

Continuing, the American message states that, to meet the demand for seats performances are now commencing at eight in the morning and running throughout the day until three the following morning, whilst the entire day milling throngs clamour for admission. These facts in themselves are sufficient indication of the picture's worth and augur well for the future line up from the Paramount's Studios, of which it is the forerunner.

In star power alone it has few equals, for in Gary Cooper, fresh from his 'deeds' triumphs and Madeleine Caroll, most popular of all international stars, it has a stellar team of the first magnitude.

Casting is well perfect and with the selection of strong supporting players of the calibre of William Frawley, Porter Hall, Dudley Digges and Akim Tamiroff (these two in their portrayals of Chinese characters provide something sensational in screen makeup) nothing has been left to chance. Added to this is strong power (it has been adapted to the screen by America's foremost playwright, Clifford Odets), careful attention to detail and general excellence of its production values. Authoritative opinion agrees that it is a picture of first class importance and certain of a big box-office reception wherever it is played.

The story deals with the lives of a man and woman, both adventurers but with opposing aims. Posed against a background of war torn China, it provides natural dramatic situations that are intense in their realism. Gary Cooper smuggling arms for one powerful faction, is opposed in his efforts by Madeleine Caroll working for another Power. They both love and hate each other—a situation which to the dramatist, offers unlimited possibilities for piquant development—and of which, it may be safely assumed, that Odets has taken full advantage. There could have been no better men than Lewis Milestone to direct such a film as this, for he has an uncanny power of handling crowds and has no equal in depicting scenes of mob violence.

With "The General Died at Dawn" the audience literally lives with and feels for the characters in their difficulties. At the same time he has not forgotten those essential touches of tender romance and grim drama, quickly followed by comedy that make instant human appeal.

It is quite obvious that the entire resources of the Paramount Studios have been called upon for this picture and it results in a sense of complete authenticity and an entertainment that is not just a screen play, but a living drama.

"THE GORGEOUS HUSSY"

At The Central

"Our glorious Constitution—"It lives to-day. And it will go on living throughout this century and perhaps the next—until either the American Union lies impotent and dismembered, or this fatal creed of States Rights is blasted to the final oblivion which it merits ..."

These dramatic words thundered from the lips of Lionel Barrymore, playing the role of Andrew Jackson as one of the most thrilling scenes in history was re-enacted before the cameras for the filming of "The Gorgeous Hussy", which comes to the Central this week.

The setting was the crowded senate chamber in 1823. Vice-President Daniel D. Tompkins sat in the rostrum. Senator John Randolph of Virginia (Melvyn Douglas) was recognized by the chair.

"This Constitution?" he declared. "Is it Holy Writ? I tell you the State of Virginia will never submit to any violation of her sovereign rights—be it an amendment forbidding slavery, an unfair tax on tobacco, or any other ill-conceived and ruinous law!"

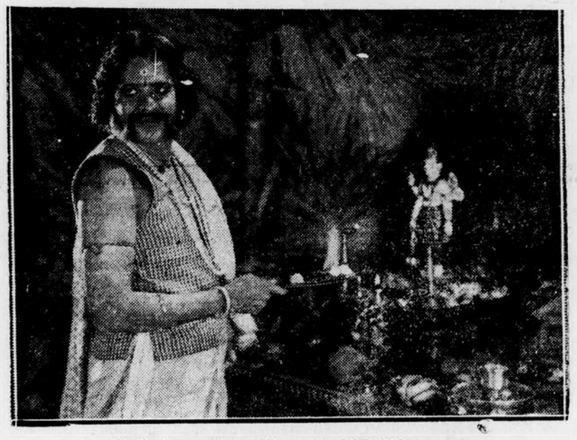
"The early nineteenth century," explained Director Clarence Brown, who has made a thorough study of the colourful period, "saw a serious threat to the preservation of the Constitution in States Rights. John Calhoun, later Vice-President under Andrew Jackson and candidate on the Southern Confederation of State ticket for President, and Senator Randolph, were leaders of the States Rights issue. They were sincere in their beliefs, but others, less scrupulous, took advantage of their stand in an effort to destroy the Constitution.

"Jackson and Webster fought for retaining the Constitution as the cornerstone of the nation. It was Jackson's final declaration for the Constitution and a strong Union in the Senate after he had become President that united the nation under the Constitution."

The fight for the Constitution, authenticated by intensive research, is graphically shown in Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer's picturization of Samuel Hopkins Adam's historical romance, starring Joan Crawford, Robert Taylor and Lionel Barrymore at the head of a superlative cast of players.

Barrymore creates the role of "Old Hickory" in the picture. Other historical figures brought to life again are Melvyn Douglas as Randolph, Sidney Toler as Webster and Frank Conroy as Calhoun.

"The Gorgeous Hussy" with Joan Crawford and Robert Taylor at the Central this week.



"Bhakta Cheta" at the Wellington.

"BHAKTA CHETA"

At Wellington

In the ancient days of India's glorious past, when one took pride to be Indian or as much an Indian as one could manage to be and when the smooth working of all Indian institutions socio-religious or political, had made all the world bow with respect before it there existed a Kaurava Empire with its capital at Hastinapur. Samrat Duryodhan took the reins of the Empire when it was at its zenith—see how the story of the Vaishnav devotee and a chamar develop among this historic background at the Wellington "Bhakta Cheta" is a picture from a new social angle.

MAE WEST GIVES ADVICE TO GIRL WITHOUT BOYFRIENDS

Mae West has her own advice for lovelorn young ladies who happen to be temporarily embarrassed by lack of men—even though she's never been in that predicament herself.

If a girl is without a man to romance at any time, says the curvaceous star, then her memory of attractive men needs polishing up.

Discussing her fan mail with Director Henry Hathaway on Paramount's "Go West Young Man" set the other day, Miss West remarked that she received enough requests for romantic counsel to start an "Advice to the Lovelorn" column.

"I've never been embarrassed that way myself," Mae admitted. "But if I were in these girls places I'd look ahead a little. Even if a girl has a man at the time—it doesn't hurt to keep an eye open.

(Continued in Col. 3).

"MANDALAY" REVIVED AT OPERA HOUSE

Shirley Temple Supports Kay Francis

"Mandalay" Warner's tale of thrilling adventure with colourful romance is revived at the Opera House to-day.

It is set in the picturesque background of Burma where the whites come incontact with the Burmese. The romance does not concern the Burmese, however, though there are many of them appearing in the production but the white man, and particularly that breed of soldier of fortune who turns to gun running, traffic in women and other illicit trades.

The theme concerns a beautiful Russian girl, in exile from her own country, who is sold into virtual slavery to a resort keeper by her own lover. Her escape on a boat to Mandalay and her pursuit entails some of the most thrilling action in the picture. Colourful scenes take place in the night club resort which is patronised by civil and army officers, travellers or any of the foreigners who have the necessary money to spend, and aboard a boat on the Irawadi River where the principal characters meet again in conflict and romance.

There is an unusually strong cast which includes such players as Kay Francis, Ricardo Cortez, Warner Oland, Lyle Talbot, and Shirley Temple in the featured roles. There is a long list of talented players among the members of the supporting cast, some of whom are Ruth Donnelly, Reginald Owen, Hobert Cavanaught, David Torrence, Rafaela Ottiana, Etienne Girardot, Lucien Littlefield, Bodil Rosing and Herman Bing.

The picture was directed by Michael Curtiz from the screen play by Austin Parker and Charles Kenyon which is based on the story by Paul Hervey Fox.

"Mandalay" at the Opera this week.

A hacking, racking cough is nature's danger signal. More serious ills may follow. That's the time for Chamberlain's Cough Remedy—the safe, proven remedy that doctors have been recommending for more than 50 years. Chamberlain's clears the air passages, breaks up congestion. Quickly the cold is relieved. Economical. Pleasant tasting.

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GOLDEN PUFF BISCUITS

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AROUND THE COURTS

BOMBAY, Friday.

On receipt of a complaint from Ramachandra Vasudeo, a resident of Manek Kurpal Building, Supari Baug Road, that he missed currency notes, cash, gold studs and clothes early yesterday morning, Vithoo Laxman, a servant in an adjoining room was arrested by the Bnoiwada Police last night. He was produced before the Dadar Court to-day.

As the police wanted time to make further enquiries in the matter, the Magistrate remanded the accused till November 6.

On a charge of being found in a common gaming house while playing cards, as a result of a raid on August 11 last, twelve persons were convicted by the Presidency Magistrate, Girgaum Police Court.

"Cyclists are a nuisance," the City Coroner commented to-day after evidence was led to show that a Muslim woman was knocked down by a motor car, in the driver's attempt to save a cyclist going ahead along Tardeo Road, yesterday

Described as a "merry-go-round man," Shanker told the City Coroner, to-day that he was going along Tardeo Road when a motor-car came from the direction of Mahalaxmi.

A cyclist was ahead of the car and it came suddenly right in front of the motor car. To save him, the driver took a sudden swerve to the left and the woman who was by the side of the road was knocked down.

"We hold that this fatality was due to the folly of a cyclist who being ahead of the motor car rashly swerved in front of it," declared the Coroner's jury while giving verdict of a accidental death.

After formal identification, inquest on Chamansha Rahimsha (22) a Hawker in Bannanas stated to have been fatally stabbed by Majid Syedkhan at Doctor Street on October 28 last, was postponed.

"Shock following extensive burns accidentally sustained," was the verdict returned, to-day, on a 20-year-old girl, named Shantabai Balwantrai Desai.

The Chief Presidency Magistrate of Bombay framed to-day a charge under Sec. 500 of the I.P.C. against Mr. Sorabji Pallonji Kapadia, Editor, Printer and Publisher of the "Bombay Samachar".

Mr. Kapadia was alleged to have published defamatory statements concerning Achala Jasaji in the "Dharmi Case" in the issues of the paper dated July 21 and 22 of 1935.

The case was adjourned to November 11.

Mr. R. M. Desai appeared for the complainant while the accused was defended by Mr. C. N. Kanuga.

Kalyandas Jagmohandas Tijoriwalla who was arrested by the Bombay C.I.D. on August 7, in connection with several cheating cases, was discharged at the Esplanade Court to-day.

"Strike, Strike," roared a furious mob which rushed from Sukhlaji Street on October 16 last and threw stones at the tram which was being driven fast.

This was the evidence given today by two eye-witnesses moving in a taxi, at the inquest held on Mohommed Rahim, a money-lender, residing at Madanpura and fatally knocked down by the tram.

The Jury returned the following verdict:—

"Death by fracture of skull. The Pathan who died and who was a member of a riotous mob at Bellasis Road, ran across the path of a taxi car, the driver of which was driving very fast to evade the fury of the mob. He was accidentally knocked down and run over."

An application of counsel for Mr. J. D. Jenkins for his exemption from attending the court was refused by Sir Hormuzdiar Dastur at the Esplanade Court to-day.

Achala Jasaji alleges in the case that Mr. Jenkins, a director of the "Indian States Bulletin," published certain defamatory statements against him.

The case is proceeding.

WIFE STOPS DEPORTATION

Alleged Improper Use Of Foreigners' Act Against Husband

The proceedings for the deportation of an Iranian subject from Bombay were interrupted under dramatic circumstances in Bombay on Thursday.

A few hours before the steamer which was to have carried the man was about to sail a temporary injunction issued by the Bombay High Court restraining the Local Government and the Commissioner of Police from removing him from the court's jurisdiction pending disposal of a "habeas corpus" petition filed by his wife, was served on the authorities.

Sohrab Rustom Irani, who claimed to have domiciled in India for the last 11 years, was arrested on October 14 at his tea shop at Mazagaon. The Commissioner of Police subsequently ordered his deportation under the Foreigners Act, and pending the execution of the order he was detained at the Arthur Road Jail.

Wife's Plea

In an urgent application made before Mr. Justice Barlee, Makhmal, the wife of the man under arrest, urged that his detention was illegal and improper. The powers and provisions of the Foreigners' Act, she stated, had been improperly, arbitrarily and capriciously used not for the purpose of removing her husband from British India but for the purpose of enabling the Iranian authorities to get hold of him without proper proceedings for extradition.

The Consul for Iran, she alleged, untruly represented to Government that her husband had fraudulently obtained on his passport a visa for India from the British Consulate at Bushire in November, 1935, and that he had committed an offence of criminal assault on a girl in Iran.

If the Iranian authorities desired to obtain surrender of her husband under the Extradition Act, she said, he would be entitled to a fair trial, at which he would be able to prove his innocence.

Mr. G. C. O'Gorman, instructed by Messrs. Dastur and Company, Solicitors, appeared on behalf of Makhmal.

After hearing counsel, the Judge issued a rule against the Local Government, the Commissioner of Police and the Superintendent, Arthur Road Jail, to show cause why the petitioner's husband should not be set at liberty. The rule was made returnable on November 6.

His Lordship further directed that pending hearing and final disposal of the petition, Sohrab should not be removed from Bombay.

LONDON-INDIA AIR MAIL DELAYED

The Indian posts and telegraphs department has issued the following:—

As the Imperial Airways Eastbound Plane due to arrive in Karachi on Thursday has been delayed for about 23 hours, the London-India air Mails which were due to be received in Bombay today will be received here and issued for delivery by the Bombay G. P. O. at 3-30 p.m. on Saturday in the ordinary course.

The latest hours of posting air mail correspondence for Hyderabad Deccan and Madras at the Bombay G. P. O. will be as shown below:—

Ordinary Correspondence 11-30 hours on 31-10-36.

Registered Correspondence 11.00 hours on 31-10-36.

HUSBAND'S SUICIDE DUE TO QUARREL?

Objected To Wife Staying At Taj With Patiala Retinue

BOMBAY, Friday.

Takkata Madhavan Nair the husband of Dr. Mrs. Parvatibai Nair, is stated to have committed suicide by taking some deadly poison this morning at his residence at Matunga.

The deceased, Mr. T. M. Nair, was a Chemist employed in the Eastern Chemicals Ld. and had married two wives, both sisters. The first wife is a medical woman with L.R.C.P. and M.R.C.S. qualifications. She is employed as Lady Superintendent in Lady Dufferin Hospital at Patiala. The other wife stayed with her husband.

The quarrel it is said, arose over the first wife who came with the retinue of the Maharaja of Patiala on the 27th instant and stayed at the Taj Mahal Hotel in the suite of rooms engaged by the Maharaja.

The deceased asked his wife why she did not come straight to Matunga and stay with him. This quarrel it is alleged resulted in the suicide of the husband on the 29th, two days after his wife's arrival.

At the Coroner's Court this morning both the wives gave evidence. The second wife was too much overtaken with grief and was in a state of collapse but was supported and given a chair near the Coroner to give evidence. The first wife, who is a doctor, was cool and collected and gave her evidence without any visible emotion.

Mrs. Kathama T. M. Nair the second wife, was the first to give evidence. She stated that her husband was employed in the Eastern Chemicals Ld. as a Chemist and stayed at Bhau Daji Road at Matunga.

Between 7-30 a.m. and 8 a.m. on Thursday the deceased was arguing with his first wife Mrs. Parvatibai, who had come with the party of His Highness the Maharaja of Patiala on the 27th instant as to why she was staying at the Taj Mahal Hotel and did not come to Matunga to stay with him.

The Maharaja stayed in the palace but her sister and other members of the staff stayed at the Taj Mahal Hotel.

Swallowed Some Powder

The deceased was very angry and lost his temper. He was a chemist by profession. In anger he rushed into the inner room and swallowed some white powder. Some of the powder was spilled on the floor. He immediately fell down. Parvatibai, his first wife sent forth Dr. Krishnan who gave him a stomach wash but the deceased did not revive and collapsed.

Doctor Wife's Story

Mrs. Parvatibai T. M. Nair, L.R.C.P., M.R.C.S. then deposed that she had been the Lady Superintendent at Lady Dufferin Hospital at Patiala since 1932. She was the first wife and Kathama was the second wife.

She arrived on 27th inst. in Bombay with the party of the Maharaja from Patiala and stayed at the Taj Mahal Hotel. On the morning of the 28th at about 7-30 a.m. she went to Matunga to see her husband and he objected to her staying at the Taj Mahal Hotel.

She left her husband to go to the Palace at about 10-30 a.m. She returned to her husband at 3 p.m. and passed the night at Matunga. Next morning, viz: on Thursday at about 7-30 a.m. her husband again started arguing with her on the same subject as to why she did not come home on Tuesday but stayed at the Taj Mahal Hotel.

The deceased was in an angry mood. He went into the inner room and came out with some powder sticking to his lips and mouth. Saliva was running from his mouth. She sent for a doctor and he gave him a stomach wash. Her husband died however in a few minutes.

Sergeant Ballantine then gave evidence and produced a packet of powder which he had scraped from the floor and a small bottle containing the poison. The bottle was not labelled.

The Coroner ordered the viscera of the deceased to be sent to the Chemical Analyser and adjourned further hearing of the inquest till the 10th Noevmber.

ARYA SAMAJ RELIEF

The Secretary of the Arya Samaj Relief Committee writes:

About 150 helpless and homeless persons, including women and children, are being supplied with food by the Arya Samaj.

Legal help is rendered to innocent Hindus who have been arrested. Some of them have been released.

The husband of one Sundarabai has not been found as yet. He used to work as a mason in Bombay. Anybody of Jaipur side should try to trace and inform the Arya Samaj.

One Hindu girl named Savita of Morvi State village, Patidar by caste, has come to the Arya Samaj. Her relatives should see personally.

A Hindu, Navalrai Kalyanrai, aged 19, is missing. Please inform Arya Samaj if known to anybody.

THE CENSOR AT WORK

(Continued from Page 6.)

case was anxious not to embarrass M. Blum. But the evidence of German, Italian and Portuguese gun-running into Spain published in the British newspapers could not be disregarded by Labour leaders. As most of them said at the party's conference at Edinburgh recently, non-intervention has obviously become a farce.

Unparalleled Scandal

This afternoon the supporters of Mr. Morrison will be strengthened in their argument to give up present policy by the telegram that Alvarez del Vayo, the Spanish Foreign Minister and right hand man of Caballero, has sent to the Secretary of the National Council of Labour. Vayo, says that at this decisive moment for Spain and for Europe when the enemy, not by their own strength, but exclusively by their use of arms given from abroad, is directing its principal drive against Madrid, the Spanish people greet all those workers and free men of England, who in the spirit of justice are prepared to declare themselves against the monstrosity of the present situation." I do not believe that there has been in the history of modern Europe, adds Vayo, "a parallel example of an international situation so scandalous. Even while in the last week the examination of the charges brought by the Spanish Government has been in progress, the rebels received on October 15, at Cadiz, a new cargo of arms, including guns and flame-throwers, sent to them by their foreign allies exactly as though the non-intervention agreement and the Committee of Control did not exist. Madrid will not fall because workers of Madrid and the whole people of Madrid decided to defend the city, but it is the violation of the pact of non-aggression and that alone which is responsible for the prolongation of the war and for all the blood which is being spilled in Spain as a result of the continuance of the conflict."

The Russian Government has already announced its intention of leaving the Spanish Neutrality Committee. Naturally, Berlin and Rome must do something. Count Ciano, the Italian Foreign Minister, is now in Berlin with orders from his father-in-law, Mussolini, to persuade Hitler to throw in his hand with Fascist Italy. His welcome was not the warmest Berlin has offered to a visiting statesman. It is believed that Italo-German co-operation, far from becoming an alliance, will be kept as a bogey to frighten Britain and France into giving Germany what she wants. But both sides are expected to agree on common action if the U.S.S.R. abandons the present neutrality pact and sends arms to Spain. Whatever arms Moscow sends to Spain will be countered by an equal consignment from Berlin and Rome.

Austrian Monarchy

Meanwhile, people in Britain are trying to find out what prompted Dr. Schuschnigg, the Austrian Chancellor to make an announcement on the question of Austrian monarchy. Here is an interesting explanation from an Austrian who recently 'phoned to his friends in Vienna. It is said that Dr. Schuschnigg's declaration was designed to reassure the Fatherland Front. Since the Heimwehr was officially dissolved there have been grave doubts in the minds of many patriotic Austrians whether the Chancellor did not contemplate an Anschluss with Germany. It was to set these fears at rest that he made his speech. While delighted with the sympathy for them tacitly expressed by the Chancellor, Austrian Legitimists were not too pleased with the suggestion of a plebiscite that was at first read into his speech. It is understood that the Archduke Otto's personal view is that, while a plebiscite is undesirable, it may have to be accepted. Signor Mussolini is the great advocate of the plebiscite. He would like to use it to spike Herr Hitler's guns. The Fuehrer, having made such a good thing out of plebiscite, could scarcely refuse to recognise the validity of one recalling the Hapsburgs.

As I am about to close this letter my news-agent has brought in my copy of the "Time." Asked to explain the delay in the delivery of this weekly American news magazine, which has a circulation of over 60,000, the news-agent complained of the British censor. That the censor had a hand in the late arrival of my copy is evident from fact that this vigilant man has snapped away two pages of the magazine dealing with Foreign News and covering the activities of the British Government in India. I also see that certain references made to His Excellency the Viceroy have formed part of the censor's hand in depriving me of two pages of reading matter.

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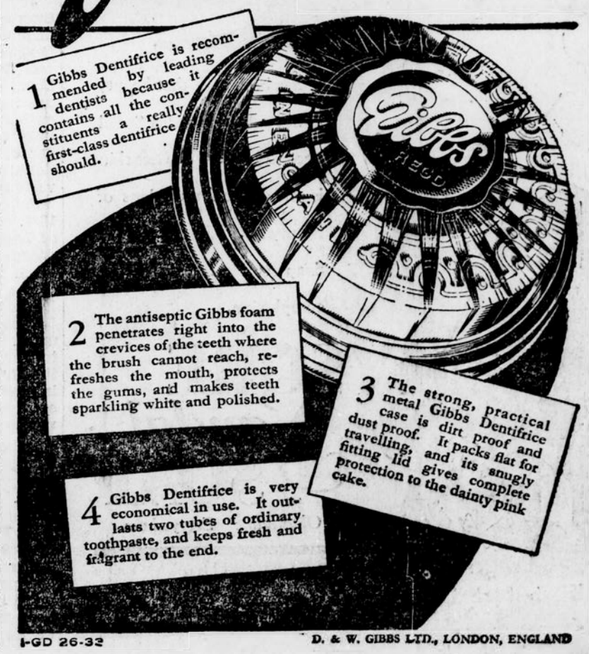

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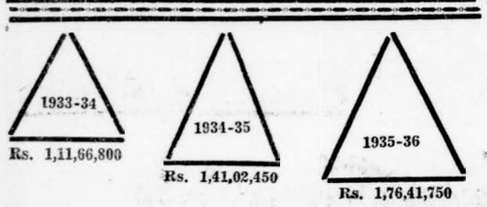

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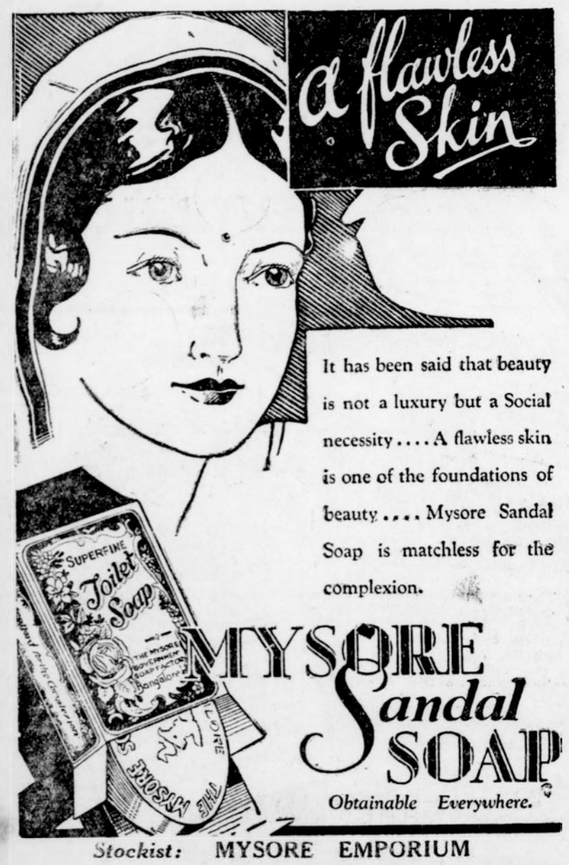

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Committee Set Up For Covenant Reform

League Without Principles Is Safe For Aggressors, Says Litvinov

(Through League News Service.)

GENEVA, (By Mail).

The speeches in the Assembly of the League showed as wide variations of opinion on the reform of the League as did the previous notes sent in by a number of Governments. There were many proposals for strengthening the League's machinery to prevent war by stating explicitly that the votes of the Parties should not be counted in any measures decided upon under Articles 10 and 11 of the Covenant. The desire was also expressed by several States to find some means of using the facilities provided by Article 19 of the Covenant for discussing and recommending changes in the international *status quo*. Views on the obligation to sever all economic relations with and, if necessary, to take military action against, a breaker of the peace varied all the way from the proposal to strike out this obligation to suggestions for strengthening and clarifying it by interpreting or amending the Covenant or by separate treaties based on Articles 10 and 16 of the Covenant. Behind this issue again was the question of whether the obligations of the Covenant should be reduced in the hope of attracting to the League States that had left it, or whether—as M. Litvinov put it—it was better to have a non-universal League with principles rather than a universal League without principle and safe for aggressors.

The Assembly decided to set up a Committee of twenty-eight members, including all the fifteen members of the Council, to discuss and make proposals about all the various plans and suggestions submitted by Governments. The debate as to the nature and functions of the Committee was also influenced by the conflict of views between those who desired to await the result of the negotiations between the Locarno Powers that, it is hoped, will be held this autumn, and those who, in M. Litvinov's phrase, objected to the "waiting-room policy." It was decided that the Committee of twenty-eight should meet on December 7th.

Court Elections

In special simultaneous meetings of the Assembly, and the Council held on October 2nd, Professor Manley O. Hudson and Dr. Ake Hammarskjold were elected to membership on the Permanent Court of International Justice to fill the vacancies created by the death of M. Walter Schucking and by the resignation of Mr. Frank B. Kellogg.

In a separate election on the same day, M. Cheng Tien-Hsi was also elected to fill the vacancy caused by the death of M. Wang Chung-Hui.

Judge Hudson has had a distinguished career in the legal profession. Having been a professor of law at Missouri and later at Harvard University, he was attached to the American Commission to negotiate peace in Paris in 1919 and has acted as legal adviser at various international conferences. He has been a member of the Permanent Court of Arbitration since 1933, and has published numerous works on the codification of international law and on the operation of the Permanent Court.

Judge Hammarskjold, born in Sweden in 1893, was formerly member of the Legal Section of the League Secretariat, and since 1922 was Registrar of the Permanent Court of International Justice. He has had the rank of Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary of his country, was a member of the Institute of International Law, and is the author of various legal publications.

Judge Cheng, born in China in 1884, studied law at the University of London, where he obtained a degree of Doctor of Laws in 1915. From 1920 to 1925 he was a judge of the Supreme Court of China. He later became acting Minister of Justice of the Nanking Government. In 1935 he was appointed to the International Congress on the Unification of Penal Code held in Copenhagen. He is the author of several works relating to international law and court decisions.

Deputy Secretary-General

Mr. Sean Lester, formerly permanent delegate at Geneva of the Irish Free State and more recently League of Nations High Commissioner in Danzig, was appointed to the post of Deputy Secretary-General of the League of Nations on September 30th to succeed M. Pablo de Azcarate, who resigned to become Spanish Ambassador in London.

Mr. Lester is widely and favourably known by members of the Council and Assembly, having represented his country on the Council and participated with distinction in a number of Council committees from 1931 to 1934.

Members of the Council, on being informed of this appointment by the Secretary-General, paid a tribute to the eminent qualities of Mr. Lester and to his suitability for this promotion. Mr. Lester will take up his work in Geneva as soon as a successor to the post of High Commissioner in Danzig is appointed.

League Budget

A budget of 29,184,128 gold francs was adopted by the Assembly for the year 1937. As a result of the 30 per cent. devaluation of the Swiss franc, it was decided to reduce the receipts budget in gold francs by 20 per cent. or 5,836,826 gold francs. The 10 per cent. saved by the League will, as a measure of prudence, be put into a special fund to cover unforeseen eventualities owing to existing currency instability. The disposal of this special fund will be considered by the next Assembly. Meanwhile, the contributions of States will have been reduced by 20 per cent in terms of gold which, together with a reduction from previous surpluses of 2,062,479 francs, brings the sum to be allocated among League members for 1937 to 21,284,822 gold francs.

What League Does For Refugees

M. Michael Hansson was named by the Assembly as President of the Nansen International Office for Refugees, and charged with the duty of carrying on the work of that Office and of proposing a plan for its final liquidation by the end of 1938, as proposed in a previous resolution of the Assembly.

A credit of 200,000 Swiss francs was also voted in order to enable the Nansen Office to assist in transferring some two hundred families who were refugees from the Saar Territory to some suitable place in South America.

Sir Neill Malcolm was appointed by the Council as High Commissioner for refugees coming from Germany, a post which he has held temporarily since January 1936. The appointment was made for the period ending December 31, 1938, by which time it is hoped that the problem confronting the High Commissariat will be well on the way towards solution.

The Karnatak Free Night School

The Twelfth Anniversary Celebrations of the Karnatak Free Night School were held on Sunday, the 25th instant in the Sir Cowasji Jehangir Public Hall, at 3-30 p.m. under the presidency of Mr. H. Shanker Rau, C. I. E., when a large gathering was present.

The Secretary to the Teachers' Board presented the report for the year ended 31st December, 1935 whereafter prizes were distributed by Mrs. H. Shanker Rau.

From amongst the audience Messrs. Madan Shetty, K. N. Gaithonde, K. M. Udiawar, Kamala Kumar and Prof. Ganesh Rao spoke eulogising the endeavours of the honorary teachers with regard to the removal of deplorable illiteracy that exists in almost all those who are serving in the lowest positions in offices.

The President in his speech in Kannada hoped that many pupils who were receiving free education would occupy the highest positions in life which a man could occupy, but they would not be truly great and in fact they would be no better than animals, unless they rise superior to the three great enemies of mankind to which an average man is prone viz. pride, anger and envy. Real greatness lay in one's power to resist these evils notwithstanding the mere possession of knowledge of men and things. He concluded his very eloquent speech after paying tributes to the teachers for their selfless work.

"Dussahavasa"—A social drama in Kannada was then staged by the teachers and pupils. The lesson which was sought to be impressed on the audience was how a life of the son of a rich man was wrecked due to his association with bad friends, for not only did the young man die at the hands of an assassin but as a result of it his wife also committed suicide.

FODDER SCARCITY IN 'NAGAR

Cattle Sold For A Song

AHMEDNAGAR, Oct. 27.

Rain has been scarce in the Ahmednagar district almost since the cutset of the rainy season. There was a little rainfall in September. Consequently the farmers felt relieved. They sowed the seeds thinking that the September showers were the forerunners of a belated monsoon. But they have been totally disillusioned. For want of sufficient moisture in the soil, the sowing has been of little or no avail.

SCARCITY OF FODDER.

There has been a great scarcity of fodder which has caused big drop in the prices of cattle. At Rasheen, cattle were sold on the 20th instant at Rs. 20 per one hundred head! Butchers are busy buying cattle. Farmers shed tears while parting with their livestock!

The Ahmednagar Panjrapole shelters about 2,000 head of cattle. Daily about 100 to 125 head are admitted. If the admission of cattle goes on at this pace, the Panjrapole would soon run out of its fodder.

The local milkmen have applied to the Collector for free pasturage facilities. The Famine Relief Fund Committee has purchased thirteen lakhs pounds of fodder which is being dealt out to the needy as 'tagai' The city Municipality has started famine relief works on which about 2,000 workmen are employed. But they do not get even a living wage.

Great scarcity of water is felt. Womenfolk are seen quarrelling and scrambling at the public taps to get water.

ELECTION ACTIVITIES.

Despite the drought, intense electioneering activity is in evidence. Messrs. D. S. Sonavane, V. A. Pote and P. J. Roham are contesting the seats in the Southern Division on behalf of the Harijans. In the Southern Division, these three candidates and Messrs. Chitale, Firodea, Wable, Bhapkar and Fulari have set about canvassing from now. In the Northern Division, Messrs. Girme, Borawahe, Patil, Nawale, Thorat, Harikisan Asaram, Saptarshi and Chinchorkar (President, D.C.C.) are also busy enlisting the sympathy of their constituents. The Congress Party will contest the election vigorously.

CIVIC ELECTIONS.

The Alnagar Triennial Municipal election takes place on Nov. 26 The A'nagar D.C.C. has set up a Municipal Election Board to select its own candidates. A meeting of this Board was held on the 24th instant under the presidency of Sjt. P. A. Patwardhan to scrutinise the claims of the applicants. For the present the Board has nominated 17 candidates. Some applications are still to be considered.

The number of Congress members in the A'nagar District is 5098.

"SOCIAL" CANCELLED.

In view of the drought prevailing in the A'nagar District, Mr. Y. D. Nawathe, Headmaster, A. E. Society's High School, A'nagar has cancelled the annual social gathering this year.

Socialists' Victory In Poland

WARSAW, (By Air Mail).

A severe set-back has been given to the Dictatorial tendencies in Poland by the smashing victory obtained by extreme Socialists in the Municipal elections in Lodz—the Polish Manchester and second largest city in the country.

In the last council, the Socialists obtained only seven seats out of 72, in the new one they have obtained 40. Thirty-six of these were captured by the Polish socialists and the rest by the Jewish socialists. Since the fight had developed into a conflict between two ideologies, the success of the socialists is all the more remarkable.

Special satisfaction has been experienced by the anti-fascist sections at the defeat of "Enkedists" in particular since they constitute a party of the extreme reactionaries.

It may be recalled that in the town of Mlawa, it was also the Labour party which secured majority of votes.

* * * *

Rebels' Future Foreign Policy

LISBON, (By Air Mail).

That Fascist Spain will have no faith whatsoever in the League of Nations is the statement alleged to have been made by Senor Yanguas, the Foreign Secretary Designate of the future nationalist Cabinet in Spain who has announced the principles of Fascist Spain's policy towards other states after the final victory.

The Nationalist Government, he assures will not force other states to announce their immediate recognition. The Junta is confident that recognition will come eventually in the very interests of the states who are at present supporting the Reds in Madrid.

* * * *

New Moscow Housing

MOSCOW, (By Air Mail).

A sum of one billion roubles is being spent on the building of blocks of flats in Moscow this year by the end of which 420 new blocks with a total floor space of 523,000 square metres will be completed.

SATYAGRAHI, GETS BACK HIS JOB

JUBBULPORE, Oct. 29.

The Jubbulpore Municipal Committee at its general meeting yesterday resolved to reinstate Mr. Jamna Prasad Pachori, a jail-returned Satyagrahi, who was dismissed by the previous committee on account of his being an ex-political prisoner.

The Committee further resolved that the resolution of the previous Committee be rescinded and that Mr. Pachori be paid for the full period he had served in the regime of the previous committee from its funds.—United Press.

HINDU SABHA OFFICE-BEARERS

(From Our Correspondent.)

NEW DELHI, October 29.

Following are the office-bearers of Hindu Mahasabha for the coming year:—

President: Shankaracharya (Dr. Kurtkoti); Senior Vice-President Bhai Parmanand; Vice-Presidents: Dr. Mookerjee (Lucknow); Dr. B. S. Moonje, Rai Bahadur Vikramjit Singh (Cawnpore); and Pt. M. M. Malaviya.

General Secretaries: Babu Padam Raj Jain (Calcutta); Mr. R. G. Bhiday (Poona); Pt. Anand Priyaki (Baroda); Office-Secretary Mr. Ganpatrai, New Delhi; Secretary: Prof. Dewan Chand Sharma, Lahore; and Treasurer: L. Narain Datta, New Delhi.

Mr. C. V. Chandrasekaran, Director of Public Instruction, Travancore, has been invited to preside over the Secondary Education Section of the All-India Education Conference which is to meet in December at Gwalior.

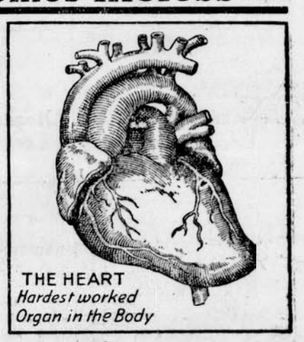
YOUR HEART *is protesting—*

When Work-time lacks Interest
When Playtime lacks Pleasure
When Life becomes lifeless—

THINK OF IT!

The Human Heart

PULSATES 100,800 TIMES EVERY DAY— PUMPS EIGHT TONS OF BLOOD EVERY DAY— USES 14 POUNDS OF PRESSURE FOR EVERY CONTRACTION—



The duty of the Arteries is to convey the Blood to every part of the Body and thus feed the vital Body cells. The Blood is always moving—in some cases as fast as 16 inches per second—and upon its normal flow, life depends. If the blood is restricted in some way, the Health suffers immediately because the constantly wearing tissue composed of blood cells is deprived of new nourishment. The Heart causes the Blood to circulate and any disorder of the Arteries must lead to disorder of the Heart.

During middle life, though often before, lime salt deposits in the Arteries render them narrow and brittle. This means that greater force is required to pump the blood through the narrow arteries, thus producing heavy pressure and extra work upon the heart valves. This disorder is known as High Blood Pressure and in simple language means that your Heart is protesting because the blood cannot flow through the Arteries in a normal easy manner.

Fallacies Concerning High Blood Pressure.

There is a widespread belief that High Blood Pressure is due to 'too much blood' or 'blood that is too rich.' Actually the quantity or quality of the blood has nothing to do with the 'pressure.' It is, therefore, unwise to deprive yourself of foods known to make blood or enrich blood if you are a victim of High Blood Pressure. The sensible treatment is, without question, a course of 'Phyllosan' Tablets.

What are 'Phyllosan' Tablets?

The chief constituent of 'Phyllosan' Tablets is a vegetable extract which eminent scientists have described as being 'the most wonderful substance in our world.' It is extracted from the green leaves of Nature and in its concentrated form, supplies a vitalizing, rejuvenating substance upon which every living thing in this world depends. Dr. Buergi, M.D., of Berne University, Switzerland, under whose personal supervision 'Phyllosan' Tablets are made, spent 15 years critical research before he succeeded in isolating this wonderful substance without detriment to its vitalizing power.

DON'T GIVE IT EXTRA WORK

Renewed Blood Stream within 14 Days.

A course of 'Phyllosan' Tablets quickly builds up the supply of red cells (the lack of which results in Anæmia) rejuvenates your Arteries, corrects your Blood Pressure, fortifies your Heart and INCREASES ALL YOUR PHYSICAL AND VITAL FORCES IRRESPECTIVE OF AGE. It has been established beyond all doubt that 'Phyllosan' Tablets renew the Bloodstream *within 14 days*. For Men, Women and particularly Children (suffering with Anæmia) there is no finer remedy in the world to-day!

IMPORTANT.

'Phyllosan' Tablets are perfectly harmless and can be taken by the youngest and most delicate persons with complete confidence. 'Phyllosan' Tablets contain neither drugs nor glands nor animal extracts and in their preparation, are untouched by hand throughout.

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Rapid Benefit.

"I have taken many medicines before but can honestly say that nothing I have ever taken has done me so much good and in such a short time."—E.S.

Benefit in 3 Days.

"I got a small bottle on Tuesday and by Friday following I could feel the benefit. My friends say how well I look."—H.U.

Pain Vanishes after Half a Bottle

"I had suffered agonies with my head through blood pressure. Before I had used half the bottle, all pain and dizziness had left me."—W.L.

Thought She would never Live.

"I was so ill with Syncope of the heart I never thought to live and now after only six days taking the tablets I feel well, young and strong."—E.B.

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INTERNATIONAL HONOUR FOR INDIAN DELEGATES

Buenos Aires P. E. N. Congress Appreciates Lectures Of Madame Wadia And Dr. Nag

BUENOS AIRES, (By Air Mail.)

The fourteenth International P. E. N. Congress opened on September 5 in Buenos Aires with the President of the Argentine Republic and other distinguished persons attending the session terminated on September 16 with a big banquet and most of the delegates left for their respective countries spending a happy fortnight in this "Paris of South America." Spanish naturally was spoken by the majority but French was understood and French influence on the literature and life of the modern Argentinians appeared to be dominant.

WELLS' SUCCESSOR.

Mon. Jules Romains, leader of the French delegation, was finally elected the President of the International P. E. N., now that Mr. H. G. Wells has retired: and the Congress unanimously voted a resolution thanking Mr. Wells warmly for his past services and also conveying felicitations on the forthcoming Septuagenary (October 13, London) of the great British Writer and Pacifist.

WORLD ORGANISATION.

Mr. Herman, Ould, the Secretary of the International Committee (London) in his short yet telling report announced that up to date 44 nations and 56 centres are represented in the P. E. N. Federation. It is a world organisation of tremendous possibilities and although sectional and communal interests threatened to disturb, now and then, the atmosphere, the majority of writers, essayists, editors, and novelists, like world peace and preservation of the cultural legacies of humanity.

A resolution supporting world peace in the face of ominous threats of war was passed unanimously by the Congress. It also supported with tremendous acclamation, the pathetic appeal of the Yiddis representative, Mr. Levie, for the aid of persecuted Jewish intelligentsia.

FOR FREEDOM OF SPEECH.

Mr. Emil Ludwig moved a brilliant paper for the support of freedom of speech nobly defined by a group of German writers whose books were burnt and properties confiscated by the reactionary regime of Hitler and his colleagues, Mr. Emil Ludwig was cheered, the whole assembly standing and he was elected President for one of the sessions of the Congress.

ITALIAN INVITATION.

The Italian delegation led by Sig. Marinetti invited the P. E. N. to hold its next International Congress in Rome (1937).

The Orient was represented by two delegates from Japan, Mr. Shimazaki and Mr. Arishima and two delegates from the Arabic speaking world. Dr. Awad of the University of Cairo and Mr. Khadduri of the Department of Education, Baghdad (Iraq). India was represented by Madame Sophia Wadia of the Indian P. E. N. (Bombay) and Dr. Kalidas Nag of the Bengal P. E. N. (Calcutta).

The Japanese delegation invited provisionally the Congress to hold its session in Tokyo in the year of its Olympic 1940 and the Indian delegation offered hospitality to P. E. N. delegates on their return trip from Japan, willing to visit India.

EVERYBODY CHARMED.

Mrs. Wadia and her sister Ditabai charmed everybody by their refined and winning manners, their dignified bearing and their exquisite taste in dressing with Indian saris which became leading topic of discussion in the society papers of Buenos Aires. Mme. Wadia's discourse on "The Hindu Philosophy and the Indian masses" was much appreciated, and she helped enormously by furthering the cause of India in that important gathering.

Dr. Kalidas Nag of the Bengal P. E. N. (Calcutta) delivered a moving address on the main currents of Indian literature, which was so much appreciated by the public that "La Razon" (a leading journal with 3 editions daily wrote a special article summing up the activities of the Congress saying that India (small in number of delegates) was easily the first in spontaneous and impressive oratory!" Dr. Nag presented a volume of Dr. Rabindra Nath Tagore's poem (mainly written in Buenos Aires in 1924) to the Vice-President of the local P. E. N. club, the talented Poetess Victoria Ocampo.

BANKIM CENTENARY.

In the final session of the Congress Dr. Nag announced the forthcoming centenary of Bankim Chandra Chatterjee, the pioneer novelist-editor of Bengal, whose "Bandemataram" has come to be the national hymn for the whole of India. Dr. Nag invited the writers of the world assembled in the Congress to participate in the Bankim Centenary by sending their original contribution which may later on be published by the P. E. N. club of Bengal.

DR. NAG'S SPECIAL LECTURES.

The Director of the British Broadcasting Corporation invited Dr. Nag to deliver a special lecture for the larger public outside the Congress and Dr. Nag spoke on the "East and West in Modern Bengal Literature" specially emphasizing the creative work of the post-war generation of Bengali writers, male and female.

The Rector of the University of Buenos Aires invited Dr. Nag to deliver a special lecture at the University and before a huge and enthusiastic gathering of professors and students, Dr. Nag spoke on the "Art and Archaeology of Ancient India" which roused the sympathy and attention of many savants of Latin America to the researches and publications of Indian scholars and the universities of India.

Just before leaving Buenos Aires Dr. Nag received and formally presented to the Rector of the University a collection of publications of the University of Calcutta and this act of courtesy of the Vice-Chancellor, Mr. S. P. Mukherjee was warmly appreciated.—United Press.

Our Cairo Letter

Investigation Into Theft Of Coins From Museum

Rumour Of Devaluation Of Egyptian Pound Contradicted

(From Our Correspondent)

CAIRO, (By Air Mail)

An official contradiction that the Egyptian pound will not be devalued, has been issued by Nahas Pasha, the Prime Minister of Egypt. It is added that the British Policy for the exchange has been the sole guiding factor in the exchange policy of Egyptian pounds.

Sensation has been created by the discovery that about 25,000 old coins have been removed or stolen from the Egyptian Museum.

This fact was found out by the officials in the course of their stock-taking.

The record of the whole collection in the Museum of old coins shows about 60,000. Investigation is proceeding.

INDIAN STUDENT DISMISSED

The Dean of Al-Azher University has given notice of dismissal from the University to one Indian student with subsequent instructions to the Police authorities to extern him from Egypt.

In this connection it may be mentioned here that the Dean very recently issued a notification that the future applicants seeking admission into the University should apply through the Foreign Minister, who will satisfy himself as to the conduct, character, behaviour etc., of the applicant.

HOSPITAL IN MEDINA

A sum of £6,000 for the construction of a hospital in the holy city of Medina and further amount of £2,000 for the purchase of chemicals and other hospital goods, have been sanctioned by the Egyptian Government. This charitable hospital will be opened in the ensuing Haj season.

15 Egyptian teachers have left Cairo for Iraq where they will be employed by the Iraq Government. Some women teachers, it might be remembered here, were sent last week for Iraq for services in the schools there.

ITALIANS ARRESTED

Two Italians have been arrested on charges of cheating two Egyptian contractors to the extent of £7,000. The arrested persons are alleged to have represented themselves to the contractors as jewellers and sold some ornaments said to be made of gold but which were proved to be made out of inferior metal.

More than 20,000 Muslim Arabs gathered to offer Jumma Prayers in Jerusalem.

After the prayers were over, the leaders rose to address the crowd on the present situation of Palestine.

But the attention of the people was immediately drawn towards the person of one Ahmed Khaleel Abushayib, who it is rumoured, was responsible for some false reports and also arrests and deaths of many Arabs, when one speaker remarked: "Are you here among us again to play your hand of mischief?"

The whole crowd turned upon Ahmed Khaleel who was trodden over to death.

DEVELOPMENT OF IRRIGATION

Viceroy To Address Central Board Meeting

(From Our Correspondent).

NEW DELHI, October 29.

Vital irrigation problems will be discussed during the next few days in Delhi at the annual meeting of the Central Board of Irrigation which is to be opened with an address by His Excellency the Viceroy on Saturday, October 31. The meeting which will be attended by the leading irrigation engineers from all parts of India has a very full programme. One of the most interesting items on the agenda is "the policy of irrigation in India with particular reference to further development and finance." On this subject an introductory note is supplied in the agenda by Mr. B. Tate, Chief Engineer of Punjab and President of the Board. In addition the Board will consider (i) Development of power from canals for domestic, commercial and agricultural purposes and for the extension of irrigation; (ii) The question of the means to secure an equitable distribution of irrigation water in the future; (iii) The *questionnaire* that has been circulated about water logging and land reclamation and (iv) Fair incidence of cost of irrigation water on the different classes of crops.

Get rid of Disfiguring Blemishes this Easy Way

Nothing can be more distracting to a woman than ugly pimples, burning irritations or patches of blackheads or enlarged pores on the face or neck. Some resort to heavy powdering in an effort to hide them; whilst others cause the skin to become muddy-looking, coarse and blemished by using the wrong treatment.

To make your skin clear and healthy, to cleanse clogged facial pores, remove blackheads and pimples and to make your complexion clearer and smoother, use Cuticura.

Cleanse the skin with Cuticura Soap twice a day. Its luxuriant and mildly antiseptic lather is soothing and softening; washes away pore-deep dirt which causes blackheads, enlarged pores and ugly complexion defects.

To rid the skin of pimples, skin outbreaks, rashes or irritations use Cuticura Ointment direct on the affected part before washing with the soap. Its antiseptic action kills germs, soothes and heals and quickly clears the skin.

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1. Cinema Page.
2. Art Page.
3. Science Page.
4. Literary Page.
5. Women's Page.
6. Children's Page.
7. Sports Page.
8. Health Page.
9. Commercial Intelligence
10. Latest Telegrams.
11. Comic Tit-Bits.
12. Puzzles Page.

SPECIAL FEATURES

1. Humours Of Epitaphs.
2. Among The Children Of The Soviet.
3. The Approach To Paris —From Germany.
4. A Home Of Social Service.
5. Why Destroy Nature?
6. Young Artists' Revolt.
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New Theatres Ltd.'s Masterpiece
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MINERVA
TALKIES, Lamington Road.
Change in Timings due to Curfew Order
Daily 5, 7-15, 9-30
Sat., Sun. and Holidays at 2-30
The last show of 9-30 ends at 11-30

Free Access To Raw Materials

LEAGUE COMMITTEE'S HINTS FOR RECOVERY

Quantitative Trade Restrictions Are Dangerous, Say Economic Experts

(Through League News Service)

GENEVA, (By Mail).

A great impetus was given to the discussions at the League Assembly on the world economic situation by the ending of the so-called "gold group" (with the exception of Germany, which is still nominally on the gold standard) through the devaluation of the French franc and other currencies. The Second Committee of the Assembly, in which this discussion took place, had before it a report of the League Economic Committee emphasising the necessity for an agreement on currency stabilisation and the adjustment of internal and international price levels as a first step to consolidating and promoting the economic recovery that has already begun within most countries.

CURRENCIES AGREEMENT

The Second Committee's report endorses the view that an agreement on currencies should lead to the removal of exchange controls and that this would open the door to the gradual abolition of excessive barriers to trade, such as quotas and high tariffs.

The Committee noted that representatives of several important countries had believed that to remove the barriers. "far from giving any particular country any unreasonable advantage, will make it possible to restore freedom of international monetary transactions as soon as possible, and to revert later to a common monetary standard based on the free exchange of gold.

FREE ACCESS.

"The Committee considered that under certain circumstances the question of free commercial access to raw materials may be examined by a committee of experts set up by the Council.

"It considers that in this way the financial conditions necessary both for the resumption of national activities and for the recovery of world trade will be realised. The influx of foreign capital and the return of hoarded capital into circulation will lead to cheaper money and lower costs of production, and an increased volume of business and revenue, and the countries which have just aligned their currencies will thus be the more easily enabled to resume their place in international trade.

"Nevertheless, this trade cannot revive or develop on any large scale, so long as measures of quantitative restriction continue to limit imports. . . .

DANGEROUS RESTRICTIONS

"Besides being henceforward useless, such restrictions would also be dangerous. To the extent to which they continue to weigh on prices they would run the risk of destroying the balance which it had been desired to ensure, of reducing the purchasing power of the social classes whose income remains relatively fixed, and of disturbing the public peace which is essential to economic recovery.

"A policy tending to restore the free exchange of goods and services therefore appears, both in the social and economic spheres, as an indispensable corollary of the monetary adjustment. . . .

"Thus restored, the free circulation of capital and goods will have as its necessary corollary the free movement of human beings. . . . .

"The re-awakening of national activities will produce a demand for labour and restore the currents of migration which, during the last century, spread the genius of Europe throughout the world. Bringing together the peoples, it will help to call into existence the moral atmosphere essential to the organisation of peace.

"It is clear that if the restoration of world trade is to produce its full benefit, it will be necessary also to pursue actively and steadfastly the path towards political collaboration among all nations. It is, however, equally clear that improved economic conditions will facilitate this task."

The Assembly passed resolutions embodying these views. It requested the Council to follow the work of the International Labour Organisation on the question of migration; instructed the Fiscal Committee to push on with its work on the avoidance of double taxation, and urgently recommended all States vigorously to pursue commercial policies in harmony with its recommendations. It also declared that the time had now come when "discussion of and enquiry into the question of equal commercial access for all nations to certain raw materials might usefully be undertaken with the collaboration of the principal States, whether Members or non-Members of the League, having a special interest in the matter."

The Council was asked to set up a committee composed of members of the Economic and Financial Committees of the League, together with other qualified persons, irrespective of nationality, to consider and report upon this question, and recommended that nationals of non-Member as well as Member States of the League might be represented on this committee. It asked the Secretary-General to communicate this resolution to the Governments of non-Member as well as of Member States.

CASE AGAINST CENTRAL BANK

Shamdasani's Objection To Admission Of Unstamped Application Overruled

"An application is being shoved in here, in a surprising manner and novel methods are adopted by Mr. Velinker, Sir," said Mr. P. D. Shamdasani, on an application made by Mr. Velinker, pursuant to the notice sent by the Court to Messrs. Payne and Co., the Central Bank's Solicitors, to show cause against the order made by the Magistrate at the resumed hearing of the case against the Auditors and Accountants of the Central Bank in respect of alleged false balance sheet.

Sir Hughe Golding Cocke and three other partners in the firm of Messrs. Fergusson and Co., and Messrs. Billimoria and Co., are charged at the instance of Mr. Shamdasani, a shareholder of the Bank, with issuing a false balance sheet with a report appended to it where false statements are alleged to have been made wilfully and knowingly.

Mr. Shamdasani objecting to the application put in as an exhibit before Mr. I. S. Haji, Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon, on Thursday, observed that no notice had been given to him about the application and he did not know whether it was unstamped.

"An application is being put in as exhibit in a surprising way and novel methods are adopted by Mr. Velinkar," repeated Mr. Shamdasani.

Mr. Shamdasani further contended that the time of the court would be wasted by written statements which had no foundation in law. He thought it was Justice Mirza who had laid down that no written statements should be allowed in a criminal court. He said that he would give the relevant ruling at a later date.

Court: Do you want me to adjourn the case?

Mr. Shamdasani: No Sir I raise my objections and only with regard to this point I will cite the relevant ruling at the next hearing. If your Worship can remember, you can help me.

Court: There may be so many rulings. How can I know what ruling you want?

Mr. Shamdasani: I don't know whether that application is stamped.

Court: Do you wish to say anything, Mr. Velinker?

Mr. Velinker replying, said that Mr. Shamdasani had made a "monstrous statement" that no written application was allowed in a Criminal Court and that, too attributed, to late Justice Mirza.

"Your worship will remember that it was Mr. Rangnekar when he was the Chief Presidency Magistrate who made a remark.....

Court: Yes I remember. He did not allow written statements with the consent of the parties.

Mr. Velinker: Yes, Sir. That was the only occasion and there is no High Court ruling to that effect.

Defence Objections.

When the Magistrate asked whether Mr. Velinker wished to put in the application as an exhibit, Mr. Velinker replied in the affirmative and asked for 10 more minutes, as it was already 5-26 p.m.

Court: I will rise at 5-30 p.m.

Mr. Velinker after putting in the application read it which took more than 15 minutes.

The real motive of the complainant, the application stated, was to have a roving inspection of those books of accounts and to get those general accounts with a view to harass the Bank as he had been doing for the last thirteen years. Then the application recounted the series of cases against the Directors, Managers, Auditors and Accountants of the Bank for the last thirteen years and the result thereof.

Mr. Shamdasani cited Calcutta and Bombay High Court rulings to support his contention under the subsequent interlocutory application that the evidence from the books would be for the purpose of being used in evidence in the cause and one failed to see, he cited from the ruling, how it could be done unless the prosecutor was allowed to inspect the documents.

Reading the High Court rulings, Mr. Shamdasani stated that the object of producing the books of account was for purposes of inspection or to get at truth or tend to elicit truth from documents or books. Mr. Shamdasani contended that the Bank had no "locus standi" and it could not raise any objection.

Further hearing of the case was postponed to November 3.

Mr. Shamdasani appeared in person, while Mr. S. G. Velinker defended the Bank.

Why Start Legal Aid On Communal Lines?

Nariman's Appeal To "Misguided Lawyers" To Help Only Deserving Persons

Mr. K. F. Nariman has issued the following statement:

Citizens in general and lawyers in particular will, I am sure, agree with me in expressing disapproval of the steps adopted by some enthusiastic but misguided lawyer friends to start legal aid on communal lines. Under certain exigency and justifiable circumstances, considering the great emergency, two separate relief committees might, perhaps, not only excusable but also deemed necessary; the rescue and relief work was of such a nature as could not wait till proper mixed organisations were set up. But there is no justification for extending that undesirable activity beyond the scope of absolute necessity or urgency; particularly the normal, broad-minded, cosmopolitan legal profession should be above such water-tight arrangements.

APPEAL TO BOTH GROUPS.

"I would, therefore, humbly suggest and appeal to both the Hindus and Mussalman legal aid groups to amalgamate and join together to render legal assistance to deserving persons of both communities after carefully investigating into each case on its merits and after satisfying themselves that really innocent and harmless persons have been inadvertently "netted in" in this general round up. During such excitement and confusion, it is inevitable that perhaps some innocent people may have to suffer for the misdeeds of the real mischief-makers; otherwise, it would be a dangerous practice and putting, as it were, a distinct premium on "mawalism and hooliganism." If a Muslim or a Hindu lawyer indiscriminately offers free legal aid as a matter of mere communal patronage, regardless of the merits of each case, that would certainly not be legal aid as we understand it,—an important part of social welfare work—but it would be a direct or indirect incitement and encouragement to mischief-makers, and undesirable elements.

"LESS NOISE" ORDER IN BARODA

(From Our Correspondent).

BARODA, Oct. 29.

The Suba of Baroda, Mr. R. R. Pawar, has issued notifications prohibiting use of radio, gramophone and allied instruments near Government offices during working hours within the radius of one furlong and prohibiting blowing of horns between Laheripura Gate and Pratap Vijaya Cinema, and Racpura Police Station and Shirke's Wada during working hours.

SATNA RAILWAY INCIDENT

Nagod Rajasaheb's Secretary Explains

BOMBAY, Oct. 31.

With reference to the "United Press" message from Jubbulpore to the effect that the Raja Saheb of Nagode was refused accommodation at Satna station by a European couple travelling in a first class compartment as a result of which His Highness could not attend the next day's Ministers' Conference at Bombay, the Private Secretary to the Raja Saheb informs the "United Press" that His Highness did neither approach the European couple for accommodation, nor he was put to any humiliation.

The fact was, according to the Secretary of the Raja Saheb that the station master failed to reserve a seat for the Raja Saheb in spite of previous intimation. So the station master voluntarily approached the European couple to request them to accommodate the Raja Saheb, to which they refused.—United Press.

Opera House 3-30, 6-30 & 10 P. M.

A romantic story laid in Rangoon!

THE PICTURE that will undoubtedly Smash All Bombay Records
A GREAT MASTERPIECE, BECOMING A GREATER SCREEN HIT
Sangeet Movietone's
Biggest Sensational Social Presentation.
"CALL OF THE SOUL"
OR
HRADAYA MANTHAN
Millions yearn to see this only entertaining, most perfect, most glamorous, with a soul-stirring story backed by the most marvellous music and up to date cine techniques.
DON'T MISS
This Picture of Pictures with an Extraordinary team of talents.
Directed by:—
BAI JADDANBAI
The only woman director of India
Story by:—
Bengal's greatest Dramatist
BABU JULLODHAR CHATTERJEE
Featuring:—
Bai JADDANBAI, A. HUSSAIN, URMILADEVI, SIDDIQUE, BABY RANY and others.
WATCH FOR THE GRAND GALA OPENING
AT THE CINEMA **MAJESTIC**

A PAGE TORN From the BOOK OF LIFE!
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Breathing with tense situations
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NEW THEATRES LTD. (Calcutta)
Masterpiece of movie-technique
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Directed by:
Sjt. P. BARUA
who gave you
"DEVDAS"

REMEMBER!
11TH NOVEMBER
when you will see
MANZIL
OR
GRIHA-DAHA
Starring:
JAMUNA
BARUA
MOLINA, K. C. DEY and PRITHVIRAJ
Coming to
ROXY
TALKIES

Central Cinema
Near Albless Baug — Charni Road—Off Queen's Road
DAILY 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p. m.
M-G-M TOPS ITS BIGGEST ROMANTIC SMASH!

The last word in movie thrills... as M-G-M brings six headline stars together in a screen romance even mightier than "San Francisco"!
AMERICA'S GORGEOUS GIRL FRIEND MEETS AMERICAS' NEWEST HEART-THROB!
A CLARENCE BROWN PRODUCTION

JOAN CRAWFORD · ROBERT TAYLOR
IN *The Gorgeous Hussy*
with FRANCHOT TONE, MELVYN DOUGLAS, JAMES STEWART
Produced by Joseph Mankiewicz
LIONEL BARRYMORE
She swayed a nation... ruled the hearts of men ...and spent her life trying to win the one she really loved!
A Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer PICTURE
Plans Open 'Phone 27787.

She was educated—A young innocent Girl just back from Foreign Country after completing her education. She was ROMANTIC—IN REAL SENSE OF LOVE.

He was an educated—A young Prince. Heir apparent to the Throne—A child brought up in Royal Luxury—An incarnate of Vices—Drink & Dances were his Romance. He knew not the Sense of Love.

SHE DIDN'T EVER LIKE HIM—HE HAD NEVER SEEN HER—
But They Were Engaged For Each Other
WHAT HAPPENED THEN—
—SEE IT ON THE SCREEN—
—IN—
Romantic-India
Starring:—
Miss NOORJAHAN, RADHARANI, SNEHALATA, Mr. O. K. DHAR, PREM, BHARGAV (Advocate) and others.
Supported By—
PANDITJEE - - MUNSHIJEE
The Pair of Laughter Maker
WITH Your Favourite
SHYAM SUNDER (Indian Fred Astor)
COMMENCING FROM 5th NOVEMBER
AT
SUPER TALKIES
Released through:—ART INDUSTRY (India), BOMBAY-4.

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Eucalyptus & Menthol Pastilles . Easton's Syrup . Cod Liver Oil
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SIX OF THE FINEST MEDICINES AVAILABLE
Bombay: M. K. Shah, Manhar Buildings, Princess Street
Calcutta. H. D. Nag, 36 Beniatola Lane
Madras: South Indian Mercantile Co., 12 Mannaru Street

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With the change of atmosphere in travel by air land or sea, One usually experiences stomach disorders, dizziness, headache, sea-sickness, air-sickness etc. "Amritdhara" brings sure positive relief to all such ailments. It can also be used externally for accidents.

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SHIPPING NEWS

Imports And Exports

ARRIVALS

Bombay, Oct. 30.

P. & O. S N Co.'s S.S. Kaisar-I-Hind of 6013 Reg. tons Capt. M. G. Draper arrived from London via Tangier, Gibraltar, Marseilles, Port Said and Aden with passengers and general cargo.

Forbes Forbes Campbell and Co.'s S.S. Pres. Polk of 6304 Reg. tons Capt. C. W. Hawkins arrived from San Francisco via Honolulu, Kobe, Shanghai, Hongkong, Manila, Singapore, Penang and Colombo with passengers and general cargo.

Killick Nixon and Co's S.S. City of London of 5714 Reg. tons Capt. J. Brown arrived from Liverpool via Port Said and Port Sudan with troops, passengers and general cargo.

James Finlay and Co.'s S.S. Clan Matheson of 3453 Reg tons Capt. S. Y. Strange arrived from Fowey via Glasgow, Liverpool, Port Said and Suez with general cargo.

N. Y. Kaisha's S.S. Tango Maru of 4238 Reg. tons Capt. K. Tsukuda arrived from Yokohama via Nagoya, Osaka, Kobe, Moji, Sakito, Shanghai, Hongkong, Singapore, Penang and Colombo with passengers and general cargo.

DEPARTURE.

Bombay, Oct. 30.

Killick Nixon and Co.'s S.S. City of London of 5714 Reg. tons Capt. J. G. Brown sailed for Calcutta via Colombo with passengers and in ballast.

LOADING.

Bombay, Oct. 30.

The following steamer entered for loading on 30-10-36:—

S.S. Warfield (M. M. & Co.) for Europe and American Ports via Bhavnagar, Bedi Bunder, Karachi, Suez and Port Said.

ALEXANDRA DOCK

Bombay, Oct. 29.

6 Lindenfels 5193, Karachi 2-11, L Edwards Ltd.
7 Clan Matheson, 3435 N F, N F, J Finlay & Co.
8 Alipore 3241, Kobe 31-10, M M and Co.
9 Warfield 3805, Karachi, 2-11, M M and Co.
11 President Polk 6304, New York 31-10 F F Campbell and Co.
15 Toyama Maru, 4386, Kobe 31-10 N Y Kaisha.
16 Kaisar-I-Hind 6014, London, 31-10 M M and Co.

VICTORIA DOCK

1 Gambhira 3196, Rangoon 31-10, M M & Co.
3 Vita 195, Karachi, 31-10, M M and Co.
10|11 Jalayamuna 3080, Calcutta, 8-11, Scindia S N Co.

PRINCE'S DOCK

C|R Garmula 3234, Calcutta 31-10, M M and Co.
D|E Akbar 2479, Mauritius 31-10, T Morrison and Co.
F Jehangir 2157, Jeddah 5-11, T Morrison and Co.
G Oostcappelle 348, M. Coast 30-10, Merchant S N Co.
N|O Kidderpore 3268, N F N F, M M and Co. (P & O).

STEAMERS EXPECTED

FROM LONDON
Somali 6-11 P & O S N Co.
Strathaird 5-11 P & O S N Co.
Strathmore, 9-11, P and O S N Co.
Comorin, 12-11, P and O S N Co.
Chitral, 19-11, P and O S N Co.
Rajputana, 26-11, P and O S N Co.

FROM LIVERPOOL
City of Canterbury, 2-11, Killick Nixon & Co.

FROM NEW YORK
City of Worcester 5-11, F. F. Campbell & Co.
Atlanta City, 2-11, M M. & Co.

FROM CHINA JAPAN
Mayebashi Maru 12-11 N Y Kaisha.
Mantai Maru, 9-11, O. S. Kaisha.
Shunko Maru, 23-11, O. S. Kaisha.

FROM DURBAN
Takliwa 31-10 M M and Co.

FROM BASRA.
Bandra, 29-10, M, M, & Co.
Vasna, 31-10, M. M. & Co.
Samora 5-11 M M and Co.
Varsova 7-11 M M and Co.

FROM JAVA
Silverash 29-10 Volkart Bros.
Kota Agoeng, 5-11, Volkart Bros.

FROM KARACHI
Calcutta Maru 6-11 N Y Kaisha.

FROM RANGOON
Golconda, 2-11, M M and Co.

FROM CALCUTTA
Baroda 4-11 M M and Co.

FROM HULL
City of Kobe 8-11 James Finlay and Co.

FROM SYDNEY
Mooltan 7-11 P & O S N Co.

FROM HAMBURG.
Rabenfels, 2-11, Lionel Edward.
Ratenfels, 6-11, Lionel Edward.

FROM OSLO.
Teradentes 30-10 Lionel Edward.

FROM TRIESTE.
Victoria, 2-11, Lloyd Triestino.

SAILING DATES

FOR LONDON
Kaiser-I-Hind, 31-10; P and O S N Coy.
Mooltan, 7-11, P. & O. S. N. Co.
Corfu. 14-11, P & O S N Coy.
Strathmore 21-11 P & O S N Co.
Viceroy of India 28-11, P & O S N Co.

FOR HAMBURG
Tranenfels, 31-10, Lionel Edwards.

FOR LIVERPOOL.
Tuscania 29-10 Graham's Trading Co.
City of Simla 9-11 Killick Nixon and Co.
California, 12-11, Graham's Trdg. Co.

FOR NEW YORK
Pres. Polk 30-10 F. F. Campbell and Co.
City of Worcester, 7-11, F. F. Campbell & Co.
City of Oran, 18-11, F. F. Campbell & Co.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO.
Kota Agoeng 18-11 Volkart Bros.

FOR CHINA & JAPAN
Tango Maru, 11-11, N Y Kaisha.
Calcutta Maru, 12-11, N Y Kaisha.
Mantai Maru, 24-11, O S Kaisha.
Toyama Maru, 1-11, N. Y. Kaisha.
Victoria 2-11 Lloyd Triestino.
Somali 7-11 P & O S N Co.
Tango Maru, 11-11, N. Y. Kaisha.
Conte Rosso 12-11 Lloyd Triestino.

FOR MAURITIUS.
Akbar, 31-10, Turner Morrison & Co.

FOR TRIESTE
Conte Verde 12-11 Lloyd Triestino.

FOR JEDDAH
Jehangir, 3-11, Turner Morrison and Co.

FOR JAVA.
Silverrash, 2-11, Volkart Bros.

FOR BASRA.
Barpeta 28-10 M M & Co.

FOR DURBAN.
Takliva, 11-11, M. M. & Co.

FOR SYDNEY.
Strathaird 8-11 P & O S N Co.
Kenya 25-11 M M and Co.

FOR KARACHI.
Lindenfels 3-11 Lionel Edward.

GENERAL LANDING DATES

S.S. Kidderpore	29-10-36
„ Bhadravati	29-10-36
„ Irrawadi	30-10-36

EXPORTS.

Bombay, Oct. 30.

S.S. Kaisar-I-Hind for London:—118 bales animal skins Thos Cook and Son; 4 bales animal skins A Gulamhusein and Co; 16 cases bristles L Bhagvandas and Co: 15 cases bristles D Abraham and Sons.

S.S. Warfield for Havre:—623 bags myrabollam Chimanlal Mehta and Co.; 60 bales mendi leaves Thos Cook and Sons.

S.S. President Polk for Beyrouth:—15 bales cotton twist M A Al A Rarak.

For Haifa:—10 bales cotton twist M A Al A Razak.

For Alexandritta:—47 bales cotton twist M A Al A Razak.

S.S. Lindenfels for Gothenburg:—24 bales cotton fly L O Vora.

For Hamburg:—400 bags gum olibanum E Valimohmad; 81 bags gum karaya T Laxmidas and Co; 640 bags groundnut oil cakes A Oomerbhoy.

For Ghent:—165 bales cotton raw Swastika General Tdg. Co.

For Oporto:—165 bales cotton raw Swastika General Tdg. Co.

S.S. Hilda for Marseilles:—2000 bags groundnut seed R Ratilal & Co.

For Trieste:—55 bales cotton raw Volkart Bros; 24 bales cotton raw K Devchand and Co; 56 bales cotton raw Ralli Bros.

S.S. Alipore for Kobe:—500 bales cotton raw Volkart Bros; 271 bales cotton raw N Futehally and Co.

S.S. Toyama Maru for Kobe:—400 bales cotton raw A Clayton and Co; 400 bales cotton raw N Manilal and Co; 268 bales cotton raw V Ladha and Co.

S.S. Tango Maru for Osaka:—80 tons iron scrap M G A Husein and Co.

For Kobe:—400 bales cotton raw M Amersey and Co.

IMPORTS.

Bombay, Oct. 30.

S.S. City of Simla, Agents K Nixon and Co., from Liverpool:—36 cases confectionery; 41 cases provision; 23 cases cotton rope; 25 cases blanco; 60 cases wines; 100 cases cordials; 95 cases glassware; 75 cases soap; 107 cases weights; 348 cases earthen ware; 15 cases stout; 196 cases whisky; 104 cases cotton yarn; 126 cases cottons; 1818 cases machinery; 286 cases cotton piecegoods; 525 bundles steel circles; 77 bundles steel keys; 100 bundles steel middles; 1007 bundles steel hoops; 298 bundles steel bars; 136 loose motor car outer covers; 50 loose pans; 200 tins fritch; 291 drums lubricating oil; 40 drums lubricating grease; 598 drums chemicals; 74 bales floor cloth; 280 drums paint; 152 drums colour; 550 bales newspapers; 400 bags cloves; 56 bars iron; 345 bundles G.S. sheets.

From Marseilles:—85 cases vermouth; 200 bags almonds; 32 cases castor oil; 15 cases wine; 104 cases mineral water; 50 bales pyrethree roots.

From Port Said:—243 bales cotton.

S.S. Mongolia, Agents M M and Co., from Melbourne:—320 packages milk powder; 19 cases turkeys; 50 bags currants; 112 bags peas; 20 cases dripping; 24 casks tallow; 13 cases cheese; 12 cases poultry.

From Hebart:—92 cases fruits.

From Sydney:—40 boxes butter; 23 cases fruits; 17 cases sauce (tomato); 35 cases salt lick; 65 bales wool tops; 42 cases turkeys.

From Adelaide:—217 bars silver; 113 cases fruits.

HEAVY RAIN FALLS IN C. P.

Depression Over Hyderabad Moves North

POONA, October 30.

The Depression over Hyderabad has moved northwards and is this morning near Nagpur, and fairly widespread and locally heavy rain has fallen in the Central Provinces with local rain in north Hyderabad, north Madras coast, Chota Nagpur and a few falls in Orissa, Bihar, east United Provinces and Madras Deccan. Local thundershowers are also reported from south-east Madras.

The chief amounts of rainfall are:—Nagpur and Chanda 6 inches each, Pendara and Coomoor 2; Benares and Seoni 1-1/2; Vizagapatam 1.

FORECAST.—Rainfall is likely to continue fairly widespread in the Central Provinces, Chota Nagpur, extend and increase in east Central India, east United Provinces, Bihar and north Bengal, and occur locally in north Madras coast and south Madras and at a few stations in Mysore and Deccan.

HEAVY RAINFALL.—Moderate to heavy rain is likely to occur locally in north Central Provinces, east Central India, Bihar and Chota Nagpur during the next 24 hours.—A. P.

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY.

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 30-10-1936.

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours —018 inches.

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 80.4 degrees.

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 74.0 degrees.

Maximum temperature during 24 hours 92.1 degrees 3.1 (above normal).

Minimum temperature during 24 hours 75.4 degrees 0.9 (above normal).

Relative Humidity at 8 a.m. 72 p.c.

Direction of wind at 8 a.m. ENE.

Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 3 miles per hour.

Total movement of wind in 24 hours 135 miles.

Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 25 miles per hour.

Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy eq. 10). nil.

Earthquake Report.—An earthquake shock of slight intensity at its origin about 4670 miles away with its epicentral region apparently near Marianne Islands in the Pacific was recorded by the seismographs at the Colaba Observatory at 0h. 20mts. (I.S.T.) on Friday the 30th October 1936.

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 30-10-36.

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 82.0 deg. F., a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 30.10 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.90 inches.

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

SAHARA GOLD

SPECIAL REDUCTION IN RATES FOR DIWALI SALE

Sole Retail Agents:—
RASHTRIYA SWADESHI BHANDAR
(1) Kalbadevi Road. Opp. Dwarkanath Temple.
(2) Swadeshi Market, Shami Galli.
(3) Sandhurst Road, Daruwala Building.

CALICO JUBILEE FABRICS BEAT ALL OTHERS

Kill MOSQUITOES with FLIT!
Imitations waste your money
Don't risk your health and comfort by accepting worthless "insecticides" or imitations that masquerade under the name of Flit. Remember — there is only one Flit. Flit is sold only in the yellow tin with the soldier and black band — sealed to prevent fraudulent refilling. Will not stain. You can absolutely rely on Flit to kill all household insects.
Sprinkle the new FLIT POWDER in cracks and crevices. Crawling insects touch it and die!
FLIT
If the soldier is not on the tin, it is not FLIT

Sole Distributors:
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Guard your FACE ARMS & HANDS from the ravages of Heat with HIMANI SNOW

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THE FIRST SNOW
Made in India
Foremost ever since
Inspite of innumerable imitations.
Soothing and Refreshing Toiletry for Summer

Distributors:—
SHARMA BANERJI & Co.,
"Devkaran Mansions," Princess St., BOMBAY 2.

LILY PEARL BARLEY
Made of
Fresh & Full Grown Grains
RECOMMENDED BY PHYSICIANS and USED IN EMINENT HOSPITALS
THE LILY BISCUIT Co.,
Mangaldas Market, Bombay 2.

FREE!! Gold Talisman (Govt. Registered) given by a sage in the palace of Maharaja of Tipperah. Infallibly cures any disease and fulfills all desires. SHAKTI BHANDAR (Estd. 1927), P. O. Auliabad (Sylhet), ASSAM.

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Partial or total and complicated with Headnoises and other troubles no matter how long and what causes, cured successfully in four weeks. Guaranteed cent per cent success. Particulars on request. KAMALA WORKS, Panchpota, Bengal (B.C.).

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Fistula, Sinus, Foul Ulcer, etc., magically cured by Ulcerine without knife; used both internally and externally. Harmless, soothing. Ask free details. NEW FORMULA CO., 2, Kandi Bengal. Agents: Kemp & Co., Charni Rd. BOMBAY.

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Whatever extensive and however long-standing cured absolutely in four weeks. Success guaranteed. Particulars on request. KAMALA WORKS (B.C.), PANCHPOTA, (Bengal).

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Branch:—RAJKOT (Civil Station.)

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Managing Director:—Sir SORABJI N. POCHKHANAWALA, Kt.

Current Deposit Accounts opened and interest allowed at 1 per cent per annum on daily balances upto Rupees One lac.

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Europe via China, Japan U. S. A. or Canada returning via Suez and Colombo (or vice versa). Many facilities offered.

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"Rupee Must Be Devalued Now Suitably"

"Else We Shall Continue To Suffer From Double Handicaps", Says Jamal Mahomed

Mr. M. Jamal Mahomed writes:—

The devaluation of the Franc and the devaluation of other important currencies of Europe has brought the question of the devaluation of the Rupee very much to the fore now. Recently there were two adjournment motions in the Assembly and the part played by the Government of India in the show was not at all to their credit nor in the best interests of the people of India. That the Hon'ble the Finance Member should have acted in the way he did might not have been unexpected but that His Excellency the Viceroy whose keen concern for the masses particularly for the distressed agriculturists was taken for granted as envisaged in his recent address to the Central Legislatures should have allowed the Finance Member to do so is a standing puzzle to many now.

Indeed, the Government of India may not be a free agent in such matters but is being guided and controlled by the Secretary of State for India and the present Secretary of State, however sympathetic and broad-minded he may personally be may not in the nature of things obtaining in London completely divest himself of the influences of the financial interests of the City of London.

Ours is a debtor country with foreign obligations and our foreign remittances, private and public, come to 50 to 60 crores every year, whereas, the majority of the countries who have and who are now depreciating their currencies are creditor countries, with investments and services to their advantage in foreign lands. We can meet our foreign obligations only by a favourable balance as we had always been doing as, otherwise we will be forced to send out gold as we are doing now. Under these circumstances it is more necessary for us than to others to devise ways and means to expand our export trade and thus conserve our gold resources.

Admittedly depreciation has the effect of raising up the internal prices of commodities which naturally leads to an expansion in the agricultural, industrial and commercial activities of the country. That means a better internal and external trade and also better demand for labour, better wages, better purchasing power of the masses and a higher standard of living. As our export trade improves two very desirable things will be brought about, viz:—

(1) higher and more economic internal rupee prices for our primary products and manufactured articles, as the local prices are always influenced by the rates available for our exported portion of our production and

(2) gradual curtailment in the export of gold; later on stoppage of the same and finally the resumption of the usual import of gold to meet the social habits and requirements of the people.

These are things that are essential to the best interests of the country and we ought therefore to take advantage of at least the present opportunity and forthwith devalue our Rupee so as to usher in those essential conditions. If we do not do so now and allow this opportunity to pass, the world having in the meantime settled down to the new order of things would not look with favour on any new disturbance later on though ultimately we may be forced to depreciate our currency by the operation of economic forces.

UNSOUND DECISIONS.

When the interests of the country lie this way our Finance Member is queerly engaged in trying to take refuge in "time limits" and in emphasising the obstruseness of the subject and in pouring ridicule on the "learned experts" of the opposition, forgetting the fact that our troubles are due to the ignorance of Indian conditions on the part of the outside experts of the Royal Commissions and the unsound decisions adopted by them in pite of the sound advice given them by such Indian experts as Sir Dalal and Sir Purshottamdas Thakurdas. He is reported to have said that the members of the Assembly who spoke against the policy of the Government never impign on reality. But one painfully wonders whether he does. He keeps on saying that the best interests of the country forbids devaluation and asserts that the Rupee as it is not appreciated but depreciated!! Who is to judge as to what is the best interest of the country? Is it the people whom the shoe pinches and their accredited representatives, or this comparative stranger to the country who prides in his obstinacy and is impatient at contradiction. If the Assembly cannot even consider and discuss this all important and vital question and if it is the Government that has to consider and decide such things, then what is the Assembly for at all? A close study of the Hon'ble Finance Member's speeches in the Assembly in this connection makes one puzzled as to what to think of him. Either he does not know what he is talking about, the best part of his energy spent on quarrelling or he does not seem to see things and conditions as they are in the country.

HIS SWEET WILL.

Of course this is all due to the system of Government prevailing here by which a finance expert of this sort can be forced upon a great country like India and the vital interests of its toiling millions can be entrusted to his sweet will and tender mercies. In all earnestness I would by the way like to ask the Britishers three plain questions:

(1) Is this the way to discharge the duties and responsibilities of a guardian and trustee towards a ward?

(2) Is this the way to inspire confidence in the innumerable vetoes and safe-guards of the new constitution?

(3) Is this the way to promote good-will and harmony between the two countries and to maintain and strengthen the Indo-British connection and Empire idea?

Before considering the main points of the case, let us briefly examine the chief points and arguments of the Hon'ble the Finance Member and others who objected to the devaluation of the Rupee which devaluation after all amounts only to falling in line with others in a way, or the restoration of the old ratio.

The Finance Member is lecturing to us against a "competitive depreciation of currencies" when many important major countries had already devalued theirs, some even twice or thrice, while others are actually doing it now one after another. The proper forum for this plea of his would be the League of Nations and Geneva.

SITUATION MISUNDERSTOOD.

The real point at issue is not the anxiety of the country to enter the field of competitive depreciation. The Hon'ble Finance Member has completely misunderstood the situation. It is something else and it is this. Since the Great War some of the important major countries of the world who are producers of raw materials and of manufactured articles such as Great Britain, America, Japan, France, Italy, Australia and New Zealand had depreciated their currencies, some of them more than once, some other countries including a number of the previous category are at it now. I mean Belgium, France, Italy, Holland, Dutch East Indies, Switzerland, Czechoslovakia; and many more including Germany will most probably be doing so sooner or later. These are countries whose products, industrial and agricultural, compete with ours both in the local markets and in the other markets of the world.

While these had devalued and are still doing so, we have appreciated our exchange since the war from 16d to 18d. Consequently, the pressure of their competition is being severely felt by us both locally and in the outside markets of the world, and it cannot be otherwise. That is the correct explanation of the still depressed state of our agriculture, industries and commerce and the resultant unemployment and low wages and also the fall in our export trade and the consequent export of gold resources. It is to rectify this most regrettable state of affairs that the country wants at least a restoration of the exchange ratio to its previous level of 1/4 sterling. This demand is not in the least actuated by any desire to take part in any race of competitive depreciation.

MATTER OF PLAIN HISTORY.

The Finance Member also said a lot about the Rupee being appreciated and overvalued or depreciated and undervalued. I have pointed above that it is a matter of plain history that it had been appreciated and there cannot therefore be two opinions about it. But there can be difference of opinion whether it is 'now' over-valued or undervalued. If the Rupee is not overvalued and had already adjusted itself to the present level of 18d. ratio can he explain the present low uneconomical level of commodity prices, unprecedented rural distress and indebtedness, depressed state of our agriculture and industries and the consequent unemployment and low wage-levels, the striking fall in our export trade and its natural corrollary the export of gold in the place of our usual practice of importing same for our social and other requirements. If he wants some enlightenment on this point, I cannot do better than quote from the Memorandum of the Federation of Master Spinners' Association presented to the President of the Board of Trade in the United Kingdom. The said Association in its Memorandum to the Board of Trade on the "Measures for the revival of Lancashire's cotton industry" is reported to have said "that the peasant farmers of India are half-starved and less than half-clothed compared with their conditions a dozen years ago."

RAISING PRICE LEVEL.

It is also urged in the same report that the raising of the price-level should now be the early objective of currency management. The Federation of the Master Spinners' Association add that although the Federation is also greatly concerned about tariff and other trade restrictions, it sees little prospect of adequate relief from them while the low level of wholesale prices keep India and other essential markets of Britain in a state of acute depression.

The fact is that unless the Rupee is devalued now suitably our economic troubles enunciated above will never end and also if we miss the present good opportunity, we shall continue to suffer from the double handicaps of our appreciation and others' depreciation. In other words it means that even when the world depression goes away; quotas and trade restrictions are removed and prosperity returns to the world at large we will continue to labour under the above-mentioned double handicaps in our competition with our rivals both in the local markets as well as in the other markets of the world.'

NO ONE WILL ASK.

I am sure that no one with season will ask the country to be so penny-wise and pound-foolish as to go on losing hundreds of crores year after year for the sake of making the Government gain a few crores. Devaluation will increase the internal prices of commodities and that without disturbing the world parity of prices. Any such increase in price will materially benefit the agriculture, commerce and industry of the country and such an imroved prosperity will substantially augment the public revenues. It will therefore result not in increasing but decreasing the taxation.

ECHO OF PUNJAB MARTIAL LAW

Plea For Release Of Those Who Have Served Their Term

LAHORE, Oct. 29.

Lively debate occurred to-day in the Punjab Legislative Council on the resolution of Mrs. Lekhwati Jain recommending to Government immediate release of 1914-15 Lahore Conspiracy Case prisoners and Martial Law prisoners of 1919. Mrs. Jain movingly appealed to all sections of the House to join in invoking mercy for the prisoners who had served their terms of imprisonment and stated that this might be a gracious gesture at the time of the Coronation and the inauguration of a new era next year. Supporters relied on interpretations of the terms of life imprisonment and transportation.

The Finance Member, Mr. Boyd, said that their cases would be considered in June, 1937, in accordance with the usual procedure.

The debate will be resumed to-morrow.—A. P.

BENGAL COUNCIL SECRETARY DEAD

CALCUTTA, Oct. 29.

Mr. J. W. Mckay, Secretary, Bengal Legislative Council, died this evening from a stroke of paralysis.

Mr. Mckay returned from England on October 24, after four months leave, and was due to join duty on October 31. He was suffering from blood pressure for sometime.

He leaves behind his widow and two sons and one daughter of whom a son and daughter are in England for their education. His funeral takes place to-morrow morning.—A. P

U. P. Muslim League Candidates

LUCKNOW, Oct. 29.

A meeting of the Working Committee of the Muslim League Parliamentary Board of the United Provinces was held to-day at the Saleempur House, the Raja of Saleempur presiding.

The application of the candidates who are seeking election to the new Provincial Legislatures from the different Muslim constituencies of the province were considered.

The Working Committee is again meeting on November 14 to consider the remaining applications when a meeting of the Board will also be held.—United Press.

The Spanish Government allegations that Italian ships bombarded the Balearic Islands and the Spanish Coast is in Government hands are officially denied.

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Weekly Market Reviews

(From Our Special Correspondent)
Bombay, Oct 30

MONEY

There is no change in the monetary situation, inter-bank call rate being quoted at 1/2 per cent. This week's three months' Treasury Bills were discounted at an average rate of Rs. 0-11-0 per cent (.6875 per cent) as against Rs. 0-12-0 per cent last week. Applications were large totalling Rs. 4,05,25,000. Renewals were offset by maturities of Rs. 2 crores, and about Rs. 1.33 crores were put on the market by Government against the purchase of £1 million sterling thus resulting in a nett influx of about Rs. 1.35 crores. Government borrowings against ways and Means Advances from the Reserve Bank of India are unchanged at Rs. 1 crore. Fixed deposit rates are: 3/4 per cent for three months and 1-1/4 per cent for six months.

RESERVE BANK STATEMENT

The Reserve Bank of India statement for the week ended October 23, 1936, shows an increase of Rs. 167.42 lakhs in Notes in circulation while those held in the Banking Department have declined by a like amount. Sterling securities were unchanged at Rs. 67.32 crores whereas Rupee securities slightly decreased by Rs. .02 lakhs. Government deposits, which include £20,500 held in London on account of the High Commissioner, converted at 1s. 6d. to the rupee, were down by Rs. 28.65 lakhs. Banks' Deposits were up by Rs. 33.98 lakhs. Balances held abroad incrased by Rs. 115.55 lakhs. Loans and Advances to the Government were unchanged at Rs. 1 crore. Investments declined by Rs. 19.44 lakhs and Other Assets recorded an increase of Rs. 47.42 lakhs. The bank rate is unchanged at 3 per cent.

IMPERIAL BANK STATEMENT

The Imperial Bank of India statement as on October 23, 1936, shows an increase of Rs. 170.12 lakhs in the total cash balance of the bank, which now stands at Rs. 17.05 crores. Total value of Securities declined by Rs. 105 lakhs to Rs. 50.77 crores. Loans were up by Rs. 7.65 lakhs. Cash Credits and Bills Discounted were down by Rs. 3.22 lakhs and Rs. 37.49 lakhs respectively. Deposits on all accounts rose by Rs. 30.82 lakhs to Rs. 78.93 crores. It is understood that the Imperial Bank of India advance rate is unchanged at 3 per cent.

EXCHANGE

Owing to the incidence of the Pooja holidays in Calcutta, sterling tenders to Government were smaller amounting to £5,100,000 at 1s. 6 1/8d against £11,800,000 last week, with the result that allottment was approximately 20 per cent. Sterling exchange was quiet but steady throughout the week with sellers of ready T T quoting 1s 6 7/64d and buyers 1s 6 9/64d the volume of business being limited. Fresh business for export of gold was very small and the showing of merchandise export bills was moderate.

The foreign exchange market in London was stagnant and fluctuations were very narrow. The London/New York cross rate opening at dol. 4.89 touched dol 4.88 13/16 and after advancing to dol 489 5/16 declined and closed at dol 4.88 15/16. The London-Paris rate after declining from frs. 105.21 to frs. 105.06 in mid-week advanced and closed at frs. 105.16. Three months forward francs are still quoted at a discount of frs. 1.46 as a result of continued political tension in Europe. The belga and the guilder fluctuated between 20.04 1/4 and 28.98 1/2 and 9.07 1/4 and 9.03 1/4 respectively. The Italian lira is quoted at 92.90.

GOLD

The continuance of communal disturbances in the city and the approach of the Divali holidays when there is a fair demand for spot gold in upcountry centres, resulted in smaller daily arrivals amounting to about 10,000 tolas. As a result of Option dealers and Shorts covering with the approach of settlement, the local market was well maintained, making fresh business for export was made difficult. The quotation for ready after ranging between Rs. 35-3-6 and Rs. 35-2-9, closed at Rs. 35-3-6. The price of gold in London opened at 142s. 1d. and after improving to 142s.8 3d. in mid-week, gradually declined and closed at 142s. 1 1/2d. Last week's shipment per s.s. 'Mongolia' was valued at Rs. 35.68 lakhs, making a total of Rs 28.35 crores for the current year and Rs. 285.90 crores since September 1931. Stocks on hand are estimated at about 1 lakh of tolas, while the daily offtake averages about 2,000 tolas. The highest and lowest rates in the local market were Rs. 35-3-6 and Rs. 35-2-9 for ready and November 2, settlement and Rs. 35-3-9 and Rs. 35-3 for December 1, settlement. The week's imports amounted to Rs. 96,405 in bar and coin.

SILVER

The bullion market was closed for business after 6 p.m. for the major portion of the week and this restricted the volume of business. It re-opened for night trading yesterday. The quotation for ready opened at Rs. 49-9 and after declining to Rs. 49.6 firmed up to Rs. 50-1 on reports of renewed American purchase in London on the eve of the Presidential election in the United States. At the close, however, the rate declined to Rs. 49-14 on general selling. The daily offtake for ready silver was a shade better at about 60 bars. Yesterday's arrival per s.s. 'Kaisar-i-Hind' is worth £193,900. Silver to the amount of £617,700 is en route to Bombay. The week's imports were about 660 bars from London and Australia and Rs. 9,137 in coin. Stocks on hand are unchanged at about 12,000 bars. The highest and lowest rates in London were 20 3/16d and 19 15/16d for spot and two months forward; and those in our market were Rs. 50-1 and Rs. 49-6 for ready and November 2, settlement and Rs. 50-2-6 and Rs. 49-7-6 for December 3, settlement. The Shanghai dollar showed no change at 1s. 2 15/32d during the week.

GILTEDGED

Despite disquieting international political news, the Giltedged market maintained a steady tone and prices were practically unchanged in all scrips, cheap money being responsible for this situation. The volume of trading, however, was comparatively small. 3 1/2 per cent Rupee Paper improved to Rs. 100-7 and the carry-forward for a fortnight cost 3 annas 6 pies to the bears. 2 3/4 per cent 1948-52 new loan is quoted at a premium of Rs. 1-4. 3 per cent 1951-54 loan kept steady around Rs. 104-1; 3 per cent 1941 loan at Rs. 104-15 and 3 1/2 per cent 1947-50 loan at Rs. 107-10. 4 per cent 1943 bonds remained unchanged at Rs. 112 and 4 1/2 per cent 1955-60 loan at Rs. 120-2. 4 per cent 1967-70 loan was placed at Rs. 115-14 and 5 per cent 1945-55 (tax free) loan changed hands at Rs. 121-7. 5 per cent 1939-44 loan closed at Rs. 109-1; 5 per cent 1940-43 loan at Rs. 111-15 and 5 1/2 per cent 1938-40 loan at Rs. 107-12.

SHARES.

The share market witnessed one of the most active periods of trading during the past week and the upward trend in prices was visible in all sections. General buying coupled with bear covering was the feature in steels, Bombay Burmas and the cotton mill group of shares. At the higher levels, however, there was a tendency on the part of holders to take profit, but the undertone is regarded as quite healthy. Steel shares touched the highest level on record since 1921. Tata Defds. being done at Rs. 845 and Ordys. at Rs. 207. At the close, however, prices receded to Rs. 822-8 and Rs. 202-8 respectively. Tata 2nd pref. were traded in at Rs. 173-4. Bombay Burmas rallies 30 points to Rs. 562-8 but closed at Rs. 542-8. The market believes that the price of rubber at 8d. a pound and the good demand for timber at rising prices is likely to help the shares of this company. It may be pointed out that the price of these shares stood as high as Rs. 900 only in 1928. Cotton mill shares all advanced, and the market is still in an optimistic mood. Bombay Dyeing rose from Rs. 709-6 to Rs. 740, closing at Rs. 725. Belapur sugars attracted good buying with the price advancing to Rs. 225, closing at Rs. 215. Bank shares and Cement groups showed practically no change, but the tone in both sections was steady. Scindia Steams were in good demand and the price registered 1 rupee gain at Rs. 17-13. The new issue of shares offered to present holders are considered quite attractive, and it is believed will be fully taken up.

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RAW COTTON SITUATION

Bombay, Oct. 29.

Messrs. P. Chrystal and Co. have issued the following weekly report:—

We have had another week of quiet markets in America. Most of the above decline was registered on Monday when the Ginning Report was published giving the large figure of 8,568,000 bales ginned up till 18th October. This year's crop has undoubtedly moved very quickly but the ginnings to date seem to indicate that the total crop will ultimately exceed the last Bureau estimate. The market appears to be prepared for a figure of 12 million when the next Bureau will be issued early next month. The offtake of American cotton continues at a satisfactory rate but recently offerings have been just more than the market has been in a position to absorb. From now onwards the crop movement must decline rapidly and with trade demand likely to continue, steadier markets are more than probable.

The Bombay market has been quiet but fairly steady. A moderate business has been reported with Japan and European exporters also report a fair turnover. In Japan the yarn and cloth markets have been steady and with Mill margins better than for some time an increasing demand from that country is anticipated. Local Mills still report a poor demand for cloth especially for coarser styles and consequently have not shewn much interest in Indian cotton. A certain amount of business is possible in finer goods but at poor prices. The market has been swept clean of all Uganda cotton and a moderate business has been done with Alexandria where the prices of Uppers and Giza 7 are now obtainable at a reasonable parity.

We continue to receive good reports of the condition of the coming Indian crop. In the Oomra districts where the crop this year is fully a fortnight earlier than normal arrivals are increasing daily. The basis of all Indian cotton is unusually cheap for so early in the season, and with exporters' commitments for early shipment smaller than usual this market will soon have to face considerable hedge selling. Such selling will be absorbed with some difficulty as stocks in Bombay are at present much larger than in recent years. A further widening in the parity between Indian and Americans seems inevitable.

SOUND POSITION OF AMERICAN COTTON

Messrs. Langley and Co. in their weekly market report issued on Oct 28th state:—

Since last we wrote, the U. S. Department of Agriculture have announced the ginnings up to October 18th as 8,568,000 bales, which shows a figure of 2,537,000 bales ginned since the last Report. Looking back over a period, it is not unusual to find an amount of around four million bales ginned between now and the final Report in March. On that assumption, which we believe to be in the minds of most operators, the eventual crop looks like being considerably over 12 million bales; hence the decline in New York, which now discounts a crop of perhaps over 12 millions. It is, however, a fact that the American crop this season has been slightly on the early side and also the marketing up to date has been unusually rapid. It is, therefore, quite possible that the present ginnings may represent a larger proportion of the crop to date than has been the case in the last few seasons. This fact we consider should receive due attention.

EUROPEAN SITUATION.

The European situation has deteriorated, another adverse factor. Despite this, it is still our belief that intrinsically the position of American cotton is sound and we do not anticipate any major declines. Temporarily sentiment is against the market, which may, therefore, continue a sagging tendency. This, we think, will furnish an excellent opportunity for purchases.

The weekly weather report calls for no special comment, though there was widespread and unneeded rain in the East.

News from China has been rather encouraging with reports of a far better demand for the manufactured article. Nevertheless our correspondents in Shanghai consider that five lakhs of bales will be exported later in the season.

LOCAL MARKET.

The local market has stood up very well to the decline in America. This was only natural as there is still a large straddle and speculative short interest open. Unfortunately, export demand has not been maintained almost certainly the result of our parity having narrowed. As an example, offers from Japan now are well below a price at which business is possible.

New crop continues to be offered freely, but the volume of business put through for consumption in India remains small.

Arrivals of Bengals in the market are rather disappointing in grade, but an improvement is anticipated.

New crop Khamgaon has also come in small quantities and the quality is excellent.

There has been rather more business done in Egyptian cotton due to the scarcity of African styles and the very high price prevailing.

Deliveries of cloth are still good, but due to the unsettled state of affairs in the city new buyers have in many cases gone away. Offers for new business in cloth are distinctly poor.

Having regard to the sagging tendency in America and due to the fact that the Indian crop movement is not yet established, we look for a steady tone here in the immediate future, but we would only buy here with a view to snatching a small and quick profit.

STERLING SHARE QUOTATIONS

Bombay, Oct 30

Messrs. Forbes and Lund have received the following quotations by special cablegram from London to-day:—

Name of Company	Latest prices £
Assam Bengal Railway Ordy Stock	87 10 0
Atlas Elect and Genl Trust Ordinary	0 8 6
Bengal Iron 7 1/2 per cent Preference	1 8 9
Bengal Nagpur Railway Ord Stock	103 0 0
B. B. and C. I. Rly Ord Stock	115 10 0
Brazilian Traction Pow and Lt Ordinary	dol 17.50
Cables and Wireless 7 1/2 per cent Ord A Stock	20 5 0
Cawnpore Electric Sup Ord	2 10 0
Delhi Electric Sup Ord	3 1 0
Foreign Rly Inv Trust 5 per cent Prf Stk	34 0 0
Genl and Coml Invest. Trust Defd Stk	100 0 0
East India Distilleries and S F Ordinary	1 5 0
Eastern Bank Ltd	6 15 0
Hongkong and Shanghai Bankg Corpn	106 0 0
Imperial Airways Ltd Ord	2 13 0
Indian Copper Corporation Ordinary	0 5 0
Indian Iron and Steel 7 1/2 per cent Debs	106 0 0
Rangoon Electric Tram and S Ordinary	2 10 0
Shahdara Saharanpur L Rly 4 1/2 per cent Deb	96 0 0
United Premier Oil and Cake Ordinary	0 11 9

THE MAGNESIA IN PHILLIPS' GIVES COMPLETE MOUTH PROTECTION

42,000 dentists agree that magnesia is the one effective way to combat the harmful mouth acids that cause tooth decay. Phillips' Magnesia Tooth Paste contains *over 75% genuine Phillips' Milk of Magnesia*. Thus, it protects teeth and gums as it cleans. Sweetens the breath too.

ALSO IN POWDER FORM

YOUR DENTIST WILL TELL YOU PHILLIPS' IS BEST

P-62

FREE sample of Phillips' Magnesia Tooth Paste will be sent to you if you send this advertisement and annas 2 to cover mailing to P. O. Box 511, B.C., Bombay.

India's favourite stud

Expertly made . . . of 14 kt. rolled gold plate . . . Krementz Collar Studs wear indefinitely. They will not tarnish even in the most humid weather. Many different styles from which to choose, all guaranteed for a lifetime of service.

The Krementz line includes Collar Pins, Cuff Links, Wrist Watch Bands and many other quality items.

N-54

KREMENTZ
QUALITY JEWELLERY
GUARANTEED FOREVER

If YOU Suffer From

HEADACHES

These are mostly caused by Nervousness, Liver Trouble, Disordered Stomach, Excitement, Worry or a general Run-Down condition. In most cases the throbbing pain and the unendurable "tightness" of scalp and temples can be relieved in a few minutes by **Yeast-Vite Tablets**, which not only soothe the nerves, but remove the **cause** of the trouble, thus giving **permanent relief.**

BOILS, PIMPLES, ECZEMA

For years Yeast has been the standard medicine for purifying the blood. Most skin troubles are due to blood impurity, because the poisons lodged in the system break through the skin, causing eruptions, both painful and unsightly. **Yeast-Vite Tablets**, which are made from a special culture, dried by a special process so as to retain all its Vitamins, and mixed with other valuable ingredients, enable small quantities in a concentrated form to give relief in a pleasant and effective form.

YEAST-VITE IS LIFE

INDIGESTION, FLATULENCE

That "full," uncomfortable feeling in stomach after eating, with its symptoms of Heartburn Palpitation, etc., is speedily relieved by **Yeast-Vite.** A quick return to Eager, Healthy Appetite is the invariable result of taking **Yeast-Vite Tablets.**

BILIOUSNESS, SICKNESS

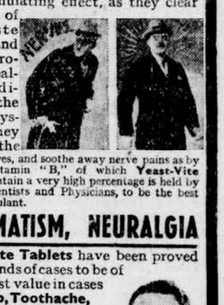
together with **Dizziness, Heaviness, Depression, "Blues," Offensive Breath, Lack of Energy, Buzzing Head, Irritable Temper,** and the many symptoms of Functional Disorder, are quickly relieved by **Yeast-Vite Tablets.** They cleanse the Blood Stream, regulate the Stomach and Bowels and rapidly promote harmonious working amongst the bodily functions.

OVERWORK, WORRY

We cannot suggest that **Yeast-Vite Tablets** are a "cure" for Overwork or Worry, but it is certainly amazing to find so many cases where the **after-effects** of these conditions have been quickly and permanently relieved. The Buoyant, Exhilarating feeling experienced helps considerably the **Mental Health** of the sufferer, which is more than half the battle.

NERVES RUN-DOWN

Nervousness is more pronounced when the system is generally Run-down and only a Tonic that is a **powerful nutrient** and **nerve food** will be effective. **Yeast-Vite Tablets** are powerful in their stimulating effect, as they clear the blood of all waste matter, and help to produce a healthy condition of the entire system. They "feed" the starved nerves, and soothe away nerve pains as by magic. Vitamin "B," of which **Yeast-Vite Tablets** contain a very high percentage is held by leading Scientists and Physicians, to be the best Nerve Stimulant.



Their nourishing effect on the Nerves and Brain Cells, together with their powerful **Regulating** action on the system as a whole, induces Refreshing Natural Sleep.

SLEEPLESSNESS

The curse of the Worried, Run-Down, Overworked or Pain-Racked. One of the most dreadful afflictions known. Insomnia responds most readily to the wonderful soothing action of **Yeast-Vite Tablets.**

ANÆMIA

In thousands of cases of Anæmia, Malnutrition, etc., especially in girls in their "teens," **Yeast-Vite Tablets** cannot be improved upon. They assist in making **rich, pure blood and well-nourished nerves,** and bring rapid relief from the "thumping" headaches and other pains usually associated with this condition.

LIVER, KIDNEYS, LUMBAGO

Here, again, Heaviness, Depression, Irritable Temper, etc., are common symptoms, together with **black specks before the vision,** and in the case of **Lumbago** or **Backache,** a terrible continuous aching round the loins and the base of the spine. **Yeast-Vite Tablets** act directly on the Liver and Kidneys (through the blood stream) and dispel the disagreeable symptoms, producing a feeling of Exhilaration and Vigorous Energy.

NO CURE—NO PAY

Accept this Great HEALTH OFFER AT ONCE!

Simply obtain a 20 tablet bottle of Irving's YEAST-VITE Tablets from any Stores. Take as directed, and if you are not thoroughly satisfied, post the empty carton to us including the dealer's receipt, and your money will be refunded in full.

NOTE
LOOK FOR THIS SHAPED BOTTLE— AND ACCEPT NO OTHER

From All Retailers & Stores. In Bottles of 20 Tablets, 50 Tablets & 100 Tablets

WARNING

We cannot too strongly warn purchasers in India not to be misled by any so-called "Just-as-good" imitations which are worthless and fraudulent. To ensure obtaining the only genuine "YEAST-VITE" see that you get the new-shaped bottle as illustrated, with the name "YEAST-VITE" stamped in the glass.

IRVING'S **Yeast-Vite**

The Lightning Pick-me-up

Agents for Bombay: CAMA NORTON & CO., 23, Medows Street, Fort, BOMBAY.

Narrow Movement In Cotton

Absence Of Speculation Pending Election And Bureau Report

Scattered Selling And Covering

BOMBAY, Oct. 30.

On Thursday the New York cotton futures market was quiet but steady. Prices fluctuated within a narrow range owing to absence of speculation pending Presidential Election and the U. S. Cotton Bureau report.

The action of the market was disappointing on Thursday, speculation was absent pending the Presidential Election and the coming Bureau report which is expected to show some increase in the total crop. Spot cotton market as well as dry goods market were quiet but steady with a moderate turnover.

Puzzlement regarding the size of the crop held the market in a waiting attitude. New interest was absent and the general feeling was hesitant. The market opened barely steady and advanced moderately on trade and foreign buying then eased on increased hedge selling which met with rather indifferent demand. Spot cotton basis was firm. Finally there appeared some short covering which checked the decline the market closed somewhat steady.

At the opening March was one point down at 11.69 and under slightly better enquiry prices advanced 5 points from the opening level and March was quoted 11.74 which was the highest level and later prices declined 10 points on increased selling and again recovered and closed at a decline of one point for the near positions while distants were 4 to 5 points down. Spot cotton prices were one point down at 12.11c per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET.

The New Orleans cotton futures market was quiet but steady and closed unchanged to 2 points lower. Spot cotton prices were unchanged at 12.08c. per lb.

LIVERPOOL MARKET.

The Liverpool cotton futures market opened steady with local support on reports of advanced pickings, causing more moderate views regarding the size of the crop estimates. Later there was small trade calling and offerings were light. The market closed at a decline of one point. Middling American Spot cotton prices were lowered 7 points at 6.83d. per lb.

INDIAN COTTON.

East Indian cotton futures market was also steady and closed at a decline of one point. At the close October was quoted 5.37, January 5.39 and March 5.39.

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

Egyptian cotton futures market was fairly steady and Sakels futures closed 4 points up to unchanged with Spot cotton 44 points higher at 11.59. Uppers futures were unchanged to 2 points up but Spot cotton was three points lower at 7.31d. per lb.

ALEXANDRIA MARKET

The Alexandria cotton futures market was firm with a good demand for Sakels which advanced 26 to 22 points while Ashmouni contracts were 3 to 4 points up.

PRIVATE CABLES—

New York March highest (10-5 a.m.)	11.74+04
New York March Lowest (1-11 p.m.)	11.64—06
Liverpool March highest	6.59—01
Liverpool March lowest	6.56—04

Messrs. Devkaran Nanjee have received to-day the following cable advices from foreign friends:—

New York: "Absence of speculation pending election and Bureau estimate. Spot cotton dry goods quiet but steady."

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co Ltd. have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:—

New York: Scattered hedging and liquidation mostly distants. Liverpool and trade bought.

New York: Market's action has been disappointing, but still feel strong statistical position will reflect considerably higher prices later on. Cotton goods market—yarn market—quiet but firm.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Oct 29

December	11.66—01
January	11.64—01
March	11.68—02
May	11.69—04
July	11.65—05
October	11.24—03
Middling Spot	12.11—01

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

New York, Oct 29

December	11.63—
January	11.62—01
March	11.66—02
Middling Spot	12.08—

NEW YORK

New York, Oct 29

11-00 a.m. Ranges—	
December	11.70 to 11.70
January	11.66 to 11.66
March	11.70 to 11.70
NOON CALL—	
December	11.68
March	11.69

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS

New York, Oct 29

Day's receipts at all U S Ports	47,000 bales
Day's exports to Great Britain	2,000 bales
Day's exports to the Continent	21,000 bales

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, Oct 29

October	6.66—04
November	6.65—
December	6.61—01
January	6.60—01
February	6.59—01
March	6.59—01
April	6.57—01
May	6.55—01
June	6.53—
July	6.51+01
August	6.35+01
September	6.27—
Middling Spot	6.83—67
To-day's 10-12 a.m. quotations	
January	6.60
March	6.58

EGYPTIAN COTTON

Liverpool, Oct 29

F G F SAKELLARIDIS—	
October	11.55
November	11.55
January	10.75
March	10.34
May	10.12
July	9.91
August	9.91
F G F Spot	11.39

INDIAN COTTON

Liverpool, Oct 29

BROACH—	
Fully Good (Good staple)	5.48
Fine (Good staple)	5.63
Superfine (Good staple)	5.78
OOMRA—	
Fine (No. 1 staple)	5.49
Superfine (No. 1 staple)	5.64
Choice (No. 1 staple)	5.79
BENGAL—	
Good	4.26
Fully Good	4.36
Fine	4.48

LONDON SEEDS

London, Oct 29

Linseed La Plata Hull c.i.f.	
Oct sellers	£11-5-0
Linseed Calcutta London c.i.f.	
Oct Nov sellers	£13-5-0
Linseed Bombay London c.i.f.	
Oct Nov sellers	£13-8-9
Rapeseed Toria Hull/Cont c.i.f.	
Oct Nov sellers	£12-16-3
Castorseed Bombay Hull c.i.f.	
Oct Nov sellers	£13-5-0

LINSEED OIL

London, Oct 29

Linseed Oil naked London per cwt	
Nov sellers	24/6
Linseed Oil naked London per cwt	
Jan April paid	24/6

LONDON RUBBER

London, Oct 29

Smoked Sheet Standard ribbed per lb	
Sellers	8 1/8

LONDON PRODUCE

London, Oct 29

Wheat Rozario Santa Fe—	
Jan Feb sellers	35/6
Wheat Barletta Russo—	
Jan Feb sellers	35/7 1/2
Wheat South Australian—	
December sellers	41/6

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, Oct 29

Rupee Paper 3 1/2 per cent	£74 1/2
Indian Stock 3 per cent 1948	£87 7/8
Indian Stock 3 1/2 per cent 1931 or later	£99 3/4
Indian Stock 4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	£114 1/2
Consols 2 1/2 per cent	£85 1/4
Conversion Loan 3 1/2 per cent 1961	£107 3/4
War Loan 3 1/2 per cent 1952	£106 1/4
Funding Loan 4 per cent 1960/90	£117 3/8
Victory Bonds 4 per cent	£115 3/4
Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China	£15 3/8
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank London Reg.	£105
National Bank of India	£46 1/2
P and O Banking Corporation	£9 15/16

U. S. Weather Forecast

Eastern: Generally fair to partly cloudy.

Central: Partly cloudy and warmer

Western: Cloudy and cooler

Egyptian Uppers

Liverpool, Oct 29

October	7.23
January	7.25+01
March	7.31+02
Spot	7.36—08

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, Oct 30

Following quieter New York advices, the local market opened to-day at Rs. 218/4 for Broach A/M delivery and improved to Rs. 218/8 on scattered buying. There was restricted business and the tone of the market was quiet.

Liverpool cotton market was due to open one point down but the market opened quiet at a decline of 2 points. The local market was quiet but steady with Broach A/M. quoted at Rs. 218/8. The market closed at 5-30 p.m. as under:—

	Rs.	a.	p.
Broach A/M.	218	10	0
Oomra D/J.	197	4	0
Oomra March	196	4	0
Bengal D/J.	158	8	0
Bengal March	158	8	0

Cotton Room Rates

Bombay, Oct. 30.

M. G. Bengal U. P.—	
S. Fine	172
Fine	169
Fully Good	166

Ready Cotton Quotations

Bombay, Oct. 30.

C. P. 1 Fine	202/204
C. P. 2 Fine	200/201
Arvi Fine	200/201
Ellichpur Fine	198/200
Berar Fine	194/196
Khamgaon Fine	194/196
Mulkapur Fine	190/194
Khandesh Fine	182/184
Jalna/Sailu Fine	186/188
Burwah Sanavad Fine	194/196
Mathia Fine	174/178
Broach	218/220
Dhollera	206/208
Punjab/American	208/213
Sindh-American	208/213
Sind, N.T.	228/233
Punjab 289F.	246/253
Cambodia	246/253
Compta	208/213
Westerns	208/213
Miraj	208/213
Jagadia Ankleshwar	236/238
Surat	245/248
Navsari	253/255

Indian Cotton Figures

Bombay, Oct. 30.

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY.

Since 1st Sept

In full-pressed Bales.

	Yesterday	This year.
Khandesh	120	615
Central India	104	4,683
Barsi and Nagar	...	3,389
Hyderabad-Gaorani	...	445
Berar	...	5,165
Central Provinces	85	1,143
Total Oomras	309	16,040
Dholera	...	1,666
N.-W. Provinces	...	1,179
Rajputana	...	1,271
Sind-Punjab	1351	16,735
Broach	...	1,943
Coompta and Dharwar	115	5,089
Westerns-Northerns	...	3,030
Tinnevelly and Cambodia	...	267
Persian	...	8
American	5	976
Egyptian and African	11	24,012
Comilla, Burma and other sorts	...	1
Total	1,791	72,917

EXPORTS FROM BOMBAY.

1st Sept. to 22nd Oct.

In full-pressed Bales.

	Yesterday	This year.
Europe	1,998	29,293
Japan and China	682	34,100
Coast Ports	...	1,450
Up-country by Rail	...	22,975
Afloat in harbour for Europe China and Japan	...	4,111
Total	2,680	111,929

Groundnuts And Seeds

Bombay, Oct. 30.

	Rs.	a.	p.
Groundnut—			
Opening	38	5	6
Highest	38	9	0
Lowest	38	3	0
Closing	38	4	6
Castorseeds—			
Opening	35	7	0
Highest	35	13	0
Closing	35	11	6
Cottonseed—			
Opening	20	0	0
Highest	20	2	0
Lowest	19	11	0
Closing	19	13	6

Bombay Metals

Bombay, Oct. 30.

London Market:—	
Standard Copper Cash (Buyers)	£42-10-0
Standard Copper 3 months	£42-15-0
Electrolytic copper	£47-0-0
New York.—	
Blue Eagle	9.95 cents.
Non-Blue Eagle	10 cents.
Bombay Market:—	
Yellow Metal Sheets	Rs. 34-4-0
Copper Sheets	Rs. 44-0-0
Tone:—Steady.	

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES.

F.P. Bales	1936-37	1935-36
Receipts to date 29-10-36	3226000	3234000
Receipts Yesterday 29-10-36	47000	71000
Exports to date 29-10-36	1479000	1367000
Stock at Ports 23-10-36	2494000	2626000
Stock at Interior Towns 23-10-36	2179000	221000
Stock at Liverpool 23-10-36	781000	442000
Visible Supply 23-10-36	5912000	5832000
Quantity in sight 23-10-36	5466000	5307000
Quantity out of sight 23-10-36	2806000	2581000

Chicago Wheat

Chicago, Oct. 29.

December	1.14 3/8c.
May	1.13c.
July	0.99 1/4c.

GOLD AND SILVER

Bombay, Oct 30

Yesterday London gold prices declined 1/2d. to £7-2-1 1/2. London-Paris Exchange rate was 3 points up at 105.16 while Dollar Sterling cross rate was placed at 4.88 31/32. London silver prices improved 1/16d, to 20 3/16 on Indian buying while China was reported selling. Montreal silver was unchanged but near month gained 40 points. Shanghai T T on London was quoted 1-2 15/32.

In the local market there was scattered selling in silver which resulted in a small decline but the tone was steady. Gold was fairly steady with a moderate turnover.

GOLD—

	Rs.	a.	p.
Ready	35	3	6
Aso	35	3	6
Kartak	35	3	3
SILVER—			
Ready	49	13	6
Aso	49	13	6
Kartak	49	15	0

LONDON SILVER MARKET

London, Oct 28

"Messrs. Samuel Montagu and Co. state that the market was somewhat quiet but that America was more interested towards the end of the week which coupled with Indian demand and reserved attitude of sellers resulted in higher prices. China sold and there has been some reselling. Undertone was good and the immediate outlook is steady at present, approximating the Dollar parity."—Reuter.

Montreal Silver

Montreal, Oct 29

October	44.90+40
December	45.00—
March	45.10—

LONDON SILVER

London, Oct 29

Spot	20 3/16
Forward	20 3/16

LONDON GOLD

London, Oct 29

Gold Bars Fine per oz	£7-2-1 1/2

Cotton Arrivals

	Bales.
Receipts into Bombay on 28th October	2,979
Receipts into Bombay to date since 1-9-1936	71,126
Receipts into Bombay same time last season	117,816
Decrease	46,690

Indian Cotton

Liverpool, Oct 29

October	5.37+01
January	5.39+01
March	5.39+01

Cotton Straddles

APPROXIMATE DIFFERENCES

New York Liverpool: January 180; May 163; at Cross Rate 4.88 31/32

Bombay Liverpool: Broach A/M 1937 218/8 Liverpool May 6.54 Rs. 66 1/4 at Exchange 1/6

Bombay New York: Broach A/M 1937 218/8 New York May 11.69 Rs. 47 1/4 at Cross Rate 4.88 31/32

High & Low Cotton Prices

Bombay, Oct 29

Broach A/M 1937 opening 218 1/2; highest 219; lowest 217 3/4; closing 218 3/4

Oomra D/J opening 195 1/2; highest 196 1/2; lowest 195 1/4; closing 196 1/2

Oomra March opening 195 1/2; highest 196; lowest 195 1/4; closing 196

Bengal D/J opening 157 1/2; highest 158; lowest 157 1/2; closing 157 3/4

Bengal March opening 157 1/2; highest 158; lowest 157 1/2; closing 157 3/4

Tejimandi for Broach A/M Settlement (21-11-36) Rs. 5 1/2

Tejimandi for Broach A/May (31-3-37) Rs. 15 1/2

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, Oct 29

T T London on:—	
New York closing rate	4.88 15/16
Paris	105.16
Berlin	12.15 1/2
Madrid	nominal 54.00
Amsterdam	9.03 1/4
Brussels	29.98 1/2
Milan	92.90
Berne	21.28 3/4
Prague	138.12

SHRI MAHAJAN ASSOCIATION LTD

The following rates prevailed in the Market on 30th day of October 1936.

BROACH FULLY GOOD QUALITY.

VAIDAS.

(B.T.)	Apr-May 1936-37
10-30	Rs. 218
12-30	Rs. 218/12
2-30	Rs. 218/12
4-30	Rs. 218/12
	Apr-May.
Highest	218/12
Lowest	218
Teji Mandi Sahi	218/12

Running Yields On Securities

Securities.	Earliest Redmn.	Yield.
(TAXABLE.)		
2 3/4 per cent 1948/52	101- 3	2.63
3 per cent 1941	104-14	1.89
3 per cent 1951/54	104- 2	2.66
3 1/2 per cent Govt. Paper	100- 7	3.48
3 1/2 per cent 1947/50	107-10	2.71
4 per cent 1943	112- 1	2.06
4 per cent 1960/70	115-13	3.08
4 1/2 per cent 1955/60	120- 2	3.08
5 per cent 1939/44	109- 0	1.71
5 per cent 1940/43	111-14	1.89
5 1/2 per cent 1938/40	107-12	1.52
(TAXFREE)		
5 per cent 1945/55	121- 7	2.41

MONEY AND EXCHANGES

Bombay, Oct 30

B C RATES—	
T T D D	1/6 1/32
LONDON—	
Banks selling T T D D Oct December	1/6 3/32
Banks buying T T	1/6 5/32
Banks buying D D	1/6 5/32
Banks buying 3 mos	1/6 3/16
NEW YORK—	
B C Rate T T	274
Banks selling T T	272
Banks buying T T	269 5/8
PARIS—	
Banks selling T T	787
Banks buying T T	802
JAPAN—	
Banks selling T T	77 1/2
Banks buying T T	77 1/4
AMSTERDAM—	
Banks selling D D	67 3/4
JAVA—	
Banks selling D D	67 3/8
HONGKONG—	
Banks selling D D	83 3/4
SHANGHAI—	
Banks selling D D	81
SINGAPORE—	
Banks selling D D	156 1/4
BERLIN—	
Bar selling D D	90 3/4
CROSS RATE—	
New York London 29th instant	4.89
Japan London 30th instant	1/2 1/32
Java London 30th instant	8.99 1/2
Hongkong London 30th instant	1/3
Shanghai London 30th instant	1/2 15/32
London/Paris 29th instant	105.16
London/Belgium 29th instant	28.98 1/2
London/Switzerland 29th instant	21.28 3/4
London/Berlin 29th instant	12.15 1/2
London/Stockholm 29th instant	19.39 1/2
London/New York 29th instant	4.88 15/16
London/Amsterdam 29th instant	9.03 1/4
London/Italy 29th instant	92.90
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Steady.	
Gold 28th instant	£7-2-2
Gold 29th instant	£7-2-1 1/2
Silver London Ready 28th instant	20 1/8
29th instant	20 3/16
Silver London Forward 28th instant	20 1/8
29th instant	20 3/16
Silver New York Ready. 28th instant	45
29th instant	45
London Discounts 3 Mos 28th instant	5/8 p.c.
29th instant	5/8 p.c.
London Discount 6 Mos 28th instant	3/4 p.c.
29th instant	3/4 p.c.
Reserve Bank Rate	3 p.a.
Bank of England Rate	2 p.a.
Money—	
Call	1/2 p.c
3 Mos.	5/4 p.c.
6 Mos.	1 p.c
Tone:—Easy.	

Shanghai Exchange

Shanghai, Oct 30

T T on London—	
Previous closing	1-2 15/32
To-day's opening	1-2 15/32
Tone steady.	

WALL STREET MARKET

New York, Oct 29

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following report showing quotations of the New York Stock Exchange:—

	Dollars.
Amer Power and Light Pfd 5 per cent A	69
Amer Forn Power Pfd 7 per cent	49
Electric Power and Light	16
Electric Bond Common	24
Electric Bond 6 per cent Pfd	83
Amr Water Works Com	27
Consolidated (Gas) Edison	47
Columbia Gas	20
United Corporation	7
American Tel and Tel	179 1/4
Western Union Telg	95
Baltimore and Ohio Rly	24
Chesapeake and Ohio Rly	77
Erie Rly	16
New York Central Rly	46 3/4
Northern Pacific Rly	30
Southern Pacific Rly	46
Westva Chlorine	25
Gen Amr Transportation	64
Bethelehem Steel	72
United States Steel	76 3/4
Anaconda Copper Mining	47 3/4
Int Nickel of Canada	61 3/4
General Motors	73 1/4
Packard Motor	13
Westinghouse Airbrake	43
Socony	17
Amr Tobacco B	100
National Dairy	26
Chase Bank	47
National City Bank	40 1/2
Sun Life of Canada	555
Amr Car Foundry	52
Electric P and Light 7 per cent Pfd	80

Market firm owing to activities; higher prices expected in Utilities. Operation capacity of U. S. Steel 69 per cent. Brokers loan 29,000,000 down.

Bombay Sugar

Bombay, Oct. 30.

	Rs.	a.	p.
Java ready	13	10	0
October shipment	3	13	0
Nov-Dec. shipment	3	13	0
Jan-Mar. shipment	3	11	6
Kesar ready	13	0	0
Saraya ready	12	15	0
Spot Java	F.4.35		

Liverpool Wheat

Liverpool, Oct. 29.

October	102d.
December	97 3/4d.
March	91 7/8d.
May	91d.

Cotton Mill Shares Active

Tata Steel Shares Steady

Month-End Budly Business

BOMBAY: October 30.

The local Share Bazar was fairly steady to-day with an active enquiry for Cotton Mill shares. Bombay Dyeing shares were in keen demand which resulted in a sharp improvement.

In Tata Steel shares, there was fairly large Budly business. Differences were narrow. It is feared that the market is becoming overloaded with outside buying and professional Bulls are selling out a portion of their holdings; possibly with a view to replace on declines. Under the circumstances it will be advisable to secure profits on holding and await further developments. It is also likely that bulls will not allow small holders to reap advantage at their cost and may try for a general shake out.

TEXTILE MILLS.

Bombay, Oct. 30.

	Rs	as
100 Ahm. Advance (Rs. 8)	280	0
500 Bombay Cotton	10	0
250 B'bay Dyeing (Rs. 25)	737	8
250 Bradbury	62	9
100 Central India (Rs. 4)	234	6
100 Century (nil)	149	6
100 Colaba (nil)	128	2
100 Coorla	90	0
250 David	60	0
250 Dawn	270	0
1 E D Sassoon (nil)	0	2 6
100 Finlay (nil)	110	10
100 Gokak (Rs. 2-8)	203	12
1000 Hindustan (Rs. 75)	1,620	0
100 Indore (nil)	43	2
100 Khatau (Rs. 2)	62	8
100 Kohinoor (Rs. 8)	228	12
250 Laxmi (Rs. 12-8)	572	8
100 Madhavji	6	12
250 Madras United	25	0
1000 Morarji (nil)	872	8
250 Model	38	12
50 Mysore (Rs. 2)	85	10
200 New Great (nil)	148	2
100 Oosmanshahi (nil)	54	0
100 Phoenix (Rs. 10)	260	0
25 Sassoon Silk (Rs. 2)	35	0
1000 Sholapur (Rs. 50)	1855	0
50 Simplex (Re. 1-2)	66	14
100 Swadeshi (Rs. 4)	183	12
100 Swan (nil)	88	2
25 Tata (nil)	8	8
500 Vishnu (Rs. 50)	1210	0
1000 Western	737	8
BANKS.		
50-100 Baroda (Rs. 2-8)	155	0
20-50 Central (As. 12)	35	14
500 Imperial (Rs. 30)	1586	4
125-500 I. Conty (Rs. 7-8)	392	8
50-100 India (Rs. 2-8)	136	4
100 Reserve Bank (Rs. 2-10)	140	4
5 Union (As. 4)	5	9
CEMENTS.		
10 Bundi (Rs. 1-6)	36	2
70 Gwalior (Rs. 5)	127	8
160 Indian (Rs. 10 plus 3)	485	0
40 Katni Def. (Rs. 35-1)	2,100	0
100 Katni ord. (Rs. 10 plus 3)	346	4
75 Okha (Rs. 7)	273	12
10 Punjab (Rs. 12)	25	10
100 Shahabad (Rs. 15)	488	12
70 United (Rs. 2-8)	143	12
INSURANCE		
15-100 Jupiter (Rs. 12)	13	12
15-17 New India (Rs. 1-4)	43	4
200 Oriental (125)	5350	0
10-50 Vulcan (As 8)	7	4
ELECTRIC		
100 Ahmedabad Old (6)	167	8
100 Andhra Valley (45)	1657	8
10 Ajmer (As. 4)	14	2
50 Bombay Tram (2-8)	156	4
100 Bombay Suburban	215	0
10 Broach	12	12
100 Karachi (4)	260	0
100 Poona (Rs. 4)	260	0
100 Surat (Rs. 8)	200	0
100 Tata Hydro (Rs. 5)	185	10
1000 Tata Power (Rs. 40)	1580	0
RAILWAYS		
500 Ahmedabad Prantij	912	8
100 C. Province	99	8
100 Dhond Baramati	106	8
100 Gujarat	95	0
100 Mandra Bhon	103	4
100 Pachora Jamner	99	0
100 Sara Sirajgunje	103	4
500 Tapty Valley (17-8)	775	0
MININGS		
10 Shivrajpur (As. 8)	40	0
30 Tata Steel Def. (Rs. 7-8)	825	0
75 Tata Steel ord. (Rs. 6)	204	12
MISCELLANEOUS		
10 Alcock (Rs. 5)	235	0
50 Belapur Sugar (Rs. 10 plus 2)	212	8
25 B'bay Steam (Rs. 15) XD	270	0
125 Bombay Burma	544	6
50 Bom Burma Contributory	181	4
8sh. Br. B. Petrol (nil)	5	13 6
50 B Telephone (2-8) XD	116	4
100 Bleaching (Rs. 4)	126	4
100 I. Radio defd (12)	550	0
100 I. Radio ord (15)	522	8
1000 Port Canning (Rs. 25)	602	8
16 Scindia (Re. 1)	17	12
30 Premier Const. Re. 1-1)	82	4
25 Tata Oil (nil)	16	0
PREFERENCE		
7 p.c. Andhra Valley	1547	8
6 p.c. Bombay Steam	316	4
7 p.c. Bombay Trams	87	12
5 p.c. Central India	536	4
7 p.c. Katni 1st	136	4
7 p.c. Katni 2nd	146	4
7-1/2 p.c. Punjab Cement	13	0
1 p.c. Tata Hydro	161	4
7-1/2 p.c. Tata Power	1605	0
6 p.c. Tata Steel 1st	201	4
7½ p.c. Tata Steel 2nd	173	4
5½ p.c. Tata Mill	9	8
7 p.c. Vishnu	677	8

(Last Dividend in Brackets)

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE

Bombay, Oct 30

Century (145) 146 144 148 149/6

Bombay Dyeing (725) 725 727 726 736 733 737

Kohinoor (228/2) 228 226 230 228

Central India (235) 235 233 234

New Great (148/2) 146 145 146 148

Swadeshi (183/12) 183 182 183

Bundi (36/2) 36/4 36/2

I Cement (486/2) 487 485

Punjab (25/14) 25/14 25/10

Shahabad (490) 490 488/12

Andhra (1661/4) 1662 1657

Tata Hydro (185/10) 185 185/10 185/5 185/10

Tata Power (1580) 1581 1582 1578 1581 1580

Tram Ord (156/9) 156/4

T Steel Defd (822/8) 822 827 820 825 820 826 820 823 825

T Steel Ord (202/8) 203 204/4 203/4 204/8

Tata Steel 2nd Pref (173/4) 173/4 173/8 173/4

Bellapur (215) 215 211 212

B Steam (270/10) 270 289 270

B Burma (542/8) 541 547 540 543 541 545 543 544

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, Oct 30

2 3/4 per cent 1948/52 Loan 101/3

3 per cent 1951/54 104/1

3 per cent 1941 Bonds 104/14

3 1/2 per cent G P N Cash 100/7

3 1/2 per cent 1947/50 Loan 107/11

4 per cent 1943 Bonds 112

4 per cent 1960/70 Loan 115/14

4 1/2 per cent 1955-60 Loan 120

3 per cent U P Bonds 100/5

5 per cent 1939/44 109/1

5 per cent 1940/43 Loan 111/14

5 1/2 per cent 1935/40 Loan 107/12

TAX FREES

7 per cent 1945/55 121/7

4 per cent 1953/63 Loan 113/8

5 1/2 per cent 1938 Mysore 107/10

5 per cent 1955 Mysore 126

CORPORATION DEBENTURES

4 per cent B P T 1974 112/6

4 per cent M Deb 1974 111/8

5 per cent M Deb 1959 120

6 per cent M Deb. 1954 132/8

6 per cent K P T 1956 132/8

Note:—3 1/2 per cent Government paper opened at Rs. 100/3/6 and improved to Rs. 100/4/6 but closed steady at Rs. 100/4. Cash quotation is three annas better.

INDIAN STERLING LOANS

London, Oct 29

Call Loan London	1/3
3 per cent	87 7/8
3 1/2 per cent	99 3/4
3 1/2 per cent 1954/59	107 1/4
4 per cent 1948/53	111 1/4
4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	114 1/2
4 1/2 per cent 1958/68	119 1/2
5 per cent 1942/47	115 1/2
3 per cent 1949/52	101 3/4
2 1/2 per cent British Consols	85 1/4
3 1/2 per cent Conversion	107 3/4
3 1/2 per cent War Loan	106 1/4

BANK OF ENGLAND RETURN

London, Oct 29

	This week. £
Total Bullion	249,700,000
Public Deposit	27,600,000
(a) Other Deposits	127,900,000
Government Securities	80,200,000
(b) Other Securities	26,100,000
Notes and Coin	66,900,000
Notes in Circulation	442,700,000
Ratio of Reserve to Liabilities	43.02 p.c.
(a) Other Deposits include Bankers	86,500,000
(b) Other securities include Discount and Advances	6,600,000

NEW YORK COFFEE

New York, Oct 29

Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality)	8 1/2

PRODUCE RECEIPTS

Bombay, Oct. 30.

	Cwts.
Wheat	7,271
Rape, Rai and Mustardseeds	53
Poppyseed	152
Groundnuts	16,612
Castorseed	1,924
Rice	26,505
Myrabollams	1,425
Cottonseed	499
Gram	346
Barley	203
Bajree	88
Indian Sugar	10,149
	Tons.
Coal	593

New York Sugar

New York, Oct. 29.

December	2.46—03
January	2.43—04
May	2.43—04
July	2.44—05

Latest Commercial News

NEW YORK COTTON 5 POINTS DOWN

Gold Firm But Silver Easy And Wheat Higher

BOMBAY, Oct. 30.

On Friday crossrates ruled quiet.

N. Y. COTTON EASY.

New York cotton was fairly steady on trade buying. Fluctuations however were narrow. The closing tone was easy.

GOLD FIRM.

London gold was firm but silver was easy.

WHEAT HIGHER.

Wheat was slightly higher on commission house buying. Other commodities were firm.

SECURITIES UNINTERESTING.

The London Stock Exchange displayed a cheerful sentiment with fair amount of business transacting. Giltedged securities were uninteresting.

COTTON

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

MARCH 1937.

New York, Oct. 30.

Previous closing	11.68
To-day's opening	11.73
Difference	+.05
To-day's closing	11.63
Difference	—.05

LIVERPOOL COTTON

MARCH 1937.

Liverpool, Oct. 30.

Previous closing	6.59
To-day's opening	6.58
Difference	—.01
To-day's closing	6.58
Difference	—.01

BROACH EXPECTATION

April May ..... Rs. 218

N. Y. COTTON MARKET

New York, Oct. 30.

Despite operators' waiting attitude pending election and crop developments the New York cotton market contrived to stage a cheerful sentiment at the initial stage on some trade buying. However this brightness was not long maintained owing to favourable weather and quiet overseas advices.

Trading opened with March at 11.73 i.e. 5 points higher than previous closing. Prices later declined slightly to 11.70 on unfavourable foreign advices and realising. Fluctuations were confined to a narrow range.

New York cotton finally closed at 11.63 with a decline of 5 points for March delivery.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Oct. 30.

The following were the opening ranges:—

October (11.68/11.67) 11.70/11.69
December (11.67/11.66) 11.67/11.66
January (11.70/11.69) 11.75/11.72

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, Oct. 30.

The following were the rates at 12-15 p.m.:—

American October (6.68) 6.63
American December (6.62) 6.59
Egyptian October (11.54) 11.37
Egyptian November (11.54) 11.37

BROACH COTTON

Bombay, Oct. 30.

The market was closed at night.

LONDON MARKETS

London, Oct. 30.

The rates at 3-30 p.m. were as follows:—

METALS

Tin (£206 1/4 buyers £206 3/4 sellers. Irregular) £209 1/2 buyers £210 sellers. Firm.

Lead (£18 15/16 buyers £19 sellers. Firm) £19 7/16 buyers £19 1/2 sellers. Strong.

Electrolytic Copper (£46 1/2 to £47) £47 to £47 1/2

Glasgow Iron (£78) £78

LINSEED.

Castorseed Bombay October November (£13 1/4 sellers) £13 1/4 sellers

Linseed Calcutta October, November (£13 1/4 sellers) £13 1/4 sellers

Linseed La Plata October (£11 1/4 sellers) £11 1/4 sellers.

Groundnuts Coromandal November (£13 7/8 sellers) £13 7/8 sellers.

TEA

Indian Pekoe (0-11 1/2) 0-11 1/2
Indian Pekoe higher (1-3) 1-3
Ceylon Pekoe (0-11 3/4) 0-11 3/4
Ceylon Pekoe higher (2-5) 2-5

JUTE

New Crop October November (£18 1/4 paid and buyers) £18 3/16 paid and buyers.

Dunlop November (£21 1/2 sellers) £21 1/2 sellers.

Lightning November (£19 3/4 sellers) £19 3/4 sellers.

RUBBER

Spot (8 1/16 paid and value) 8 1/8 paid and value.

Forward January (8 1/8 paid and buyers) 8 1/4 paid and sellers.

BROWN BOLD LINSEED
May 1937 delivery.

(Through Bombay Grains and Seeds' Association).

Bombay, Oct. 30.

	Rs. a. p.
Rates at 11-0 a.m.	7 2 6
Rates at 12-0 noon	7 2 3
Rates at 3-0 p.m.	7 1 6
Rates at 5-0 p.m.	7 1 6

EXCHANGES

LONDON-NEW YORK CROSS RATE

Latest Quotations

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON

New York, Oct. 30.

Previous closing	4.88 31/32
To-day's opening	4.88 31/32
To-day's rate at the time of New York cotton closing	4.88 7/8

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

London, Oct. 30.

Previous closing	4.88 15/16
To-day's opening	4.89
To-day's closing	4.88 13/16
Difference	—.00 1/8

FRANC RATE

London, Oct. 30.

Previous closing	105.16
To-day's opening	105.15
To-day's closing	105.18
Difference	+.02

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, Oct. 30.

London exchanges opened steady with the sterling dollar quoted at 4.89 and declined fractionally to 4.88 15/16 where it remained stationary with a quiet undertone.

The sterling dollar crossrate closed at 4.88 13/16.

Franc opened at 105.15 and fell to 105.16. The market was quiet and featureless on lack of speculative support.

The sterling franc crossrate closed at 105.18.

SILVER CABLES

London, Oct. 30.

The following cable information was received from London to-night:—

"India sold. Little general selling small buyers. Market quiet."

LONDON SILVER

	London, Oct. 30. Last Price.	To-day' Price.
Spot	20 3/16d.	20 1/16d.
Forward	20 3/16d.	20 1/16d.

The market was steady.

LONDON GOLD

London, Oct. 30.

Gold per fine ounce (£7-2-1 1/2) £7-2-2 1/2

DISCOUNTS

London, Oct. 30.

3 months (5/8 to 11/16 per cent) 5/8 to 11/16 per cent.

4 months (5/8 to 11/16 per cent) 5/8 to 11/16 per cent.

6 months (5/8 to 3/4 per cent) 5/8 to 3/4 per cent

CROSS RATES

London, Oct. 30. 3-30 p.m.

London on Bombay (1-6 1/8) 1-6 1/8
Paris on Bombay (7.936) 7.937
New York on Bombay (36.97) 36.96
Berlin on Bombay (0.91 7/8) 0.92
London on Milan (92.93) 92.93
London on Shanghai (1-2 1/2) 1-2 1/2
London on Kobe (1-2 1/32) 1-2 1/32

BOMBAY BULLION

Latest Quotations

Bombay, Oct. 30. 10-0 p.m.

	Rs. a. p.
Silver ready	49 11 0
Silver 1st settlement	49 11 6
Silver 2nd settlement	49 13 6
Gold ready	35 3 6
Gold 1st settlement	35 3 6
Gold 2nd settlement	35 3 6
Sovereigns	22 6 6

KARACHI MARKET REPORT

Karachi, Oct. 30.

To-day's closing quotations.

Cotton Sind Jan. 18/13/9, Punjab Jan. 16/14/9.

Four American Jan. 23/8/6 tone steady.

Wheat July 26/7/9, Oct. 29/4, Nov. 29/4, Dec. 29/13/3 tone steady.

Toria Feb. 37/4, Nov. 29/4/6, Dec. 39/8.

Gram July 21/6, Oct. 20/14, Nov. 20/15, Dec. 21/9/6.

Cottonseeds Jan. 16/7/3, Mar. 16/11/9.

INDIAN STERLING LOAN

London, Oct. 30.

The 3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed to-day at £99 3/4 as against the previous closing at the same rate.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, Oct. 30. 3-30 p.m.

Markets generally were firm and fairly active. Rubber shares were specially prominent on speculative buying. Industrials generally were steady to firm. Mining shares were generally good.

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£85 1/4) £85 3/8

3 1/2 per cent Government Loan (£107 3/4) £107 7/8

4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£109 7/8) £109 7/8

5 per cent Indian Loan (£117 3/8) £117 5/8

3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£106 1/4) £106 3/4

4 per cent Victory Bonds (£115 3/4) £115 3/4

INDUSTRIALS

British Celanese 2nd Preference (20-7 1/2) 20-10 1/2

Marks and Spencer Ordinary (£4 1/2) £4 1/2

Hydro Electric (dol 9 1/2) dol 9 1/2

Musical Industries (23-6) 23-6

Princhin Johnson (52-6) 52-6

Imperial Chemical (41-7 1/2) 41-7 1/2

Imperial Chemical Ordinary (10-7 1/2) 10-4 1/2

Woolsworth New Ford (155-7 1/2) 155-3

Realisation 1930 (£89 3/4) £89 1/2

Dunlop Rubber (36-1 1/2) 36-1 1/2

Unilever Ordinary (40-0) 40-0

Ford Motors (35-7 1/2) 35-7 1/2

Cables and Wireless (£6) £6

British American Tobacco (131-10 1/2) 131-3

Carreas A (£9 7/8) £9 7/8

Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (£171 7/8) £173 3/4

P and O S N Company Defd (27-4 1/2) 27-4 1/2

Distillers (111-3) 112-3

Bredford Dyers (9-3) 9-3

British Celanese (10-9) 10-9

J and P Coates Ordinary (53-6) 53-6

Courtaulds Ordinary (58-0) 58-0

Fine Cotton Spinners (9-6) 9-0

Vickers Limited Ordinary (38-0) 39-3

Inter Nickels (£62 5/8) £63 1/8

Bengal Iron and Steel (9-0) 9-3

Tata Iron and Steel (£104 1/2) £104 1/2

INDIAN LOANS

London, Oct. 30. 3-30 p.m.

3 per cent New Indian Loan (£101 1/2) £101 1/2

3 1/2 per cent Indian (£99 1/2) £99 1/2

4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock 1950/55 (£114 1/2) £114 3/4

4 1/2 per cent 1958-63 (£119 1/2) £119 3/4

4 per cent Indian 1948/53 (£111 1/4) £111 1/4

5 per cent Indian 1942-47 (£115 1/2) £115 3/4

3 1/2 per cent New Indian 1954/59 (£107 1/2) £107 1/2

AUSTRALIAN LOANS.

5 per cent Australian Loan 1945-75 (£113) £113 3/8

TEA SHARES.

Assam Company (18-6) 17-6

Donaro Tea (41-3) 41-3

Empire of India Ceylon (27-6) 28-0

RUBBER SHARES.

Anglo Dutch Rubber (34-7 1/2) 37-0

Gula Kelampong (33-9) 41-3

Rubber Plant Inv Trust (34-6) 37-6

JUTE SHARES.

Barnagore (£9 1/2) £9 1/2

MINING SHARES

Nandy (62-3) 62-3

Burma Corporation (12-4 1/2) 12-4 1/2

Rio Tintos (£20 1/4) £20 5/8

East Rand Proprietors (73-3) 73-9

Rand Imam (£9) £9

MINE SHARES

Crown Mines (£15 1/4) £15 1/4

Gedule New (£10 3/8) £10 3/8

New Modders (38-9) 38-9

Sub Nigel (£12 1/8) £12 1/8

Spring Mines Split Shares (39-4 1/2) 39-4 1/2

Union Corporation (£9 1/4) £9 1/4

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian (51-10 1/2) 51-10 1/2

Anglo Iranian (96-10 1/2) 96-10 1/2

Burma Oil (104-4 1/2) 104-4 1/2

Mexican Eagle (30-7 1/2) 31-6

Shell Transport (£116 1/4) £118 1/8

Royal Dutch (£44 1/8) £44 1/8

HOME RAIL SHARES.

Great Western (£58 3/4) £58 3/4

L and S Ordinary (£30 1/2) £30 3/4

L N E R Defd (£6 1/8) £6 1/8

Southern Dutch (£26) £25 3/4

London Paris 5 per cent (£136 1/2) £137 3/4

London Transport 'C' Stock (£100) £99 1/2

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, Oct. 30.

The following were the opening rates:—

General Motor (dol 72 5/8) dol 73 1/2

Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 46 1/2) dol 47 7/8

U S Steel Common (dol 75 1/8) dol 77 5/8

U S Steel Preference (dol 149 5/8) unquoted.

WHEAT AND LINSEED

Closing Quotations

Bombay, Oct. 30.

	Rs. a. p.
Wheat January 1936	5 6 9
Wheat May 1937	5 2 6
Linseed 1937	7 1 6

Wheat and linseed easy.

BRISK TRADING IN STOCK EXCHANGE

Speculative Activity In Commodities

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

LONDON, Oct. 30.

On the Stock Exchange there was strong demand and brisk trading. Rubbers were the chief feature in to-day's Buoyant markets. Selective buying in industrials resulted in several considerable gains. Activity generally noticeable at the end of the account was conspicuously absent.

In commodities copper was firm and active on speculative and trade buying. Tin was firm on confidence of restriction reappearing. Cocoa was weak on lack of buying interest....Rubber was strong and active on trade buying on reappearance of speculation.

In cotton near Egyptian sakels were weak on profit-taking.

Wall Street was firm but profit-taking reduced gains.

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, Oct. 30.

Chicago wheat opened steady with December at 1.14 1/2. Prices continued to advance on scattered local and commission house buying influenced by better Winnipeg cables.

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, Oct. 30.

Liverpool wheat opened with December at 97 3/8, March 91 5/8 and May 90 5/8. Although the market opened lower on easy Overseas advices the opening tone was steady on natural reaction of yesterday's sharp setback many considering that the market is oversold and subsequently advanced on good buying on reports that Italy is again enquiring for plate later the market eased fractionally.

QUOTATIONS OF LOCAL MILL CLOTH

Issued by the Hindustani Native Merchants's Association.)

Bombay, Oct 30

	Rs. a. p. Per lb.
Khadi—	
Tata	0 7 0
Textile	0 7 3
Bradbury	0 7 0
E D S Group	0 7 0
Sassoon	0 7 0
Century	0 6 9
Toyo Podar	0 7 4½
Madhusudan	0 7 3
Long Cloth (full weight in. 36-38) 92½ 93½	
Mahal Brand	0 9 7½
Madari Brand	0 9 6
Uttam Kheti	0 9 9
Daud Saheb	0 9 9
Hindustan 8605-8705	0 10 0
Long Cloth (Light Weight)	
No. 5202-5303	0 10 0
Western	0 10 0
Hindustan	0 10 0
Century	0 9 9
Kurla	0 9 3
Idsu	0 9 10½
Long Cloth X Quality	
Apollo	0 9 4½
Century	0 9 4½
Jam	0 9 6
Textile	0 9 7½
Spring	0 9 7½
Madhusudan	0 9 4½
Victoria	0 8 6
Long Cloth Satin Calendar 34-42 in	
Textile (Hand)	0 9 3
Spring (Merchant)	0 9 3
Century (Bugal)	0 9 0
Pehlad Siwala	0 8 10½
Hindustan (Tiger)	0 9 0
Western 92½—92½ (Circus Horse)	0 8 10½
Madhusudan	0 8 10½
Tijuri	0 9 0
Bharat Mill	0 8 9
Sundri	0 9 0
Jubily	0 8 0
High Class Long Cloth. (Edsu Mill)	Per piece
8851-351	6 2 8
9821-656	5 14 0
1200-181	5 6 0
542-352	6 10 0
4141-657	6 6 0
1400-191	5 11 6
548-353	7 0 0
9.51-658	6 11 0
Long Cloth Vegetable	Per lb
Apollo	0 8 7½
Idsu	0 8 7½
Century	0 8 4½
Madhusudan	0 8 6
Moon	0 8 4½
Hindustan	0 8 3
Salita	
1215 Idsu	0 8 3
1215 Shri Nivas	0 8 0
1215 Madhusudan	0 8 1½
1215 Sassoon	0 8 3
AAA Billi	7 3 0
6200 Sasoon	8 0 0
Dhooties 7—8—9 Yard.—	
Spring Mill (Balance)	0 10 9
Crown	0 10 3
Western	0 8 10½
Barsi	0 10 3
Dhooties 10 Yards.	
Spring Mill (Balance)	0 10 6
Hindustan	0 10 3
Barsi	0 8 10½
Crown 4310	0 10 3
Gin Coloured.	Per piece
15 1515 Ratilal	7 14 0
1415 Ratilal	7 0 0
1415 Khajuri	6 11 0
779-4141-Spring	8 10 0
979 Kohinoor	7 8 0
Dhooti Mahin 44x10	
115 Hirji Kurla	0 13 0
115 Victoria	1 3 0
2142 Western	0 11 6
Lepad Big Size.	Per lb
Crown	0 9 3
Hindustan	0 9 0
Apollo	0 9 0
Edsoo	0 9 0
Spring	0 9 3
Tex	0 9 3
Century	0 9 1½
Union	0 9 0
Madhusudan	0 9 1½
Lepad Small Size—	
Century	0 9 0
Madhusudan	0 9 0
Tex	0 9 0
Spring	0 9 0
Dukdi Yards 12-13-14—	
9712 Gold	0 10 0
5250 E Keshri	2 4 0
931. Sassoon	1 15 0
8712 Shi Nivas	0 10 7½
8350 Dhanraj	2 0 0
9250 Kohinoor	2 3 6
4450 Crown	2 0 8

BUSINESS NOTES

The possibility of an import duty on Calcutta Jute Manufactures coming into United Kingdom by the middle of November is having an effect on the Jute Market and buyers of Jute Fabrics are not keen operators until definite decision is reached.

* * * *

In Scotland, hosiery and underwear manufacturers and the markets of knitted woollen goods for outer wear are very busy. The change to colder weather has induced merchants to order more freely.

* * * *

The question of wool price is troubling the Japanese manufacturer more than the volume of supplies. Japanese buyers are paying 2d. per pound more than relative Australian price for the wool they are obtaining in South Africa and there are also higher freight charges to be paid.

* * * *

Mr. Tong referred to the growing popularity of rayon, quoting figures of production and consumption, and commented on the large and rapidly increasing proportion of staple fibre—"a comparative new-comer to the textile field here but one that has permanently established itself and must be reckoned with." He also mentioned tne Excise duty still imposed on continuous filament rayon yarn at the rate of 6d. per pound, whereas the similar duty on staple fibre of 3d. per pound was abolished in September, 1935, thus giving it a great advantage.

* * * *

A new automatic brake invented by a Soviet locomotive driver has been tested in Moscow and found to have considerable advantages over existing brakes. It is said to cut down the period required to stop a train by over a third, and it is equally suitable for goods and passenger trains. A feature of the design is that brakes on long trains can be released more quickly.

* * * *

Twenty-five miles of goods will be displayed at the 1937 British Industries Fair in February. A new and cleverly designed booklet, of which more than 100,000 copies are printed, called "From a Power Plant to a Powder Puff," illustrates the astonishing range and contrasts to be found in this greatest of national trade fairs. The booklet is published in ten languages and is to be sent to nearly 100,000 known buyers in 110 countries.

* * * *

Since the devaluation of the guilder a firmer tendency has existed in the rubber market and spot quotation has advanced to 8-1/8d. per lb. the highest price since restriction came into force over two years ago.

GIRL OF FIFTEEN TO SING IN OPERA

Betty Jaynes Has Mature Soprano Voice, Says General Manager

CHICAGO.

A high school sophomore with the soprano voice of a mature woman, has joined the City Opera Company under contract at the age of 15.

She is pretty, slim, blonde Betty Jane Schultz known professionally as "Betty Jaynes," of whom General Manager Paul Longone, of the Opera Company declared enthusiastically:

"This girl is a rare genius. I've never seen anything like her in all my years in opera." He added that as far as he knew she was the youngest person ever to win an opera contract anywhere.

When Betty was only four, related her widowed mother, Mrs. Stella Schultz, music teachers said her voice was that of a girl twice her age.

"We never had to tell her to take a voiceless on," said Mrs. Schultz. "It was a little difference when she started studying piano a few years ago. Sometimes, we had to remind her to take her piano lesson. She plays hard when she plays, then when she is ready to practice, she practises.

Betty will be brought along carefully toward the peak of her operatic career, Longone emphasized.

"Because she is so musically intelligent, besides having this glorious voice, we will let her make her debut this year. But she will have only light lyric parts so that the voice will not be injured and spoil ner chances for the future," he said.

Head Of Soviet Militant Godless Backs Enfranchising Of Priests

MOSCOW.

The surprising spectacle of the head of the League of Militant Godless advocating bestowal of suffrage on priests is provided in a statement by Emdyan Yaroslavsky defending that provision in the new Soviet Constitution which will be adopted this winter. There has been much criticism of this provision by the younger elements in public discussion of the projected Constitution, which the Government is encouraging. Mr. Yaroslavsky, while leading the Communists to fight against the Church, always has been moderate, and defends enfranchisement of priests on the ground they are now too few and too devoid of influence to constitute a danger.

"Our attitude toward religion, the church and clergymen is unchanged,' said Mr. Yaroslavsky's appeal. "We will continue our anti-religious propaganda as we always have. There are still millions of believers in our country, and they will not disappear tomorrow. But religion is rapidly dying in the Soviet Union: the number of believers is constantly becoming smaller: hence the number of clergymen also is declining.

"The haughty boasting of former representatives of the militant church that no force can ever vanquish religion already sounds ridiculous, since even the majority of clergymen realize that their tune will be finished in a few decades in other countries as well.

"So what danger is there in granting the franchise to priests? One cannot imagine priests being found anywhere in the Soviet Union for whom the masses would vote, and whom they would elect to the Supreme Council of the U.S.S.R. With the disestablishment of Church from State, priests retained influence only over the backward part of the peasantry and part of the former lower middle class in the cities. Should some priest take it into his head to stand as a candidate for the Supreme Council of the U.S.S.R., we should be entitled to oppose him."

Eleven years ago, Mr. Yaroslavsky stood out against the ruthless destruction of church edifices and outlawing of church services which the more fanatical Communists then were advocating, warning that such tactics could only arouse the hostility of the peasant masses and many workers as well. He proposed instead the patient long-range programme of propaganda, which is being carried out under his leadership."

Mr. Yaroslavsky's statement, in view of his great influence in the Communist party, indicates that destruction of churches will be carried out with restraint. Under Joseph Stalin, who, having originally been educated for the Russian Orthodox priesthood, hates the church and is understood not to appreciate the bizarre beauty of many Russian edifices, vast numbers of churches have been pulled down, and this destruction is continuing. Much of this destruction in Moscow is in connection with rebuilding the city and widening streets. Communists say the policy is to preserve wherever possible all churches of artistic or historical value, and many of these indeed are being well kept up. Nevertheless, many lovely quaint structures have disappeared not only here but also throughout the rest of Russia.

British Handling Of Palestine Dispute Criticised

GENEVA.

The British Government was subject to a certain amount of politely expressed or suggested criticism in regard to the Palestine mandate during the discussion on the question of mandates in the Sixth Committee at Geneva on October 6.

The rapporteur, Mr. Lange (Norway), said he was surprised that the mandatory Power had not yet succeeded in suppressing the disorder in Palestine. He called attention to the difficulties that the Mandates Commission had encountered through the incomplete information regarding Palestine that had been submitted at the last meeting of the Commission.

Nevertheless the mandatory had appointed a commission of inquiry and the Mandates Commission was assured that the desired information would in due course be submitted to it. In the circumstances, however, the Mandates Commission would not be able to consider the report on this question until a year after the outbreak had occurred unless an extraordinary session of the Commission were called. The question arose as to whether or not the Council should be advised to call such an extraordinary session.

"Palestine Not Enough"

M. Komarnicki (Poland) said that Poland was particularly interested in the development of the National Home for the Jews in Palestine, and his Government had followed with apprehension the course of recent developments in that territory. He hoped that the mandatory would continue its energetic action to restore order and that immigration into Palestine would not be stopped.

Poland was over-populated and needed an outlet, particularly for those of the Jewish race. Palestine, however, was not sufficient. An adequate outlet must be provided in other places for the over-populated areas of Central and Eastern Europe.

M. Van Rappard (Netherlands) said he thought it desirable that members of the mandates section should have facilities for visiting mandated territories. Referring to the events in Palestine he said he was convinced that the mandatory would do everything in its power to restore order. It was important to remember that the purpose of the mandatory system was not to further the interests of the mandatory Power but those of the international community, and more particularly the interests of the natives themselves.

British Reply

M. Osusky (Czecho-Slovakia) also expressed the hope that the mandatory Power would soon succeed in establishing order in Palestine.

Lord Cranborne (Great Britain) regretted that it had not been possible to give more information regarding the events taking place in Palestine. He thought that the suggestion that there should be a special session of the Mandates Commission was premature.

GAVE LIFT AND LOST HIS PASSPORT

Charged with stealing a passport, a steamship ticket, and a handkerchief from an American visitor, who had given him a lift, Thomas Collins, no fixed abode, was sentenced to three months' hard labour by Justice Famy in Enniscorthy District Court, Ireland recently.

A similar charge against Michael Carroll, labourer, Tominearly, Clonroche, Co., Wexford, was dismissed.

Mr. Thomas F. Hannon, New York, an American citizen visiting Roscrea, gave evidence that when motoring from Roscrea to Killarney on Sept. 10, he gave a lift to Collins and Carroll, who were walking along the road at Patrickswell, Co., Limerick.

When they arrived at Killarney he noticed that his coat, which was in the back of the car, where Collins sat, was disarranged, and on examining it he found that the passport and other articles were missing.

Sergeant Kelleher, Clonroche, said that he found the ticket in Collin's pocket. Collins told him that he found it on the street in Killarney after Mr. Hannon's car drove away. Carroll said that Collins and he went from Waterford to Limerick, getting occasional lifts and begging their meals.

At Killarney, Mr. Hannon said that Collins had taken the passport and the ticket, and Collins, denying that he had done so, turned out his pockets. When the car had gone, they returned to the spot and found the ticket and the handkerchief on the road and Collins put them in his pocket.

Collins was sworn and told the same story as Carroll.

District Judge Famy said he was very sorry that this American visitor had had such an experience. His generosity to the two young men had met with ingratitude. It was appaling. It was not to the credit of the country that that should happen.

Supt. Ryan, Enniscorthy, said that Collins was sentenced to a month's imprisonment in Mallow two years ago for larceny.

BEACHCOMBING

Beachcombers in Europe make a comfortable living when the holidays are over.

Huge numbers of coins, rings, brooches and similar articles are lost on beaches every year, and they remain hidden, sometimes for months, until waves sweep the sand and shingle.

Beachcombing experts have eyes like hawks. Standing just at the water's edge, they watch the incoming waves as they break over the shingle, and a coin or trinket has only to glitter for an instant, and their keen eyes spot it.

The best time for the work is in the morning when the tide is ebbing.

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The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHIROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

BOMBAY: SATURDAY, OCTOBER 31, 1936

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J4

"Prisoners Appear To Alive".

Hansraj Reveals Other Side Of Craik's "Paradise"

Politicals Cut Off From Motherland, Pass Days In Mental Suffering And Ill-Health

NEW DELHI: October 29.

"Among 316 political prisoners in the Andamans, there were only five interviews with relatives during the last five years. Practically there are no interviews, no change in the environment, no new faces, no exercises, no recreations. In fact, the prisoners appear more to be buried alive in the little jail compound."

Thus said Mr. Raizada Hansraj, M.L.A., who along with Sir Mohamad Yamin Khan, M.L.A., had gone to the Andamans to study conditions there, in an interview to the "United Press."

Mr. Hansraj stayed in the Andamans for seven days during which time he visited the whole settlement and had free opportunity of seeing all prisoners and talking to them without the presence of any jail authorities.

Water Scarcity

Mr. Hansraj added, "The health of the political prisoners compares favourably with that of the ordinary convicts. Out of 316 politicals 75 have lost five pounds in weight. They suffer from influenza, cold and bronchitis. This is probably due to the moist climate of the Andamans, where it rains for nine months in the year. There is also scarcity of water, the supply of which ought to be improved.

"The jail authorities observe strict discipline on the part of the prisoners and follow the law to the letter.

"The Law permits the political prisoners to get books or money from their friends, but they are not allowed to correspond with them. So they can neither get books nor money from their friends.

"The difficulties of water supply and the rigour of no correspondence with friends were pointed out by Mr. Hansraj to the Home Member in course of his interview with him yesterday when the latter, it is understood, promised to look into them.

Cut Off From India.

Mr. Hansraj further stated, "There is no newspaper supplied to the prisoners except the weekly "Statesman," and thus are cut off from India, physically and intellectually, and are left without any knowledge of the current happenings in their motherland. The want of books is another serious disadvantage. If the amenities of the prisoners are to be improved the setting up of a good library in the Penal Settlement must be considered an immediate necessity.

"The political prisoners also complained of inadequacy of grant for games. For 316 prisoners only Rs. 100 is granted per annum, which is too meagre. The sufferings of the prisoners is more mental than physical. They are required to get back to their room after 9 p.m. and light is cut off after 10 p.m.

28 In Hospital.

"The hospital arrangements are rather satisfactory. There are two wards in the hospital, one for political prisoners and one for ordinary convicts. At present there are three ordinary prisoners and 25 political prisoners in the hospital.

"There are only two classes 'B' and 'C' in the jail. Prisoners are given B or C class according to their social status."

About ordinary prisoners of which there are 550 in the Andamans, Mr. Hansraj said, people were addicted to drinking and morality was low. The Excise authorities were not strict. A lot required to be done to improve their moral and social life. The ordinary prisoners are released after nine months when they live either in barracks or in the houses.—United Press.

Be Buried

ONE MAN CAN SCORE OVER 15 !

Move To Revive Interest In Kerala's Fencing Art

TELLICHERRY, Oct. 29.

An all-India tour with a view to reviving interest in the Kerala Art of Fencing (Kalari Pavat) was decided by experts in the field at a meeting held at Mundarnath Kalari (Physical Culture Institute). Mr. C V Narayanan Nair, well-known physical culturist will lead the party.

The Kerala 'Kalari Pavat' is an ancient art which helps one to defend himself against several enemies and there had been instances of one man fighting 15 to 20 persons and knocking down them all, in the past. The system of fencing had met with great praise from all famous fencers who had occasion to witness the demonstration and the organisers say that once the public were convinced of its possibilities to mould, shape and control the human body, the art was sure to catch public imagination.

A resolution was passed deciding upon the tour and a committee of 14 was elected to do the needful in the matter.—United Press.

BENGAL COUNCIL SECRETARY DEAD

CALCUTTA, Oct. 29.

Mr. J. W. McKay, Secretary, Bengal Legislative Council, died this evening from a stroke of paralysis.

Mr. McKay returned from England on October 24 after four months' leave and was due to join duty on October 31. He was suffering from blood pressure for sometime.

He leaves behind his widow two sons and one daughter. Two of the children, a son and the daughter, are in England for their education. His funeral takes place to-morrow morning.—A. P.

His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore as it is learnt, made a donation of Rs. 1,000 to the Indian Association, Berlin, when His Highness was touring in Europe recently.

GOING TO FAIZPUR?

Visitors Urged To Inform R. C. For Proper Arrangements

TILAKNAGAR, (Faizpur) Oct. 29.

The General Secretary of the Reception Committee of the 50th session of the Indian National Congress, announces that all the delegates and visitors who wish to attend the Indian National Congress session at Faizpur and who want accommodation in the Congress Camp should send their addresses and intimate the Reception Committee of their desire to stay in the Camp, before the 30th of November.

He says: "This is very necessary to facilitate the work here. Otherwise the Construction Department might be put to unnecessary expenditure in case their estimates are not justified. All persons seeking accommodation in the Camp are advised to intimate the Reception Committee so that seats might be reserved for them and they might not be put to any inconvenience in the nick of time.

Camp Only Place

"Delegates and visitors should please note that as there are no towns near about where accommodation can be secured at any time, they should in their own interests, make it a point to stay in the Camp. In case they fail to inform the Reception Committee and secure accommodation, the Reception Committee is not responsible for their inconvenience.

"The facilities we are going to provide for all those who will stay here will be as satisfactory as they normally are on all such occasions. The village Congress is in no way going to be an excuse for inefficient management. All delegates and visitors are requested to send an advance of Rs. 2 each and reserve their seats. No decent accommodation is available anywhere near about our Camp, and it is for this reason that we have thought for arranging for such a vast number of visitors. Everyone should send the advance and help the Reception Committee in their work."—United Press.

Conditions Normal

Bombay Government Refute Exaggerated Reports

The Director of Information, Bombay, writes:

In view of the misleading reports which, it is understood, are current up-country regarding the situation in Bombay City, the Government of Bombay desires to point out that all public services are running as usual, that all markets are open and that the business and commercial life of the City is proceeding under normal conditions.

CHINESE IN BURMA

Nanking Officials To Study Conditions And Report

RANGOON, Oct. 30.

Mr. Leeposeng, Commissioner for Overseas Affairs to the National Government of Nanking and Mr. Longwei, Inspector of Education to the National Government, Nanking, arrived here from China yesterday. They were received by the Chinese Consul at Rangoon and prominent Chinese citizens residing here.

The object of their visit is to study the condition of the Chinese people residing in Burma and their educational problems in this country and to establish relationship between them and their mother country.

After a few days' stay here the visitors will return to China and submit a report to the National Government.—United Press

BEWARE OF SEPARATIST TENDENCY

U. P. Minister's Advice To Depressed Classes

LUCKNOW, October 30.

The third Educational Conference of the Depressed Classes of the United Provinces opened in Lucknow to-day Sir Jawala Prasad Srivastava, Minister of Education who presided was presented with an address of welcome.

Replying to it, Sir Jawala Prasad sounded a note of warning against the "separatist" tendency of the Depressed Classes.

Referring to their plea for separate schools, the Minister said:—"I would like to impress upon you on two fundamental principles, which you must never lose sight of. The first is your objective. Custom and tradition have conspired to isolate you from the rest of the community. You must not succumb to the temptation of perpetuating or extending that isolation by insisting on separate educational and other institutions. Your children have equal right with children of other classes for a place in Government or "aided" schools. You must assert that right, and we will support your claim. Your goal and ours is the stage, when the need for special protection and measures ceases and the Depressed Classes are able to take their rightful place among other communities without any props."—United Press

For Safety Of Indians In Chinese Turkistan

KARACHI, Oct. 29.

Mr. Lalchand Nawalrai, M.L.A., in the course of a letter to Sir Aubrey Metcalfe, Foreign Secretary to the Government of India, about the welfare and safety of Shikarpuri merchants in Chinese Turkistan, writes:

"A report has been published in the "Statesman" that 13 Shikarpuri merchants doing business in Chinese Turkistan were killed in the last of the civil wars with which that country is too frequently afflicted. May I request you to know if this is a fact and what protective measures Government have taken to vouchsafe the welfare and safety of the Indians, particularly of Shikarpur Sindhis in Chinese Turkistan. The Shikarpur merchants are anxious to know the full facts on this point and I shall be thankful to you for your throwing light on this matter at your earliest convenience."—United Press.

Muzaffarpur Prepares For Music Conference

(From A Correspondent).

MUZAFFARPUR, Oct. 30.

Arrangements for holding the eighth session of the All-India Music Conference at Muzaffarpur from November 4 to November 8 are completed. Loud-speakers and flash-lights have been fitted in a spacious pandal with special accommodation for ladies.

Maharajadhiraja Sir Kameshwar Singh Bahadur of Darbhanga will preside.

Federation Futilities

Truth Behind Tussle Between Two Groups

By "Chronicle" Special Representative

BOMBAY, Friday.

This week in Bombay began with the arrival of Ministers and Princes and their Retinue from most of the Indian States in India. Bombay has been hearing a good deal during the last few days about the doings of both the Princes and the Ministers regarding the Instrument of Accession to the Indian Federation.

Since it is only their discussions about amendments to the Instrument of Accession that the powers-that-be, want publicity to be given to, the Press representatives, are sometimes forced to shut their eyes to certain more important things that have been happening behind the scenes.

A few gentlemen, who have been in the public eye and belonging to different parts of India and outwardly have nothing to do with the Indian States, are doing their bit in this respect.

Men Who Deliver The Goods

What went on at the Town Hall during the last three days among the various Ministers of Indian States was the discussion of amendments, proposed to the Instrument of Accession and the reservations and limitations before the States should agree to enter the Indian Federation.

It can be taken that all the Ministers that attended the Conference were of one opnion and approved of the suggestions, with very minor changes.

But these ministers are not the people who deliver the goods. The people who might be expected to deliver the goods were outside in the Palaces and Hotels in the City. What were they doing?

Two Groups

There are two definite groups of Princes and Ministers, who comprise the Chamber of Princes and other bodies connected with it. From talks overheard it appears that the group at present in power wants to retain it while the other wants to supplant the present group and seize power.

Why Federate?

According to the existing arrangement, the Princes are directly responsible to the Crown, being the supreme authority. After the States Federate, the Federal authority is final as far as the federal subjects in the States are concerned. It would appear that the British Government do not want to make a clear statement as to their paramount authority regarding the other subjects. They want to leave it as vague as before.

The attitude of some of the States is, why should the States Federate if the result was to be that they would have two masters, without any benefit to themselves. This is a point on which an issue might be raised at the Conference and since many might want the question of paramountcy clearly defined beforehand, before they could usefully discuss the amendments to the Draft Instrument of Accession, the Conference might adjourn to get a clear Statement on the point, although the British Government have said time and again that there could not be any definition of Paramountcy and that it will remain as vague as before, meaning that the British Government will interfere with the State's administration whenever they think fit, even with the slightest cause.

This is what is gathered from the talks and whisperings that have been in progress at the Taj Mahal Hotel.

LAHORE EDITOR SENT TO JAIL

Clear Case Of Contempt Of Court, Says Judge

LAHORE, Oct. 30.

A full bench of the Lahore High Court consisting of Chief Justice Young Justice Addison and Monroe convicted Syed Inayatullah Shah, Editor, printer and publisher of "Siyasat" for contempt of High Court in respect of articles criticising the actions of the official liquidator of the people's Bank, Northern India (in liquidation) and sentenced him to two months imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 1,000 and Rs. 150 costs.

He is to remain in prison after serving his two months sentence until the fines are paid. In reply to the Court's question counsel for accused said that his client refused to apologise as he believed that what was written was true and that he had not committed contempt.

AFFIDAVIT.

In his affidavit Mr. Inayatullah said that the jurisdiction to try persons for contempt of themselves was only vested in the supreme courts in the presidency towns of Calcutta, Madras and Bombay and the Lahore High Court had no such jurisdiction. He wished to give evidence to prove the facts relating to his knowledge and belief that the official liquidator had disobeyed the express orders of the court. He maintained that the translation of the article was faulty and offered evidence in substantiation. The court held that evidence of neither nature was needed as the article constituted a clear case of contempt.

The Government Advocate asked for a severe sentence on the ground that the accused refused to apologise and because this was not the first offence of this paper.

COUNSEL WARNED.

When the accused's counsel in his reply was touching upon the position of the court 'vis-a-vis' contempt of itself, the judges warned counsel that he himself was coming very near contempt and warned him, whereupon counsel expressed his regret.—A. P.

GOOD-BYE TO AGE-OLD PRACTICE

Mysore Ruler Discards Caste Conventions

MYSORE, (By Mail)

A departure from the old and traditional practice was made by H. H. the Maharaja, when Harijans, for the first time in the annals of Mysore, were admitted into the palace for the durbar.

They were given the honours conferred on members of other communities. They were seated along with other invitees and garlanded and given 'pan-supari'.

It might be recalled that Mr. G. D. Birla, when he was here last year, had a discussion with the Maharaja on this subject and it was then understood that His Highness was favourably disposed towards this question.—United Press.

ORDER ON CONGRESS SOCIALIST

TRICHINOPOLY, Oct. 29.

The Sub-Divisional Magistrate of Trichinopoly has issued a notice on Mr. Thiruvengadam, a member of the Congress Socialist Party, that he intentionally disseminated seditious matter by singing five songs and that Magistrate was satisfied there was sufficient ground for taking action against him under section 108 Cr. P. C.

Mr. Thiruvengadam has been asked to appear before the Magistrate on November 2, and show cause why he should not be bound over for good behaviour for one year.—United Press.

EDGAR WALLACE'S DETECTIVE STORY DAY BY DAY

Inspector Wade—

Mystery Of The "Red Aces"

BUT-- WHAT GOOD IS A FAN?
I THINK IT MAY HELP TO COOL MACHFIELD OFF!
10-2
SEE IF IT WILL REACH INTO THE CENTER OF THE ROOM, FACING THE DOOR--- I'LL WATCH THAT MACHFIELD DOESN'T TRY ANYTHING!
IT REACHES!- PERFECT! NOW GET ALL THE PILLOWS YOU CAN FIND!
FAN? PILLOWS? -- WHAT DO THEY THINK THIS IS --- A PILLOW FIGHT?
LYMAN ANDERSON
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